

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

DATE: 10/18/55

FROM : SAC, PHILADELPHIA (65-4331)

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - RALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/96 BY 3042 PLO/JP

Re: Remylet 12/27/54, and bulet 1/11/55, relating to further contacts and interviews with DAVID GREENGLASS.

Reference is also made to SAC Letter #55-4, dated 1/18/55, and, more particularly, paragraph L thereof, wherein it was stated that under no circumstances should exploratory leads be set out to contact GREENGLASS.

A request has been received from HENRY T. KAMEN, Acting Chief, Investigations Branch, INS, Philadelphia, Pa., for permission to contact GREENGLASS for the purpose of determining whether or not he will cooperate with the INS. Mr. KAMEN advised on 10/12/55, that the purpose of the contact was to determine whether it would be possible to develop GREENGLASS as an informant for general use by INS. KAMEN stated that his Service did not have any particular case in mind but wanted to determine if GREENGLASS could be developed as a general informant.

Mr. KAMEN was informed that this matter should be taken up by his central office with Bureau headquarters.

RECORDED - 6 65-59028-438

52 NOV 14 1955

(2BU, 1PH)

OCT 19 1955



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

Mr. Tolson *Herbst*

DATE: October 22, 1955

FROM :

L. B. Nichols *LBN*

SUBJECT:

DAVID GREENGLASS

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Nichols	_____
Belmont	_____
Harbo	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Sizoo	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

X D.C.
 Jack Steele of the Scripps-Howard papers had heard that Greenglass had been transferred to Danbury, Connecticut, and was about to be released. He wanted to get in touch with him with the view of doing a story which could be used against the Rosenbergs, et al. *Prof. J.*

After checking, I told Steele that Greenglass was still in the Federal penitentiary in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, and would not be eligible for parole until February, 1956; that he had not been sent to Danbury as this was contrary to prison regulations.

cc: Mr. Boardman
 Mr. Belmont
 LBN:arm
 (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12/2/86 BY 3046 PLOT/lfu

RECORDED - 72

INDEXED - 72

65-59028-439

10 OCT 28 1955

66 NOV 1 1955

EX-121

V 30 UN 23

CRIME REC

F233

203

CONFIDENTIAL

Boardman
Belmont
Lee
Liaison

Assistant Attorney General (orig. & 1)
William F. Tompkins

November 3, 1955

11-19-86

Director, FBI

65-59028-440

DAVID GREENGLASS, with aliases
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-2-83 BY 1698 RFP/ka
CAMP #55-26

EX-118
RECORDED - 25

Information has been received that Henry T. Kanen, Acting Chief, Investigation Branch, Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, requested permission of our Philadelphia office on October 18, 1955, to contact David Greenglass at the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania. Mr. Kanen advised the purpose of such contact would be to ascertain if Greenglass would cooperate with INS and if he could be developed as an informant for general use by that Service. Mr. Kanen stated he had no particular case in mind.

Greenglass is now serving a fifteen-year term for conspiracy to commit espionage and will probably become eligible for parole in early 1956. Harry Gold, admitted Soviet agent, is also serving a thirty-year term in that prison. By memorandum of January 11, 1955, you were advised that Warden Wilkinson of that prison advised that anti-Communist feeling among the prisoners was strong and that he felt further interviews of Greenglass and Gold might intensify the feelings of other prisoners toward these two men. You were also advised we were taking steps to have such interviews conducted as infrequently as possible. Instructions were issued to all our offices on January 18, 1955, to restrict interviews of Gold and Greenglass to important matters and during such interviews any routine inquiries should also be handled. Thus, the frequency of interviews has been reduced.

In view of the statement of Warden Wilkinson and the steps we have taken to reduce the frequency of such interviews, it is believed any exploratory interview of Greenglass by the INS would be inadvisable while he is an inmate of the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg.

The above is furnished for your information. In the event you receive any further inquiries from INS, you will be advised.

Tolson
Boardman
Nichols
Belmont
Mohr
Parsons
Ladd
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tracy
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

65-59028

NOV 18 1955

CC-65-57449 (Gold)

cc-1-Philadelphia (Info)

NOV 7 1955

COMM-FBI

996

JPL:emb (60)

emb), same caption.

FBI
NOV 11 1955

Immigration and Naturalization Service

JAB/DVN

NOTE: SEE MEMO BELMONT
TO BOARDMAN 11/2/55 (JPL:eh,
emb), same caption.

WAS

706

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman *lvb*

FROM : A. H. Belmont *AH*

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS, was.
ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: Nov. 2, 1955

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

By attached letter dated 10/18/55, the Philadelphia office advised that Acting Chief, Immigration & Naturalization Service (INS), Philadelphia, requested permission to interview the subject to determine if he could be developed as an informant for general use by INS. INS stated it has no particular case in mind. Philadelphia advised local INS office to handle this matter through the Central Office, contacting the Bureau.

Greenglass is now serving a 15-year term in U.S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., for conspiracy to commit espionage and probably will be eligible for parole in early 1956. Harry Gold, admitted Soviet agent, is also serving a 30-year term in that prison. By letter of 12/27/54 the Warden, Lewisburg Penitentiary, advised that anti-Communist feeling in the prison was strong and he felt frequent interviews might intensify the feelings against Gold and Greenglass. It is noted this is the prison in which William Remington was incarcerated until he was killed on 11/22/54 by three other inmates. By letter 1/11/55 Philadelphia was instructed to reduce the frequency of interviews with Greenglass and Gold. SAC Letter 55-4 (L) informed all offices of this restriction and instructed no exploratory leads were to be set out to interview these men. By memo 1/11/55 Assistant Attorney General Tompkins was advised of the Warden's statements and that we were taking steps to reduce the frequency of the interviews.

ACTION: There is attached for your approval a letter to the Assistant Attorney General, William F. Tompkins, with a copy for INS, advising him of the inquiry received from INS and of our restrictions on the interviews of Greenglass and that it is believed inadvisable for INS to conduct any exploratory interviews.

JPL:eh;emb
65-59028

CC: Boardman
Belmont
Lee
(5) Liaison

EX-118
RECORDED - 2565-59028 440

NOV 9 1955

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 8-2-83 BY 1678 REP/ab

COMP # 56, 261

205

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: December 1, 1955

FROM : MR. C. E. Hennrich

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

Tolson	
Board	
Nichols	
Belmont	
Harbo	
Mohr	
Parsons	
Rosen	
Tamm	
Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Holloman	
Gandy	

Supervisor Tom McAndrews called from New York on December 1, 1955. He advised that former Special Agent John Harrington who handled much of the investigation in the Greenglass case has been contacted by Ruth Greenglass, subject David Greenglass' wife. Ruth states that David Greenglass will be up for parole in January and she requested Harrington to act as David Greenglass' parole advisor. Harrington has advised the New York Office that he is not particularly desirous of accepting responsibility of acting as Greenglass' parole advisor; however, he stated that if it will be to the Bureau's advantage in any respect, he will be glad to do so.

Both Ruth and David Greenglass have cooperated with the Bureau both during the investigation and during the trial. They played an important role in the successful prosecution of the subjects in the Rosenberg case. Former Agent Harrington handled the interviews with them and was in almost daily contact with them for a long period of time.

It would be desirable to have a parole advisor for Greenglass who would have the proper interest in Greenglass at heart and who would not become involved in any sense with the still active Communist groups who are attempting to make propaganda out of the Rosenberg case. While Harrington offering to act in capacity of parole advisor would meet the problem of seeing that Greenglass is properly advised it could give the Communist forces a basis for charging that since Harrington is an ex-Agent the FBI is still attempting to retain control of Greenglass. McAndrews states that former AUSA James Kilsheimer was active in prosecution of the Rosenberg case. He is now in private practice of law and would undoubtedly have an interest in Greenglass and might well be willing to act as parole advisor.

RECORDED-75

INDEXED-75

CEH:bmw (5)

cc - Mr. Belmont
Mr. Hennrich
Mr. Branigan
Mr. Tully

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/86 BY 3062 PWT/TW

DEC 8 1955

206

Memorandum for Mr. Belmont

RECOMMENDATION:

It is believed highly desirable that in the event Greenglass receives parole that he has a parole advisor who will not allow him to get in the clutches of Communist groups such as the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Both of the Greenglasses have been of great benefit to the Government and it is felt that we should help out in this matter if it can be done discreetly.

It is recommended that we instruct the New York Office to advise former Agent Harrington that the Bureau does not desire to ask him to act in the capacity of parole advisor for subject Greenglass.

It is further recommended that the New York Office be instructed to discreetly contact Kilsheimer to see if he desires to act in such capacity for Greenglass and if so the New York Office suggest to Ruth Greenglass that she may desire to contact him. If this action is approved, New York will be instructed to handle this matter discreetly so that the Bureau will not be identified as attempting to intervene in the designation of parole advisor for Greenglass.

OK.
K
Tom McAndrews, NYO,
advised & approved
action. 12-2-55
LHM

- 2 -

207

cc-Mr. Lee

SAC, New York (65-15366) (orig. & 1)

December 7, 1955

EX-122

RECORDED-75

Director, FBI (65-59028)

65-59028-441
DAVID GREENGLASS, was.
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/86 BY 3042 PTH/vb

*Low
pr. 447*

Reference is made to the telephone call from Supervisor Thomas McAndrews of your office on 12/1/55 advising that former SA John A. Harrington had been contacted by the subject's wife and that she had requested Harrington to act as subject's parole adviser on his (Greenglass') release from prison in January, 1956.

The following is to confirm the Bureau telephone call made to Supervisor McAndrews 12/2/55. While it is desirable to have a parole adviser for Greenglass who would have his best interests at heart and would not become involved with any Communist group attempting to make propaganda out of the Rosenberg case, it is felt the use of Harrington, an ex-FBI agent, could give Communist groups a basis for charging the FBI is still trying to retain control over Greenglass. Harrington should be advised the Bureau does not desire that he act as parole adviser for Greenglass.

You should discreetly contact former Assistant U. S. Attorney James Kilsheimer, who participated in the prosecution of the Rosenberg case and is now engaged in private practice of law in New York City, and determine if he desires to act in such capacity. If he desires to do so you should suggest to Ruth Greenglass that she may wish to contact Mr. Kilsheimer in this regard. This matter should be handled discreetly in order that the Bureau will not be identified as attempting to intervene in the designating of a parole adviser for Greenglass.

JPL:emb (4)

NOTE: Harrington advised NYO he is not particularly desirous of accepting the responsibility of acting as parole adviser, however, he stated if it will be to the Bureau's advantage in any respect he would be glad to do so.

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Egan _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

DEC 8

15 53 11 22

COMM-FBI

DEC 12 1955
MAILED 20

DEC 9 1955

RECEIVED - BOSTON

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

WAB
RAC

208

Office Memo

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BOARDMAN

DATE: December 9, 1955

Tolson

Boardman

Nichols

Belmont

Mohr

Parsons

Rosen

Tamm

Sizoo

Winterrowd

Tele. Room

Holloman

Gandy

FROM : MR. BELMONT

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS, was.
ESPIONAGE - R

On December 1, 1955, the New York Office was advised by former Special Agent John Harrington that he had been contacted by Ruth Greenglass, the subject's wife, to inquire if he, Harrington, would act as David Greenglass' parole adviser, if David Greenglass is paroled in January, 1956. Harrington, while not particularly desirous of accepting the responsibility, stated that he would be willing to so act if it would be to the Bureau's advantage.

In view of the desirability for Greenglass having a parole adviser who would not let him get in the clutches of Communist groups, the New York Office was instructed to discreetly contact former Assistant U. S. Attorney James Kilsheimer, who was active in the prosecution of the Rosenberg case, to see if he desired to act as parole adviser for Greenglass and if agreeable, New York was instructed to discreetly contact Ruth Greenglass and suggest she get in touch with Kilsheimer. Former SA Harrington would not be an acceptable parole adviser since his former connection with the FBI might lead to a charge by the Communists that the FBI is still trying to obtain control of Greenglass. New York was instructed to advise Harrington the Bureau does not desire him to act as parole adviser.

Supervisor Thomas McAndrews called today and advised that Kilsheimer had been discreetly contacted and that he was entirely agreeable to act as parole adviser for Greenglass. McAndrews advised that Ruth Greenglass was also agreeable and was going to be in contact with Kilsheimer. Former SA Harrington has been advised that the Bureau does not desire him to act as parole adviser, to which he is perfectly agreeable.

ACTION:

No further action is necessary. The parole hearings will come up in January and if it is decided to grant parole to Greenglass, the Board will inquire from him who he desires to act as his adviser at which time Mrs. Greenglass will submit the name of James Kilsheimer.

WAB:hmm

(4)

cc: Boardman
Belmont
Branigan

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/86 BY 107

DEC 13 1955

209

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition in Rosenberg 65-58236-2248.

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028-NR 4-9-56

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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. L. V. Boardman

DATE: 4/25/56

Tolson
Boardman
Nichols
Belmont
Harbo
Mohr
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
 Sizoo
Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R
Bureau File: 65-59028

HARRY GOLD
ESPIONAGE - R
Bureau File: 65-57449

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-80 BY 3042/RW/CS

Mr. Nichols by memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated 4-23-56 advised Ben Mandel of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee furnished a list of 39 prospective witnesses on which the home and business addresses were requested. Included in this group were nine people who were involved in the cases dealing with David Greenglass and Harry Gold. Both Greenglass and Gold are confessed Soviet agents and are presently in the Federal Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania. Seven of the nine people have been interviewed by the Bureau. The eighth person died in 1939 and the ninth person declined an interview.

RECOMMENDATION:

No action indicated regarding the nine prospective witnesses involved in the Greenglass and Gold cases. There is attached for your information a brief statement regarding each of these nine prospective witnesses.

ENCLOSURE

EX-109

Enclosure:

Tickers: Nichols
Boardman
Belmont
Branigan
Jensen

RECORDED-41

EX-109

MAY 1 1956

TPLEGJ:REP
(7)

MAY 7 1956
MAY 10 1956

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 65-57449

The following nine people have been subject of past Bureau investigations. All have been interviewed by the Bureau with the exception of Briggs who died in 1939 and Page who declined to be interviewed.

PAUL WILLIAMS is an aeronautical engineer for whom Julius Rosenberg worked following graduation from engineering school in 1939. Williams denied being involved in espionage activities.

MARK PAGE, with alias Marcus Pogarsky, and his wife, Stella, were long time acquaintances of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, executed Soviet agents. Ruth Greenglass, wife of David, said Rosenberg told her he attempted to recruit Page into espionage and was upset by Page's refusal. Page refused to be interviewed by agents on December 15, 1950, and again on February 18 and March 12, 1953. On January 31 and February 7, 1951, he refused to answer questions before a Federal grand jury.

DR. HENRY LINSCHITZ is a scientist who was employed at Los Alamos 1943-46. David Greenglass included his name on list of personnel he furnished Gold or Rosenberg as possible espionage recruits. Linschitz admitted knowing Greenglass but denied espionage.

FRED HELLER, a mutual friend of Thomas Black and Harry Gold, confessed Soviet agents; admitted furnishing technical information to the Soviets in 1934. He denied any contact with Soviets since 1934. He has denied espionage.

THOMAS BLACK in 1950 admitted being involved in Soviet espionage and that he introduced Gold to his (Gold's) first Soviet espionage superior. The Department in 1953 advised no prosecutive action being taken against Black.

VERONICA KANE, with aliases Vera Kane, was a close acquaintance of both Heller and Black. Kane in the mid-thirties typed technical information that Heller and Black had procured for the Soviet Union. She has denied knowing this information was destined for the Soviet Union.

ABRAHAM BROTHMAN has been identified by both Elizabeth T. Bentley and Harry Gold as having been involved in Soviet espionage activities. Brothman was convicted in November, 1950, of conspiracy to obstruct justice. He served his sentence in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta and was released in November, 1952.

RICHARD BRIGGS, who died in 1939, according to Alfred Dean Slack, confessed Soviet agent, was the person who introduced Slack to Gail Ovakimian, a known Soviet espionage agent. Slack through his association with Briggs met Ovakimian and at a later date Harry Gold.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-80 BY 3042/PWT/cl5

65-59028-443
ENCLOSURE

BENJAMIN SMILG during interviews in 1950 admitted Harry Gold contacted him while he was employed at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio. Smilg denied espionage. Gold in interviews has stated his Soviet superiors suggested he contact Smilg and get information from him in the late 1930's. Gold stated Smilg never gave him any information. Smilg was indicted for perjury in November, 1952, on the basis of statements he made before a Loyalty-Security Hearing Board at Wright Patterson Air Force Base. The trial of Smilg began on June 13, 1955. On June 18, 1955, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

XXXXXX
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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

 Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

8

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition in Gold 65-57449-872

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028-445

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 X FOR THIS PAGE X
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214
FBI/DOJ

SAC, Philadelphia (65-4331) (Orig. & 1)

May 11, 1956

Director, FBI (65-50000)

CC-Boardman
Belmont
Nichols
Lee

DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/12/81 BY SP8/BJP/10/11/81

8744

The subject appeared before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on 4/27/56 and testified relative to his espionage activities. He stated that he had turned over to the committee in executive session a list of 20 to 25 names of persons he felt were possible espionage recruits and that he had previously turned over such a list to Julius Rosenberg.

In response to a question concerning persons who had left the United States, Greenglass stated:

"Well, he didn't tell me of any other scientists, but I did learn of them in this manner. There were, you see -- the way I learned it was this. You see, one of the names of these 25 on this list is a well-known scientist who is a full professor at a New York State college, and --"

Mr. Morris: "You are not going to mention his name, now?"

Greenglass: "I won't mention his name. And Joel Barr had a friend who was also an espionage agent. This friend approached the professor with a letter of introduction. Now, I know nothing about this except where I have learned this from the FBI later on."

"Using this name that I had given to the Russians, he was taken in as a long-lost prodigal son, and was given the job at this university of project engineer on a cyclotron being built at this time. This friend, on the same day that I was arrested, this friend was approached by the FBI, and he refused to go with them without a warrant, and when they came back with a warrant at five o'clock, he had gone, and subsequently they don't know where he is."

"That is as far as I know about that."

RECORDED-125

1 - New York (info.) (65-15306)

SEE COVER MEMO Belmont to Boardman, same caption, 5/8/56 (JPL:stu)

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

JPL:emb (8)

MAY 17 1956

65-59028-446
MAY 11 1956
WAB:pm
JH

215

8745

SAC, Philadelphia

C. J. 1/1
This appears to be a garbled version of the flight of
Alfred Sargent from the U.S. The professor to whom Greenglass
is referring is believed to be Professor Hans Bethe who was
at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, at that time. You
should immediately reinterview subject and determine what he
meant by the foregoing statement that he learned this from
the FBI Inter. on. He should be asked the identities of the
persons to whom he was referring in this statement and, further,
who the FBI agents were who told this to him. Greenglass should
be questioned closely concerning this matter since his state-
ments are not a correct summation of the Sargent case.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

Communist Political Association, having met Julius and Ethel Rosenberg through Joel Barr and that Rosenberg propositioned him but stated "he didn't bite." Sarant allowed Agents to search his home on July 19 and 20, 1950. No warrant was obtained for his arrest. In August, 1950, in company with Dayton's wife, Sarant disappeared, and Sarant and Mrs. Dayton are known to have been in Mexico on August 13, 1950. His present location is not known.

Due to the inaccuracy of the statements of Greenglass, it is not believed likely that he obtained this information from FBI Agents. It is possible he reconstructed the above information from certain questions which may have been asked him as well as reading in the newspapers. It is noted Mrs. Sarant appeared before a public session of the McCarthy Committee and while she claimed the Fifth Amendment, the nature of the questions asked would provide certain information. Further, Weldon Bruce Dayton is attempting to obtain a passport to India and brought an action in the District Court to force the State Department to issue this passport. The denial of the State Department was upheld in the District Court with attendant newspaper publicity.

RECOMMENDATION:

1) Since Greenglass has stated he furnished a list of 20-25 names to the Committee in Executive Session, it is suggested that Mr. Nichols obtain a transcript of the testimony given by Greenglass in the Executive Session when these names were furnished in order to compare these names with the 18 names he furnished the Bureau. It is believed Greenglass testified in Executive Session on some date prior to April 26.

WCB: DSK
2) There is attached a letter to Philadelphia instructing that Greenglass be reinterviewed regarding his statement that he obtained information from the FBI.

mm
D
K
JH
PH

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

DATE: 5-28-56

FROM : SAC, PHILADELPHIA (65-4331)

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - RReBulet 5-11-56. *ser 446.*

DAVID GREENGLASS, inmate, USP, Lewisburg, Pa., advised SA WAYNE G. HUNT on 5-17-56 that in his testimony before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on 4-27-56, he was referring to Professor HANS BETHE, Cornell University, as the well known Scientist and to ALFRED SARANT as the friend of JOE BARR.

Regarding the statement, "Now I know nothing about this except where I have learned this from the FBI later on", GREENGLASS stated he meant he had no knowledge of this matter until after his arrest and the subsequent interviews by FBI agents in New York City. Following his arrest, GREENGLASS added, he was questioned extensively by different agents on numerous occasions regarding many people and many incidents. It is GREENGLASS's recollection that SARANT's name was mentioned as an espionage agent on whom he might have information. GREENGLASS stated at first that his version of the attempted arrest of SARANT resulted from information furnished to him by the agents during interviews, but later admitted that part of it may have resulted from his own deductions based on information that formed part of the questioning, as well as information he possibly overheard.

Regarding his testimony that "This friend approached the professor with a letter of introduction", GREENGLASS stated this was mostly supposition on his part as a logical way to make such a contact. He also indicated his testimony, "Using this name . . . at this time," was also mostly supposition on his part.

GREENGLASS claimed he is unable to remember the names of FBI agents and others who interviewed him regarding specific individuals or matters, such as ALFRED SARANT or the HANS BETHE matter. GREENGLASS could not attribute any particular bit of information to any individual.

It is pointed out that GREENGLASS has been interrogated by representatives of Senate committees as well as by the FBI and it is

2 - Bu (65-59028) (RM)
1 - NY (65-15366) (info) (RM)
1 - Ph (65-4331)

WGH:anc
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/86 BY 3042/ur/llh

MAY 29 1956

65-59028-447

RECORDED - 96
INDEXED - 96

*Memo Transmitted to Belmont
6-12-56
JPL*

2107

DIRECTOR, FBI 5-28-56
RE: DAVID GREENGLASS, ESPIONAGE - R

possible that if information was actually imparted to him it may have come in the course of interrogation by Senate investigators without GREENGLASS now being able to specify the source or time.

GREENGLASS advised that prior to his testimony, he told Mr. MORRIS of the Subcommittee that some of the information in his possession was not of his own knowledge but was obtained when interviewed by the FBI. Mr. MORRIS told him that FBI files were secret but for him to testify as to what he had learned from the FBI as this was a good way to disseminate such information to the public.

GREENGLASS concluded by saying that he was "scared" and "very nervous" during the time he was giving testimony and may have said some things which did not make too much sense. He claimed that this situation upset him both before and after his testimony, especially since his wife was discharged from her position as a result of his testimony because her employer did not want to receive any publicity.

SA HUNT noted during interview that since he testified under oath, GREENGLASS appeared to wish to vouch for the accuracy of what he had said even though he may not now be too sure whether the information came from his own deduction or assumption after being questioned by agents, or whether it was something he might have overheard while being questioned, and that he appeared to be reluctant to discuss his statement in detail.

Since GREENGLASS was recently denied parole and since in his testimony before the Subcommittee he indicated that the FBI imparted information to him, the possibility exists that GREENGLASS may have exaggerated his testimony in order to make a better impression on the Subcommittee with the thought in mind that the Subcommittee might effect an earlier release for him. RUC.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: 5-8-56

FROM : A. H. Belmont

Tickers: Boardman
Belmont
Nichols

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 5/21/84 BY SP1M/dfg

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On April 27, 1956, David Greenglass, admitted Soviet agent, now serving 15-year term in penitentiary, testified before Senate Internal Security Subcommittee concerning his part in the Julius Rosenberg espionage ring.

Review of this testimony reflects he related his role in obtaining information about atomic bomb from Los Alamos at the request of Rosenberg, and turning this information over to Rosenberg and Harry Gold. He told he prepared a list for Rosenberg of 20-25 names of scientists working in Los Alamos who, in his estimation, were likely recruits for espionage. Greenglass stated he turned such a list over to the FBI, and Robert Morris, counsel for the Committee, stated Greenglass told the Committee in Executive Session of the identities of some of these persons. It is noted during interview of Greenglass in 1950-51 he furnished to the Bureau the names of 18 persons which he said he turned over to Rosenberg as likely recruits. All 18 persons were identified, interviewed and denied participation in any espionage activity.

Greenglass also told the Committee a garbled version of what is believed to be the flight of Alfred Sarant from the U.S. He said one of the names on the list of 25 persons is a full professor at a New York State College and that Joel Barr (member of Rosenberg ring) had a friend who was also an espionage agent. He said Barr's friend approached the professor with a letter of introduction and was given a position as a project engineer on a cyclotron being built at that time. He continued Barr's friend was approached by the FBI on the day of his, Greenglass's, arrest and he refused to accompany the FBI and when the FBI returned with a warrant at 5 p.m. he had gone. Greenglass stated he learned of above from the FBI later on.

It is believed Greenglass was referring to Alfred Sarant as the friend of Joel Barr and Hans Bethe as the professor. Sarant was a member of the Rosenberg network who moved to Ithaca, New York, in 1946 where he became self-employed as a contractor. Sarant's father and mother-in-law were close friends of Dr. Hans Bethe, professor of physics at Cornell University. While living in Ithaca, Sarant also became friendly with Weldon Bruce Dayton, instructor at Cornell University. Sarant was not approached by the FBI on the day of the arrest of Greenglass (6-16-50) and did not refuse to accompany Agents. Sarant was first interviewed on July 19, 1950, at which time he admitted having been a member of the

65-59028
JPL:stw
(5)

53 JUN 19 1956

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

62-8227-1
unrecorded

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson *✓*

FROM : L. B. Nichols *✓*

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS

DATE: 5/29/56

Tolson ☒

Nichols ☒

Boardman ☒

Belmont ☒

Mason ☒

Mohr ☒

Parsons ☒

Rosen ☒

Tamm ☒

Nease ☒

Winterrowd ☒

Tele. Room ☒

Holloman ☒

Gandy ☒

In a previous memorandum, I referred to a conversation with Robert Morris wherein Morris stated that Greenglass either had or was to give them the names of 20 individuals. The Domestic Intelligence Division in reviewing the transcript failed to note any such list of names and I, accordingly, talked to Bob Morris on 5/28/56, about the list.

Morris stated that Greenglass was to give the list in Executive Session but that when he finished his testimony he was anxious to leave so the committee did not get the list of 20 names. They contemplate sending someone to Lewisburg to talk to Greenglass in the near future and get the 20 names.

cc - Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont

LBN:fc
(4)

RECORDED - 58

65-59028-449

20 JUN 5 1956

125
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/86 BY 3002007/070

283
50 JUN 12 1956

221

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : A. H. Belmont ^{cc: ~~Belmont~~ Branigan Lee Nichols}

FROM : W. A. Branigan

DATE: June 12, 1956

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

Tolson ☒
Nichols ☒
Boardman ☐
Belmont ☐
Mason ☐
Mohr ☐
Parsons ☐
Rosen ☐
Tamm ☐
Nease ☐
Winterrowd ☐
Tele. Room ☐
Holloman ☐
Gandy ☐

On 4-27-56 Greenglass, admitted Soviet agent, appeared before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee and in the course of his testimony gave a garbled version of the flight of Alfred Sarant, member of the Rosenberg network from the United States without mentioning Sarant's name. Prior to relating this story, Greenglass stated "I know nothing about this except where I have learned this from the FBI later on." He also told of Sarant approaching a professor at a New York State university with a letter of introduction and of being taken in like the prodigal son by the professor.

On 5-17-56 Greenglass was interviewed and stated this information resulted from his own deductions based on information that formed part of the questioning by agents after his arrest as well as information he possibly overheard. Greenglass identified the professor as Hans Bethe, Cornell University, and admitted his testimony on Sarant approaching Bethe with a letter of introduction was supposition on his part. Greenglass said he could not recall the agents who interviewed him nor could he attribute any particular piece of information to any individual.

Greenglass stated he was "scared and very nervous" when he testified and may have said some things which did not make sense. He said he was upset before and after his testimony especially since his wife lost her job since her boss did not want the publicity.

Greenglass stated he told Robert Morris, Committee Counsel, some information he had which was not of his own knowledge but came from the FBI. He stated Morris stated FBI files are secret but told him to testify concerning that information since this was a good way to disseminate the information. It is noted Greenglass has also been questioned by various Congressional committees and it is possible he received the information concerning Sarant in that fashion. Greenglass was reluctant to discuss his testimony in detail with the interviewing agents.

ACTION:

RECORDED - 15 65-59028-450

For your information 20 JUN 15 1956

65-59028
JPL:jdb

(5)

71 JUN 21 1956

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/86 BY 30422/STW

222

TO : W. A. Branigan *WAB*
FROM: J. P. Lee *JPL*

9/25/56

O
DAVID GREENGLASS
ESP-R

put
Captioned case has been reviewed and careful consideration given to the advisability of any re-interviews, interviews or other action which may now appear warranted. In the event such now appears desirable, necessary action is being initiated.

Bureau file: 65-59028

Green

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12/2/86 BY 2012 PWT/lfw

65-59028-

NOT RECORDED

18 SEP 25 1956

SP

139
60 SEP 25 1956

233

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. NICHOLS

DATE: 2-4-57

FROM : L. E. SHORT

SUBJECT: SUMMARIES OF SOVIET ACTIVITIES
IN THE UNITED STATES
Bufile 100-345686

David Greenglass

Tolson _____
Nichols _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Nease _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

We have received 29 volumes (Part 1 through Part 28 and also Part 7-A) of hearings before a Subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary of the United States Senate captioned "Scope of Soviet Activity in the United States." These hearings were held during 1956 and as they were held the Bureau received stenographic transcripts and photostats of the various hearings. As received these have been reviewed, memoranda prepared, and indexing has been done.

In order to file all of these volumes as well as future volumes in this series that may be received, this memorandum should be filed in the above captioned file. Separately, 150 copies of this memorandum on plastiplat are being requisitioned in order that our Classifiers may place a copy in files of individuals on whom the Bureau maintains a separate case file. This will minimize indexing and make our subject matter files more up to date. We do not propose to index individuals in the 29 volumes when we place a copy of this memorandum in their case file.

RECOMMENDATION:

1. That this be referred to the Espionage Section for the attention of Mr. Turner.
2. That the attached requisition for 150 plastiplat copies be approved.

LML:vk
(150)

30 ENCLOSURE

With 60-1111

See 62-88217-1983
for indexed testimony.
See 100-345686-76 encl
Part 21. Pages 1089-1111
for un-indexed copy of
testimony of Greenglass.

165-59028-
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199 FEB 8 1957

64 FEB 12 1957

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DATE 12/2/81 BY 3000 PWT/ghb

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 100-345686-76

ROGGE, ZUCKER, FABRICANT & GORDON

401 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 13, N. Y.

WORTH 6-1800

O. JOHN ROGGE
BENJAMIN ZUCKER
HERBERT J. FABRICANT
MURRAY A. GORDON
ALMA S. FLESCH

Mr. Tamm
Mr. Trotter
Mr. Nease
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman

CABLE ADDRESS
ROFAGOR

June 5, 1957

D.C.

Oct
J. Edgar

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Edgar:

As you know I am counsel to Mrs. David and Ruth Greenglass.
I am sure that you also know that the cooperation of this
couple with the government has been of inestimable value.

N.Y.

I am sure you will further agree with me that those who
cooperate with the government are entitled to considera-
tion for their cooperation, because this will encourage
still others to come forward and help the government.
However, I do not think the United States Board of Parole
fully appreciates this consideration in the instant case.

I should therefore like to come to Washington and have a
brief appointment with you in which to urge upon you to
write a short letter to the Parole Board pointing out to
them David Greenglass' cooperation with the government.

Will you let me hear from you?

David Greenglass

Very sincerely,

[Signature]

O. JOHN ROGGE

D.C.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/2/86 BY 3000001/010

EXP. PROC.

JUN 7 1957

RECORDED - 4

INDEXED - 4

EX-117

JUN 11 1957

to Rogge
12-57
L: jdh
let to Rogge
cc AAG
6-12-57 JPL: jdh

[Signature]

225

cc - Board
Bannon
Lee

S.T.
esd

Mr. William P. Rogers
Deputy Attorney General

(orig. & 1)

June 12, 1957

Director, FBI

DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

65-59028-451

RECORDED

EX-117

There is attached a photocopy of a letter which was received from O. John Regge, attorney for David and Ruth Greenglass, pertaining to the application for parole of David Greenglass who is now incarcerated at the Federal Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania.

I have replied to Mr. Regge's letter and informed him this is a matter which would be handled by the Department of Justice and suggested that he might wish to contact the Department relative to this matter. I also informed Mr. Regge that I had furnished a copy of his letter to you and to Mr. Tompkins.

Enclosure

65-59028

cc - 1 - Assistant Attorney General (Enclosure)
William F. Tompkins

FBI - JUSTICE
REC'D REF 70M1

JUN 11 11 53 AM '57

JPL:jdb

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DATE 12/2/86 BY 3062 PWT/llp

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R.A.

JUN 15 5 21 PM '57

JUN 10 2 53 PM '57

DEPT OF JUSTICE
FBI

RECEIVED
JUN 13 1957
FBI

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

MAILED 2
JUN 13 1957
COMM - FBI

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

67 JUN 19 1957

226

GIE

Tolson _____
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 Trotter _____
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 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

These Days By George E. Sokolsky

David Greenglass' Parole

APPARENTLY one must be an unrelenting Communist to enjoy the benefit of a favorable decision. Those who served this



Sokolsky

party or the government it represents and broke with it, for one reason or another, and aided the FBI or the Department of Justice or a congressional committee are not even to be given a parole, despite the general tendency of parole boards to be easy on the wicked and to return them to society to do what comes naturally to them.

David Greenglass was the brother of Mrs. Julius Rosenberg who, with her husband, organized the theft of the atom bomb for Soviet Russia. Greenglass and Harry Gold aided the Government in getting a conviction of the Rosenbergs who were no doubt important spies. Each was sentenced to fairly long terms. I have been informed that Greenglass was promised that if he testified truthfully he would only get five years. He got 15. I do not know who made the promise.

He has recently applied for a parole and was turned down. No reason has been given publicly as to why he was turned down. Were Greenglass a Communist, there would be a Committee to Free Greenglass which would collect funds and hire expensive lawyers and make a great noise, but as he was a government witness he gets no such benefits and no such pressure is exerted in his favor.

Also, the way he is being treated must be a discouragement to others who may want to be Government witnesses.

as it is obvious that the Government does not stand behind those who help it win cases against Communists or spies.

JUDGE ROBERT MORRIS, chief counsel of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, who fights Communists and spies professionally, spoke up to the U. S. Board of Parole in favor of David Greenglass. He said that the sentence of 15 years was unjust; that Greenglass cooperated with the FBI from the moment they first approached him.

The question then arises whether these various decisions are related to justice or to policy. I am now engaged in reading all the decisions handed down by the courts in cases involving Communists and find a curious phenomenon, namely, that a sharp change took place in 1953 which was like a sharp knife cutting through a cheese. Apparently, prior to 1953 courts followed one pattern; subsequent to 1953, courts followed another pattern. The line of demarcation is too noticeable to be meaningless and I am now trying to discover whether there was a reason for the shift of attitude. Also, after the 1956 election, no congressional committee has been effective in any anti-Communist activity, not even the experienced House Committee on Un-American Activities.

I AM NOT discussing the rightness or wrongness of the changed attitude but am reporting a state of mind, an attitude, a characteristic of an era. Sen. Joe McCarthy was killed off by the Army-McCarthy hearings and eventually by the act of condemnation, which ultimately destroyed him as a person. Joe would be the last man in the

world to want to be regarded as a martyr. As only his most intimate friends and perhaps objective psychologists can know, Joe was a modest man, perhaps not a little frightened by his success, notoriety or acclaim, as one wishes to state it. At his height he was as important as the President of the United States; at his lowest, he was not even invited to a general and really insignificant White House affair.

The exaggeration of McCarthy's achievements and the vindictiveness after his defeat have had the effect of literally scaring many public figures, particularly Senators, into adopting an apathetic attitude not only to McCarthy's favorite subjects but to anything that may evoke White House displeasure.

Thus, a Senator speaking privately against a measure which he sincerely opposed but which he publicly favored, made the point that opposition to the President offends and embarrasses the President very much, and that once the President has proclaimed his position in a speech or a press conference, a wide difference of opinion, however justified, becomes a personal matter with him and his staff.

(Copyright, 1957, King Features Syndicate, Inc.)

4-1
 Pan
 What are the facts on Greenglass?
 5

Wash. Post and Times Herald ALL
 Wash. News _____
 Wash. Star _____
 N. Y. Herald Tribune _____
 N. Y. Journal-American _____
 N. Y. Mirror _____
 N. Y. Daily News _____
 1967 Times _____
 Daily Worker _____
 The Worker _____
 New Leader _____

RECORDED - 30

EX-131

7/19/57
 Bel to Boardman

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 12/2/86 BY SP8BWT/hk

51 JUL 24 1957

221

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. BOARDMAN

DATE: July 19, 1957

FROM : A. H. BELMONT

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

Tolson _____
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George E. Sokolsky, in his column entitled "These Days" dated 7/19/57 which appeared in the "Washington Post and Times Herald," expressed the view that a person, in order to enjoy the benefits of a favorable decision apparently had to be an unrelenting communist. Sokolsky then referred to the case of David Greenglass, stating that he had been informed Greenglass was promised if he testified truthfully, he would get 5 years; that he got 15 years; and that he, Sokolsky, did not know who made the promise. He added that Greenglass recently applied for parole and was turned down; that no reason was given publicly as to why he was turned down but that had Greenglass been a communist there probably would have been a "committee to free Greenglass."

The Director inquired "What are the facts re Greenglass? H."

David Greenglass was sentenced to 15 years in prison on 4/6/51 by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York after pleading guilty to the charge of conspiracy to commit espionage with Julius Rosenberg, Ethel Rosenberg, Anatolai A. Yakovlev, and Morton Sobell. Greenglass gave testimony which was helpful to the Government in the conviction of the Rosenbergs, and this fact was made known to the court at the time he was sentenced. Greenglass became eligible for parole in February, 1956.

At that time a parole was not granted and on 6/5/57 Mr. O. John Rogge, former Assistant Attorney General and attorney for Greenglass, wrote the Director requesting an appointment with him for the purpose of having the Director write a letter to the parole board, pointing out the cooperation with the Government by Greenglass in the Rosenberg case. This matter was referred to Deputy Attorney General Rogers and Rogge was advised that he might desire to consult the Department relative to this matter.

RECORDED - 47 65-59028-453
 With reference to any possible promises made to Greenglass in exchange for his testimony, our files reflect that on 4/17/51 former Attorney General McInerney of the Department advised Inspector Hennrich that O. John Rogge, Greenglass's attorney, was alleged to have informed Greenglass's mother that he had a "deal" with

65-59028

Tickers: Boardman
 Belmont
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DATE 12/2/86 BY SP4MWT/ltj

57 JUL 26 1957

235

Memo from Belmont to Boardman
Re: DAVID GREENGLASS
65-59028

McInerney whereby Greenglass would be sentenced to 3 years. McInerney stated that as a matter of fact there was no such deal with Rogge; that he had told Rogge that he would see to it that any cooperation furnished by Greenglass to the Government would be called to the attention of the court in connection with Greenglass's sentence; and that this was done. McInerney stated, however, that he was writing a letter recommending that Greenglass be granted parole when he was eligible for it; that he was going to do this since he did not know whether he would be around when Greenglass came up for parole; and that he felt that Greenglass's cooperation had contributed immeasurably to the success of the Rosenberg case. The Director commented at that time, "We will be no party to any 'deals' or recommendations entered into by McInerney."

It appears Sokolsky's information as to consideration to be given Greenglass may have had its origin through the comments of O. John Rogge, Greenglass's attorney.

ACTION:

The above is for your information.

WAB
WAB
LCS
TWR
Q
ST
dm
pen
7

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: July 22, 1957

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

Tolson _____
Nichols _____
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With reference to Mr. Belmont's memorandum of July 19 regarding George Sokolsky's column on the possible parole of David Greenglass, wherein it is speculated that Sokolsky's information has its origin to the comments of O. John Rogge, Greenglass's attorney.

I wish to advise that the Internal Security Subcommittee has been very much exercised over Greenglass for a couple of years ever since he testified. Within the past few weeks with the Supreme Court reversing communist cases, the Internal Security Subcommittee has been agitating on Greenglass. From what Bob Morris has told me, they have made representations to the Department and I am certain that George Sokolsky's column resulted from a discussion with Bob Morris. It does seem to me it would be pretty outrageous for Greenglass, after all he did, to still languish in prison when Fuchs only got 14 years.

LBN:hpf
(4)

cc - Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont

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DATE 4/23/93 BY SP16SK10MS

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DATE 4/23/93 BY SP16SK10MS

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EX-131

JUL 25 1957

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53 JUL 31 1957

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62-89885-
62-88217-

270

See
SAC, San Antonio (65-1584)

August 29, 1957

Director, FBI (65-64538)

UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was.
"Mark" etc.
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/28/86 BY 3040 PWT/alc

Rerep SA Clay Zachry, Jr., made at
San Antonio 8-19-57.

Page 8 of rerep reflects results of
interview of subject during which the subject
discussed the implosion method of setting off
an atomic bomb and said that in the case against
the Sobles, they were accused of passing information
to Russia relating to the implosion process. For
your information, Jack and Myra Soble were not
accused of passing such information. During the
trial of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and Morton Sobell
for conspiracy to commit espionage, the main Government
witness, David Greenglass, testified he had given
Rosenberg information relating to the implosion
method of triggering the atomic bomb. You should
recheck the information furnished by the subject
to determine if he said Sobell, referring to Morton
Sobell, rather than the Sobles, referring to Jack
and Myra Soble. In the event subject did refer
to Sobell, appropriate corrections should be made
in copies of rerep in your office and New York and
the Bureau should be advised.

cc - 1 - New York (65-17275)

165-59028- *uw*
NOT RECORDED
176 SEP 20 1957

EX-126
RECORDED-45

COMM - FBI
1957
MAILED 31

~~65-64538-421~~

19 SEP 17 1957

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Holoman _____
Gandy _____

58 SEP 20 1957

ORIGINAL FILED IN 65-64538-421

231

XXXXXX
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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition in Rosenberg 65-58236-2328

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028-NR 10-14-57

XXXXXX
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XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

COVER LETTER FOR BLOCKED MAIL TOO LARGE FOR FILE

~~RECORDED~~
 THIS SERIAL IS TOO ~~LARGE FOR FILE~~ AND WILL BE CARRIED AS A NOT RECORDED SERIAL
BEHIND THE FILE

THIS SERIAL THE (Date)

October 30, 1957

ISSUE OF THE (Name of the pamphlet)

The People who Hate it
from the

SUBJECT

David Greenglass

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Look Magazine
 Pg 87, 88, 90, 93, 94, 96, 99, 100, 102
 103 and 105

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 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12/2/86 BY 3042 CWT/lf

FILE NUMBER

65-59028-455

71 OCT 31 1957

233

The first real story of the big atomic-bomb plot

THE PEOPLE WHO STOLE IT FROM US



Julius Rosenberg



Ethel Rosenberg



David Greenglass



Harry Gold

Many think they were framed, but a special U. S. report shows positively how these Americans gave Russia the A-bomb

By BILL DAVIDSON

AT 8 P.M. ON FRIDAY, June 19, 1953, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg sat in the Death House at Sing Sing Prison awaiting execution.

Forty miles away, in Union Square, the scene of New York City's left-wing rallies, thousands of Communist-guided Rosenberg sympathizers milled back and forth, singing *Let My People Go*. In Washington, D. C., pro-Communist pickets paraded before the White House, under the watchful eyes of extra details of policemen. In Paris and Rome, organized leftists mobs surged through the streets, yelling the Rosenbergs' innocence.

By 8:25, the Rosenbergs had died in the electric chair, the first Americans ever to be put to death for espionage by an American civil court in peacetime.

That should have ended the most sensational, most controversial spy case in U. S. history. But it didn't. Minutes later, a speaker in

Union Square shouted, "They're gone—but we won't let them die!"

Those defiant words have proved to be prophetic. The Rosenbergs today are mentioned in the Communist press, both here and abroad, far more frequently than they ever were during their trial in 1951. And no less than 10 books have been written about what the Communists call "the American Dreyfus Case," all claiming that the Rosenbergs were railroaded to their deaths. The most important of these books is a 661-page volume, *The Judgment of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg*, written by a left-wing ex-Hollywood scenarist named John Wexley. The Communists quote the Wexley book the way Moslems quote the Koran. Through it, they have succeeded in winning over many well-meaning non-Communists, such as former OWI chief Elinor Davis, who wrote that, after reading the book, he could not believe most of the testimony which condemned the Rosenbergs.

Emboldened by such reactions, the Com-

munist press constantly uses the Wexley book to hurl challenges at the U. S. Government. On June 16, 1957, for example, a lead article in *The Daily Worker* blared: "The Department of Justice has not answered the facts presented by John Wexley in *The Judgment of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg*. It never will because it cannot. The Rosenberg-Sobell case was a frame-up."

The Government is now preparing to refute the Communist charges. For three and a half years, President Eisenhower and the Justice Department ignored the accusations. They believed that Americans had faith in their own jury system (and in the affirming decisions of the finest appeals judges on the U. S. bench). Because of this assumption, they felt that they did not have to reopen the files to prove again that the Rosenbergs were justly convicted. But now—four years after the execution—the clever propaganda of the Communists has so confused many loyal citizens that they are asking themselves: Were the Rosenbergs really guilty?

Consequently, in December, 1956, Attor-

continued



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THE SECRET *continued*

The spy ring was first exposed by a Russian embassy clerk

ney General Herbert Brownell, Jr., ordered Assistant Attorney General William F. Tompkins, the head of the Department of Justice's Internal Security Division, to prepare a full report of the case—including previously unreleased facts. Assigned to the job was Benjamin F. Pollack, a brilliant Harvard Law School graduate and veteran Justice Department attorney. For eight months, Pollack had access to all the FBI files and to all the evidence and testimony in the case. He interviewed witnesses and the men who arrested and prosecuted the Rosenbergs and their co-conspirator, Morton Sobell (now serving a 30-year sentence in Alcatraz). This reporter, who was aided in his research by Government Attorney A. Warren Littman, worked along with Pollack during much of his investigation. Look was given access to the extensive data that went into the Government report, of which this article is an exclusive preview.

THE report proves conclusively that the Rosenbergs were convicted by a powerful chain of interlinking testimony—backed by strong circumstantial evidence—that would be unassailable in any court in the world. It discloses for the first time the atomic secrets transmitted to the Russians by the Rosenbergs. It reveals new information—such as the fact that there were seven other known American members of the spy ring, two of whom have now disappeared behind the Iron Curtain.

Most important of all, the Government's report breaks down all the charges made by the Communists in their four-year campaign to discredit the key Government witnesses in the case. For example, they seize upon one of the main points in Wexley's book, a trip by Harry Gold, the spy ring's chief courier, from Albuquerque, N. M., to New York City. Gold testified that he obtained information about the atomic bomb from Rosenberg's brother-in-law, David Greenglass, who was then a soldier-technician at the Los Alamos Atomic Project. Gold left Albuquerque, where Greenglass lived, for New York by train on Sunday evening, June 3, 1945. He testified that he then gave the information to Soviet Vice Consul Anatoli Yakovlev in New York City at 10 p.m. on Tuesday, June 5.

Wexley builds much of his case around these dates. Using the evidence of railroad timetables, he insists that Gold could not possibly have reached New York by train before Wednesday morning—and that therefore his entire testimony was concocted and invalid.

However, it took Pollack exactly three days to demolish this point in the Wexley argument. First, Pollack noted that Gold never testified that

he made the entire trip by train. He visited Gold in his cell in Lewisburg Federal Prison, where he is serving a 30-year sentence, and was told by the ex-spy that he traveled by train only from Albuquerque to Chicago on the Santa Fe Railroad's *California Limited*. From Chicago, said Gold, he took a United Air Lines plane to Washington "at about 9:30" and completed the trip to New York by train, leaving Washington late in the afternoon. A check of the FBI files confirmed to Pollack that this was the same story Gold had told on July 10, 1950, after he was arrested.

Pollack's next step was to check with officials of United Air Lines. They said that a passenger arriving in Chicago on the *California Limited* could have flown from Chicago to Washington on their Flight 300, which left at 9:30 a.m. on June 5, 1945. This was the last piece of evidence that Pollack needed to complete his puzzle. He knew that Gold left Albuquerque by train at 8:10 p.m. on Sunday, arrived in Chicago at 7:30 a.m. on Tuesday, flew to Washington from Chicago at 9:30 a.m. on Tuesday and arrived at 2:21 p.m. By taking a train from Washington at 1:00 p.m., he reached New York in plenty of time for his meeting with Soviet Vice Consul Yakovlev at 10 p.m. that night.

Using the same painstaking detective skill, Attorney Pollack pieced together the entire story of the crime, the trial and the aftermath.

THE trail of the crime began in 1946, when a Russian code clerk named Igor Gouzenko fled from the Soviet Embassy in Ottawa and exposed a Canadian spy ring. In one of Gouzenko's notebooks was the entry: "Klaus Fuchs, 81 George Lane, University of Edinburgh, Scotland." Dr. Fuchs was a German-born, naturalized British citizen, who had been one of the highest-ranking scientists working on the atomic bomb in the United States. Fuchs was arrested by the British on February 3, 1950, and confessed that he was a Communist and had been spying continuously for the Russians from 1941 to 1949. He admitted that on at least 10 occasions he had given top secrets of the atomic bomb to a courier in the United States working for the Russians—a dark, chunky man he knew only as "Raymond."

The FBI began an all-out search for "Raymond." On May 15, 1950—a little more than two months after Fuchs was given a maximum sentence of 14 years by a British court—their leads brought them to Harry Gold, a chemist at the Philadelphia General Hospital. At first, Gold denied everything. Then one of the FBI men asked, "Were you ever in Santa Fe, New Mexico?"

"No," said Gold. "In fact, I've

continued

SECRET continued



Attorney General Herbert Brownell, Jr. (right) confers with William F. Tompkins, head of the Department of Justice's Internal Security Division.

British scientist Fuchs gave vital data to U. S. spies

never been west of the Mississippi River."

With Gold's consent, the FBI men searched his home. They found a long-forgotten map of the city of Santa Fe. Faced with this evidence, Gold collapsed in a chair and began to confess. In the course of many talks with the FBI, he admitted that he had been a courier for a Soviet spy ring for 14 years and that he was "Raymond," the man to whom Fuchs had passed atomic secrets.

Gold revealed that he began his spy activities in 1935. It was nine years later that he entered the big time. In March, 1944, he was sent to meet a man he was to know only as "John," later identified as Soviet Vice Consul Anatoli Yakovlev. It was Yakovlev who gave Gold his assignments to meet Fuchs and others in the espionage ring.

On the last Saturday in May, 1945, said Gold, he had a meeting with Yakovlev in a New York City restaurant. Gold was ordered to travel to Santa Fe to receive atomic data from Fuchs on June 2. Yakovlev told him he'd have to take on an additional assignment on the trip, in Albuquerque. He gave Gold a piece of onion-skin paper on which was typed the name "Greenglass" and an address, "209 North High Street." Below the name and address were the words, "Recognition Signal: 'I come from Julius.'" He also gave Gold a section of a cardboard Jello box, cut in an odd shape. He told Gold that for purposes of positive identification, the contact, Greenglass, would have another section of the Jello box that would exactly fit the irregular edges of Gold's.

After his rendezvous with Fuchs, Gold proceeded by bus to Albuquerque, arriving at 8:20 p.m. on June 2. The Greenglasses were not at home. Gold spent the night in a tourist home. The next day, he checked into the Hilton Hotel, and at 8:30 that morning, he was at the High Street address. A dark-haired young man

answered his knock. "Mr. Greenglass?" asked Gold. "Yes," said the young man. "I come from Julius," said Gold, and he produced his section of Jello box. Greenglass called his wife, and she fished the other part of the Jello box out of her purse. The pieces matched. Greenglass invited Gold inside. He said he would have the material on the atomic bomb ready for Gold later that afternoon. Gold then gave Greenglass an envelope containing \$500.

At 8:10 that evening, Gold was on the train headed east. On Tuesday night in New York, he handed Yakovlev two envelopes, one marked "Doctor," containing the information he had received from Fuchs, and one labeled "Other," containing Greenglass' material. Two weeks later, Yakovlev told Gold that the material received from Greenglass was excellent.

By the time Gold had reached this stage of his narrative, the FBI agents knew they had come across a spy case of enormous magnitude. Quickly they moved in on David Greenglass, who was then working as a machinist in New York. On June 15, 1950, two agents visited him at his apartment. He had been questioned by the FBI once before, in February, 1950, about the disappearance of some uranium from Los Alamos when he was stationed there. (Later, he admitted he had taken a piece of uranium as a souvenir but said he had become frightened about having it in his possession and had thrown it in the East River.) The FBI men indicated that the new interview was part of the same investigation. They asked permission to search the house. They found several photographs of Greenglass and his wife. They took the photos to Harry Gold. Gold studied them. "That's the man who gave me the atom bomb information in Albuquerque," he said.

Four FBI agents returned to Greenglass' apartment. They arrested him and, after a series of extensive interrogations, he made a complete

confession. The main facts of his confession jibed with the story told by Gold. The FBI asked Greenglass who had instigated his espionage activities and to whom he had given most of his information. "My brother in law, Julius Rosenberg," Greenglass replied.

Julius Rosenberg—who was 32 years old when he was arrested—was a tall, bespectacled, scholarly-looking man with a long record of affinity for Communist causes. The son of poor Jewish immigrants, he had been brought up in a strict religious atmosphere, but apparently had rebelled against the precepts of his faith at an early age. The FBI uncovered evidence of his radical tendencies at Seward Park High School in New York City, and found he had been active in the Young Communist League at the College of the City of New York. Later, after he was graduated as an electrical engineer in 1939, he became an official of a professional association that was known to be Communist-dominated.

Just before he was graduated from college, he married Ethel Greenglass, a tough, domineering girl nearly three years his senior. She, too, came from poor parents who lived on New York's Lower East Side, and she, too, had broken with the strict Orthodox Jewish tradition. She was, in fact, a stronger adherent to the Communist cause than Rosenberg. Ethel's mother despaired about their political leanings and called them "a pair of Communist fanatics." Not so Ethel's younger brother, David. A plodding youth who never did too well in school, David regarded his new brother-in-law Julius as an admirable intellectual. Eventually, through the Rosenbergs' influence, David and his bride, Ruth, also became Communist sympathizers.

In 1943, when he was 21 years old, David Greenglass was drafted into the U. S. Army. He had had some technical education at Brooklyn Polytech and at Pratt Institute, and the Army trained him to be a machinist. In July, 1944, he was assigned to the Manhattan Project, the hush-hush group of scientists and Army engineers who were developing the world's first atomic bomb. He was sent to Oak Ridge, Tenn., and then to Los Alamos, N. M., where he was put to work in a machine shop called the Theta Shop. He was continually instructed about the ultrasecret nature of the project, but he had no idea of what actually was under construction at Los Alamos.

He found out, in November, 1944—from his 20-year-old wife, Ruth, who traveled to Albuquerque to spend their second wedding anniversary with him. Just before leaving New York, Ruth had a visit from Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. Julius said, "I know that David is working on a secret weapon called the atomic bomb. I want you to ask him to give me specific information about the locations, the personnel and the experiments conducted at Los Alamos."

Ruth protested about getting mixed up in anything of this sort. But Rosenberg said, "Don't you know Soviet Russia is an ally of the United States? The Russians are carrying a great share of the burden of the war against Fascist Germany. The Soviet Union, therefore, deserves a break in getting information which the Allies are denying to Russia. I myself have searched for two years, and I've finally made contact with a group through whom I can directly help Russia."

Ethel Rosenberg also said to Ruth, "Haven't you noticed that I'm not buying the *Daily Worker* at the usual newsstand any more? The reason for that is that Julius has finally attained the ambition of his life—to be an undercover man in part of the Soviet espionage system in the United States. At last, he's doing really worth-while things for the cause. He can't be a conspicuous Communist sympathizer any more, so he can carry on the secret work without suspicion."

That convinced Ruth. Like David, she held Julius in high esteem and felt he must know what was right. Julius then gave her \$150 to help pay the expenses of her trip—the first payment of money to be made to the Greenglasses.

A few days later, Ruth gave David Julius' message. He, too, protested at first, but when she told him Julius' reasoning, he thought it over and agreed to give her information which she would memorize and transmit to the Rosenbergs. He detailed to her the exact layout of the Los Alamos base and its principal buildings. He also told her the names of the leading scientists who worked at the project, including those of Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer, Dr. George B. Kistiakowsky and Dr. Niels Bohr. This was vital information, since the presence of these eminent scientists could easily tip off the nature of the project. So secret was the project that Bohr, for example, was known only as Dr. Baker, to conceal his true identity. The Russians may have already gotten this information from Fuchs, but, at the very least, the Greenglass data verified it.

In January, 1945, Greenglass got a furlough and went to New York. The next morning, Julius Rosenberg was at his apartment asking for information. He wanted specific details about all the work and experiments known to David at Los Alamos. According to Greenglass, Rosenberg then gave him a description of an atomic bomb, "so that I would be able to know what I am looking for." This turned out to be the type of bomb dropped at Hiroshima several months later. Justice Department investigator Pollack says that Rosenberg must have obtained this information from material fed to the spy ring by Dr. Fuchs.

That night, at Rosenberg's request, Greenglass sat down to prepare descriptions and sketches of the work he was doing at Los Alamos. He was one of 10 machinists assigned to a

continued

Rosenberg boasted of getting our satellite, atomic-plane secrets

shop working on a project under the general direction of Dr. Kistiakowsky, one of the world's top scientists in the field of thermodynamics. The Kistiakowsky group specialized in high explosives. The various scientists would come into Greenglass' shop with directions for making needed pieces of apparatus, and the machinists would tool the apparatus out of metal.

In his work at Los Alamos, Greenglass made several so-called "flat-type lens molds." As another top scientist in the group, Dr. Walter E. Koski, later described them, such molds were used to form various combinations of high explosives into a certain shape so that when they were detonated, the shock waves converged on a given point with terrific force. From what was later divulged about the Nagasaki-type atomic bomb, it is apparent that Greenglass was working on the trigger mechanism that sets off the nuclear reaction in the bomb. Dr. Koski testified that the shape of the mold is the all-important factor, and this is what Greenglass gave to Rosenberg on that January, 1945, furlough. He also gave Rosenberg the names of "possible recruits" at Los Alamos "for espionage purposes." Those were his exact words. Greenglass' handwriting was bad, but Julius said Ethel would retype the information as she did with his other espionage material.

Rosenberg considered Greenglass' data about the high-explosive mold so important that he arranged for a meeting between Greenglass and a Russian member of the spy ring. The meeting was set for a street corner on First Avenue in New York City, at 11:30 one evening. Greenglass borrowed his father-in-law's car, and when he parked at the appointed corner, Rosenberg came up with a stranger. The man got into the car and, while Rosenberg waited on the corner, Greenglass drove around for about 20 minutes. As he drove, the stranger interrogated him. He especially wanted to know the type of high explosives used, but Greenglass says he could not give positive answers to such questions, about which he had no direct knowledge. The strange automobile ride ended at the street corner where it had begun. Rosenberg and the Russian walked off together, and Greenglass went home.

On that same January furlough, Rosenberg invited David and Ruth Greenglass to dinner at his apartment one night. They were introduced to a woman there. Rosenberg told Greenglass that this woman would come to Albuquerque to receive more information from him. "However," he said, "in case someone else comes, I'll give you something to identify him by." He then produced the side of a Jello box, cut in two in a jagged manner. He gave Ruth Greenglass one half of the oddly cut cardboard. Rosenberg kept the other. They were

the two pieces the Greenglasses and Gold matched five months later when Gold showed up in Albuquerque. Included in the information that Greenglass passed to Gold on that occasion was a sketch of the high explosive lens, as set up in an advanced experiment. It showed exactly how the "implosion effect" (which triggers the nuclear reaction) was attained.

In April, 1945, Ruth Greenglass had gone to live in Albuquerque to be near David. She did so on Rosenberg's assurance that money would be forthcoming from the Russians to cover her living expenses. In September, 1945, she and David returned to New York when he received another furlough. Again, Julius Rosenberg wasted no time in coming to see them. David Greenglass had compiled a fairly comprehensive description of the atomic bomb itself. He knew it was different from the bomb Rosenberg had described to him in January, and he called it "the bomb which works on an implosion effect." He did not know that this was the type that had been dropped on Nagasaki.

Greenglass gave Rosenberg a cross-section sketch of the bomb and 12 pages of explanatory material. Rosenberg paid him \$200. Again, Ethel Rosenberg retyped the material and corrected the grammar. While this was being done, Greenglass and Rosenberg chatted, and Rosenberg told him that he had stolen a secret proximity fuse from the Emerson Radio Company, where he worked as an engineer, and had given it to the Russians. When Ethel Rosenberg had finished the typing, Julius burned Greenglass' original notes in a frying pan and flushed the ashes down the toilet.

DESPITE Rosenberg's urgings to stay on as a civilian at Los Alamos in order to continue spying for him, Greenglass got a discharge from the Army in February, 1946. He returned to New York and entered a machine-shop business. Julius Rosenberg was one of his partners.

Between 1946 and 1950, according to Greenglass, he had many conversations with Rosenberg about the latter's continuing espionage activities. Once, Julius offered to have the Russians pay Greenglass' living expenses if he would resume his education under the G.I. Bill of Rights at a good engineering college like M.I.T. Julius made it clear, David told the FBI, that the purpose of this was to "cultivate the friendship of people I had known at Los Alamos and also acquire new friendships with people who were in the field of . . . nuclear energy."

Julius told David that he was paying for other students to go to school in various upstate New York universities. He also told him that he had agents in upstate New York and in Ohio who were feeding him secret defense information which he was transmitting to the Russians. He

mentioned specifically that he was getting information from someone at the General Electric Company in Schenectady, N. Y., and from someone in Cleveland, Ohio. Once, he told Greenglass that, while he was in Cleveland, he visited one of his contacts at the Warner Swasey turret lathe plant.

Several times, Julius spoke to David about a college classmate of his named Joel Barr, a brilliant mathematician and physicist, who had worked on the mathematical problems of launching a "sky-platform earth satellite." (Some Government officials believe that Barr gave this data to Rosenberg in 1947.) Rosenberg also boasted that he had received the mathematics of an atomic plane from one of his contacts. Later, Rosenberg admitted a close friendship with Alfred Sarant, an engineer who had worked on this project. Barr vanished in Europe in 1947. Sarant escaped to Mexico with the wife of his best friend. Then he, too, disappeared. It is presumed that both are now behind the Iron Curtain.

Rosenberg told Greenglass about his methods of communicating with the Russians. "He told me that if he wanted to get in touch with the Russians, he had a means of communicating with them in a motion-picture theater, an alcove where he would put microfilm or messages and the Russians would pick it up. If he wanted to see them in person, he would put a message in there and by prearrangement they would meet at some lonely spot on Long Island." The Rosenbergs showed Greenglass gifts they had received "as a reward from the Russians"—two watches and a console table. The console table was hollowed out, and Julius told him he used it for microfilming. Greenglass frequently saw this table in the Rosenberg home.

By 1950, the Rosenberg Greenglass business partnership had broken up and Greenglass didn't see his brother-in-law so frequently. But one morning in February, an excited Rosenberg came to his apartment. He told him that Klaus Fuchs had been arrested in England. "Do you remember that man who came to see you in Albuquerque?" asked Rosenberg. "Well, Fuchs was also one of his contacts," he told Greenglass. He'd have to leave the country, David said he didn't know how he could do it, but Julius said, "Oh, they let other people out who are far more important than you are. They let Joel Barr out, and he was a member of our espionage ring."

GREENGLASS said he'd think it over. However, his wife was badly burned in an accident, and soon afterward she gave birth to their second child, so he did nothing about planning his escape. Late in May, Rosenberg came to see him again. This time, he had with him a newspaper detailing the arrest of Harry Gold. "Now you have to leave the country," he said. He gave Greenglass \$1,000 and promised him \$6,000 more. He instructed him to get five sets of passport photos of himself and his family, and he said that he, Rosenberg, would obtain inoculation certificates for the Greenglasses from a doctor he knew. He told them to go to Mexico, using the inoculation certificates to get tourist cards at the border.

In Mexico City, Greenglass was to write a letter to the secretary to the Soviet Ambassador, signing it "I. Jackson." Three days later, he was to go to the statue of Columbus in the Plaza Colon at 5 p.m., carrying a guide to the city, with his little finger inserted into the pages. Said Greenglass, "I was to wait until a man

continued



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THE WINES IN THE DRIPLESS BOTTLE

THE SECRET continued

The FBI caught three just as they were planning to flee

came up close to me and then I was to say, 'That is a magnificent statue,' and that I was from Oklahoma and hadn't seen a statue like it before. That man was to say, 'Oh, there are much more beautiful statues in Paris.' That was to be our identification. Then, he was to give me passports and additional money so I could go on with my trip." Greenglass was to repeat the same procedure at the statue of Linnaeus in Stockholm, where he would be given means of transportation to Czechoslovakia.

GREENGLASS had the passport photos taken the following Sunday. He gave five sets to Julius but kept a sixth set, which he later turned over to the FBI. Rosenberg told him that he himself would have to flee to Mexico because Elizabeth Bentley, ex-Communist spy courier, knew about his spy activities. A week later, he gave Greenglass an additional \$1,000. They took a walk to discuss David's escape plans. During the walk, they met a Mr. and Mrs. Herman Einsohn, who stopped to chat for a few minutes with David, completely unaware of his espionage involvement. A few days later, however, Greenglass informed Rosenberg that he had changed his mind. He was not going to flee. By now, he knew he had committed a heinous crime and he was resigned to face the consequences. He was waiting when the FBI agents came to his apartment on June 15.

Four weeks after the arrest of David Greenglass, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg were picked up. They denied everything. The FBI then fauned out to determine where else the tortuous espionage trail led. Methodically, they interviewed every one of

Rosenberg's classmates at C.C.N.Y. On July 20, 1950, they came upon a man named Max Elitcher, who was not in Rosenberg's class but who had known him in college.

Elitcher had been employed as an engineer in the Bureau of Ordnance of the Navy Department in Washington from 1933 to 1942. He worked on computers for anti-aircraft fire control. He told the FBI that Rosenberg visited him in Washington in 1941 and vainly tried to induce him to join his espionage ring. He said Rosenberg told him he merely had to bring him blueprints from his shop and that he'd photograph them and return them the next day. To try to convince him, Rosenberg told him that Elitcher's best friend and former roommate was among the many scientists who were furnishing information to him for transmission to Russia. The man's name? Morton Sobell. He worked at the General Electric Company in Schenectady.

To the FBI men, this was another missing link. Greenglass had told them of the espionage contact whom Rosenberg visited frequently at the G.E. plant in Schenectady.

ELITCHER continued to talk. In 1946, he said, Sobell—who had recruited him into the Communist party—asked him for a secret pamphlet about a fire-control system on which he was working. When Elitcher refused to give it to him, Sobell said, "Why don't you talk to Julius Rosenberg about it?" He also sent him to see Rosenberg when Elitcher decided to leave the Government. Rosenberg tried to persuade him to stay on and do espionage work for him, but Elitcher said no.

In at least nine such fruitless interviews

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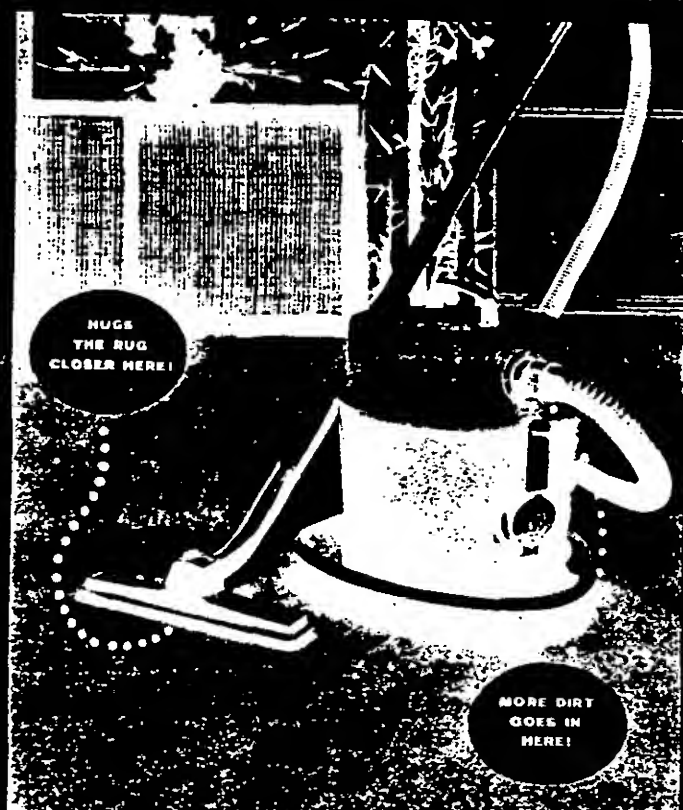


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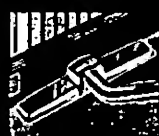
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THE SECRET continued

Seven members of the spy ring here escaped prosecution

tempts to enlist Elitcher in the spy ring. Rosenberg openly told him about his own espionage activities. Sobell, too, admitted his involvement to Elitcher. On one occasion, in July, 1948, Elitcher visited Sobell in New York, and Sobell told him that he had some valuable espionage information—in a can of film—that he should have given to Rosenberg some time ago. Sobell asked Elitcher to drive downtown with him while he delivered the film to Rosenberg. Elitcher waited outside the Rosenberg apartment while Sobell made the delivery.

The FBI now moved in on Sobell. They discovered that he failed to report for work at his job at the Reeves Instrument Company beginning on June 16, the day after David Greenglass was arrested. On June 21, Sobell had withdrawn practically all his money from his bank account, and on June 22 he had flown to Mexico with his entire family. As soon as he arrived, he cashed in his return plane tickets.

Using several pseudonyms, Sobell attempted to book passage to Europe. On August 16, 1950, he was apprehended in Mexico City by the Mexican Federal Security Police. He was forcibly taken to the U. S. border and deported as an undesirable alien. FBI agents were waiting to arrest him as he was expelled across the border into Laredo, Texas.

SOBELL was the only one of eight known members of the spy ring to stand trial with the Rosenbergs and Greenglass. Two members of the ring had disappeared, and the Government felt there was not enough evidence, beyond a reasonable doubt, to convict the other five—two scientists and three women. The trial began on March 6, 1951, in the United States Court House in Foley Square in New York. It lasted exactly 31 days, and the Communist press barely took notice of the proceedings.

The Government's main witnesses were Gold, Elitcher and the Greenglasses, who recounted the same stories they had given to the FBI. Though she was named in the indictment, Ruth Greenglass was not a defendant. The Government attorneys reasoned that her part in the plot had been primarily a passive one and that if she, too, had to stand trial, they might lose the co-operation of their key witness, David Greenglass.

There were two high lights in the trial. The first came during Greenglass' testimony. So secret was the material he had passed to Rosenberg that there was a great debate within the Government as to whether it would jeopardize the security of the nation to reveal it in open court. Members of the prosecution staff met with the Atomic Energy Commission and with the Joint Congressional

Committee on Atomic Energy. It was agreed that unless some material was disclosed—to indicate its highly secret nature—the entire case might be dismissed. A top official of the Atomic Energy Commission, William Denson, was assigned to sit in court and declassify the material line by line—reclassifying it as "Secret" after it was used as evidence.

As it turned out, this wasn't necessary. In a surprise move, Julius Rosenberg's defense counsel, Emanuel H. Bloch, arose and "as an American citizen and as a person who owes his allegiance to this country," moved that the confidential character of the material be preserved by showing it only to the court and to the jury. After a long discussion, Judge Irving Kaufman agreed to limit the disclosure of the material.

THE second high light of the trial came during the testimony of Julius Rosenberg—who, like his wife, denied every allegation. Several times, Rosenberg was asked about his Communist party affiliations (the FBI had his card number and a complete report on all his party activities). But he took the Fifth Amendment each time on grounds of self-incrimination. He was asked, "Is it not a fact that in February, 1941, you transferred from Branch 16-B of the Industrial Division of the Communist party, to the Eastern Club of the First Assembly District under card number 12179?"

Rosenberg flatly said, "I refuse to answer."

U. S. Attorney Irving Saypol read a statement Rosenberg had made in 1945 when he was charged with being a Communist and suspended from his Government job with the Army Signal Corps. The statement, in a letter written to the Signal Corps, was: "I am not now and never have been a Communist member. I know nothing about branches, divisions, clubs or transfers. I never heard either of the division or the club referred to. I had nothing to do with the so-called transfer. Either the charge is based on a case of mistaken identity or a complete falsehood. In any event, it has not the slightest basis of fact."

Saypol asked, "Did you make such a statement?"

Rosenberg replied, "I refuse to answer any question on the contents of that letter." His attorney, Emanuel Bloch, then directed him to answer yes to the question, and he did.

"All right," continued Saypol, "was that answer true at the time you made it?"

"I refuse to answer on the ground of self incrimination."

According to Government Attorney Pollack, such evasions, plus many contradictions in his testimony, killed any sympathy the jury might

continued

The Reds complained the trial was an anti-Semitic plot

have had toward Rosenberg. Whereas the Government brought in 13 corroborating witnesses in addition to Elitcher, Gold and the Greenglasses, only two minor outside witnesses appeared for the defendants. Julius and Ethel Rosenberg testified for themselves. Morton Sobell didn't even take the stand to utter a single word in his own defense. The jury brought in a verdict of guilty against all three.

On April 5, 1951, Judge Kaufman passed sentence on the defendants. He said, "I consider your crime worse than murder. . . . I believe your conduct in putting into the hands of the Russians the A-bomb . . . has already caused, in my opinion, the Communist aggression in Korea, with the resultant casualties exceeding 50,000, and who knows but millions more of innocent people may pay the price of your treason." He then sentenced Julius and Ethel Rosenberg to death in the electric chair. Sobell got 30 years, and Greenglass, 15. Harry Gold was already serving a 30-year sentence for his part in the Fuchs case.

The nation accepted the verdict and the sentences; the Communists virtually ignored them. But then an amazing thing happened. In August, 1951, the Communist press suddenly adopted the Rosenberg case as a cause célèbre. The Rosenbergs and Sobell were convicted on concocted evidence, they said, as innocent victims of an anti-Semitic witch hunt. By December, 1951, the campaign was in high gear with the formation of the National Committee to Secure

Justice in the Rosenberg Case. The cry of anti-Semitism reached its peak with the world-wide demonstrations on the evening of the Rosenbergs' executions.

When Pollack began his report on the Rosenberg case in 1956, he was faced with a formidable task. As he puts it, "When you read the Wesley book without knowing the facts of the case, it makes out a plausible story. But on careful analysis, you can find very clever bias, very shrewdly employed. Wesley stressed only the aspects of the testimony that were favorable to his side."

First, Pollack (himself a Jew) began to investigate the reasons why the Communists belatedly took on the case as a great anti-Semitic issue. He says, "It happened at a serious time for the Communist party in the United States. In Russia, Stalin had just launched an anti-Semitic campaign of his own, and had jailed several distinguished Jewish physicians in the so-called doctors' plot. In the satellite countries, Jewish leaders such as Slansky and Rajk had been tried and executed for treason. As a result, Jewish Communists in the United States had become disillusioned and were deserting the party in droves. So the American Politburo seized on the Rosenberg case—which it had studiously ignored to that moment—as a desperate move to divert attention from Russian anti-Semitism. It was a dialoically successful move. Not only did it succeed in distracting attention from Russia and the satellites, but it created doubt in many minds and took in hundreds

continued

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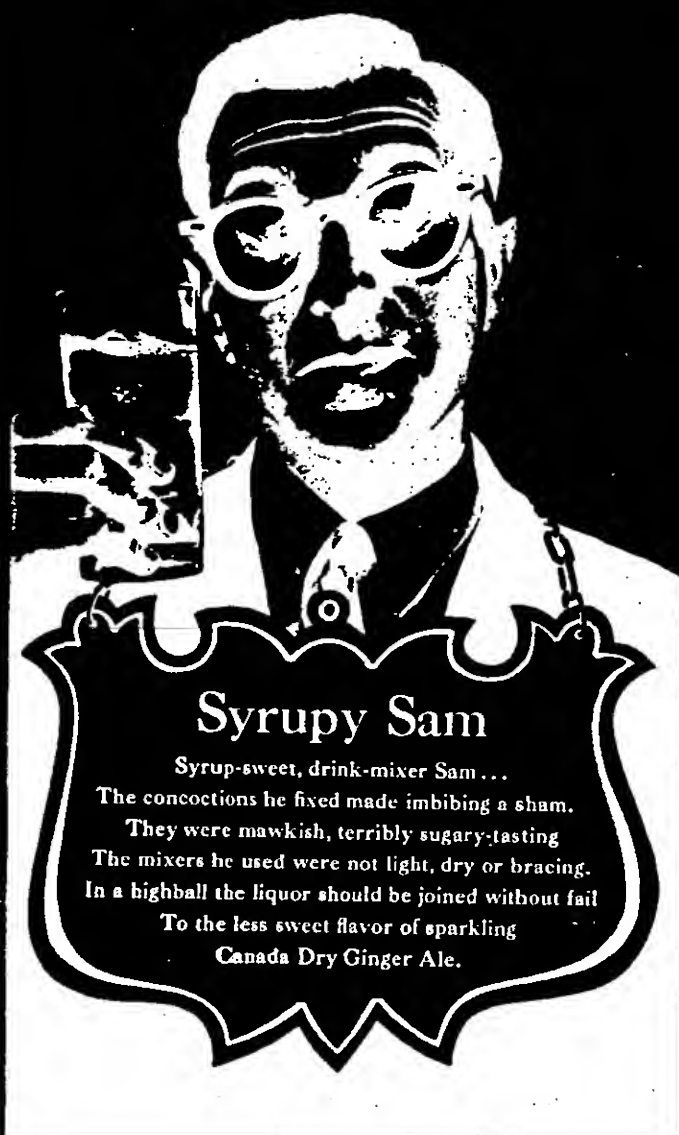
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GINGER ALE



THE SECRET continued

The Government report proves, all Red charges are false

of thousands of dollars from non-Communists all over the world."

With all the facts at hand, Polack proceeded to dissect the Communist argument, one by one. Space does not permit his complete analysis in this article but following are the main Communist charges, and the Government's answers.

Communist charge: The selection of the Rosenberg jury was part of the frame-up. Although almost a third of the population of New York is Jewish, there was not a single Jew on the jury. **The Government's answer:** The defense had 120 peremptory challenges, 40 more than usual. That means that they could throw out 120 prospective jurors without giving any reason whatever. Of five jurors with obviously Jewish names, the prosecution threw out only one; the defense removed four by challenge. For example, the next to last juror selected was a Jew. He was rejected by the defense.

Communist charge: Judge Irving Kaufman was biased and unfair to the defense throughout the trial. Himself a Jew, he was leaning over backwards to prove that Jews are not soft on communism. Similarly, Wexley says, "Whenever he had the slightest opportunity to do so, he managed to exacerbate the defense by tossing in some remark that would humiliate, ridicule, confuse or throw them off balance." **The Government's answer:** The best way to reply to this charge is to quote, directly from the record, the remarks of chief defense counsel Emanuel H. Bloch at the end of the trial. Bloch said to Judge Kaufman, "I, for one, and I think all my co-counsel, feel that you have been extremely courteous to us and you have afforded us lawyers every privilege that a lawyer should expect in a criminal case. . . . We feel that the trial has been conducted . . . with that decorum and dignity that befit an American trial."

Communist charge: Harry Gold is a pathological liar. He made up the entire fantasy of the spy plot to hoax the world and to see his name in headlines. He is mentally abnormal. Likewise, Wexley says, "Prison for Gold represented almost a sanctuary, a retreat." **The Government's answer:** It is difficult to believe that anyone would make up a story that would net him 30 years in prison. Besides, the one way to destroy the story of a "pathological liar" in court is to bring in psychiatrists and witnesses to refute him, and to tear his allegations apart in cross-examination. The Rosenberg defense didn't introduce a single witness to cast doubt on Gold's testimony, and they didn't put him on the stand for as much as a single word of cross-examination.

Communist charge: There is

no proof that Harry Gold was in New Mexico to meet Fuchs and Green-glass. **The FBI** got him to sign a registration card from the Hilton Hotel in Albuquerque after he was arrested five years later. They chose the Hilton because it is the only hotel in Albuquerque which keeps its registration cards for more than three years. **The Government's answer:** It is preposterous to suggest that the FBI would do such a thing, or that it could get away with it if it tried. Hotel employees and records could have been subpoenaed to prove the falsity of the registration card, and experts could have testified that the ink was only a few months old instead of five years. With such obvious courses open to the Rosenberg defense, they certainly would have taken advantage of them—and destroyed the entire Government case—if they thought the charge had any validity. The registration card was never challenged in court.

Communist charge: David Greenglass was not intelligent enough to absorb complicated information about the atomic bomb or to sketch its component parts. He was just a mechanic. He never graduated from any of the technical schools he attended. Foreign scientists and one of America's top atomic experts, Dr. Harold C. Urey, insist that he couldn't possibly understand—and therefore could not transmit—atomic data. **The Government's answer:** Greenglass didn't graduate from school because he worked at night and had to drop out when his schedule became too rigorous. However, he was skilled enough technically to become assistant foreman of his highly important shop at Los Alamos. None of the foreign scientists or Dr. Urey ever saw Greenglass. They have no knowledge of the material he transmitted because it was impounded by the court. None of them, moreover, was ever called by the defense to test Greenglass' intellectual and technical capacity. On the other hand, a key Government witness, Dr. Walter Koski, was an eminent atomic scientist. He was one of Greenglass' superiors. He knew him at the Los Alamos laboratory and he heard all of the secret evidence in court. Dr. Koski testified that Greenglass' sketch of the high-explosive lens mold was "substantially an accurate representation of a sketch I made about that time at Los Alamos." He identified other of Greenglass' sketches as "reasonably accurate." He described Greenglass' testimony explaining the sketches as "reasonably accurate." Dr. Koski was asked, "Was the defendant Greenglass in a position where, by reason of his employment in the Theta Shop, he could see the sketches which you turned over?" Koski an-

continued

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THE SECRET continued

Rosenberg had big sums of Red money available for his use

swered, "He was." It is significant that the critics of the case—among them Wexley—never mention this portion of Dr. Koski's testimony. Legal experts say that the Koski statements were the most important evidence in the entire trial.

Communist charge: The FBI coached Greenglass in prison to absorb the technical details of the atomic bomb. The Government's answer: There has never been a shred of proof offered to support this charge, even though Greenglass was incarcerated in a cell where dozens of other prisoners observed him at all times. During the trial, moreover, defense counsel Emanuel Bloch made several vain attempts to discredit Greenglass' technical competence with unexpected trick questions. Once, for example, he asked him suddenly, "Do you know what an isotope is?" Greenglass shot back: "An isotope is an element having the same atomic structure but having a different atomic weight."

Communist charge: The material allegedly transmitted by Greenglass to Rosenberg was generally known in scientific circles and of no value to the Russians. The Government's answer: The best reply to this is Dr. Koski's testimony. He told the court, "To the best of my knowledge and [that of] all of my colleagues who were involved in this field, there was no information in textbooks or journals on this particular subject. It was a new and original field."

Communist charge: The Government tried the Rosenbergs illegally. They were tried for treason under the espionage laws because the Government couldn't prove Russia was an enemy. The Government's answer: The statute under which the Rosenbergs were convicted

doesn't require that the espionage information be passed to an enemy. If the material is classified "secret" by the U. S. and it is given to any foreign country, even a friendly one, for that country's advantage, that is enough to convict. It is not even necessary to prove injury to the United States.

Communist charge: How can anyone believe that the Rosenbergs were spies when they lived in such poverty-stricken circumstances? Why would they have received just two watches and a console table as a reward for espionage? Spies don't work for peanuts. The Government's answer: Professional spies don't work for peanuts, but political fanatics do, when they think they are serving the cause. Besides, there is considerable evidence proving that Rosenberg had money available to him when he needed it. He gave Greenglass \$5,000 for his escape to Mexico, \$3,900 of which was identified in court as having been turned over to Greenglass' lawyer, O. John Rogge, by Greenglass' brother-in-law, Louis Abel.

The FBI found two fairly expensive watches in the Rosenbergs' apartment. In court, Julius Rosenberg said he bought one from an itinerant salesman, another from a pushcart peddler. He did not substantiate this in any way. He maintained that he bought the console table at Mary's department store for \$21. But again he produced no evidence. Mrs. Evelyn Cox, a part-time maid for the Rosenbergs, testifying for the Government, said that the console table was the best piece of furniture the Rosenbergs had. Mrs. Rosenberg told her "it was a gift—sort of a late wedding present." One of the two outside witnesses called by the defense was Thomas V. Kelly, an

continued



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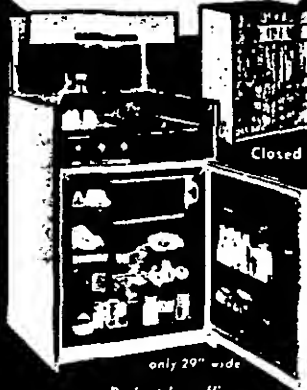


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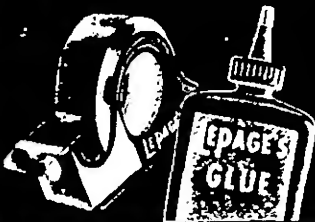
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THE SECRET continued

attorney for Macy's who testified that a sales slip could not be furnished because the records for that year had been destroyed. On cross-examination, however, Kelly said that delivery records might be available and that city sales-tax records were available. Either one of these could have scored a vital point for the Rosenbergs' case if they had been submitted as evidence. They were not.

Communist charge: If, as the FBI claimed, the console table was used for microfilming, why was it not seized and brought in as evidence? The Government's answer: The simple truth is that the FBI could not find the console table in the Rosenbergs' apartment when they were arrested. Long after the trial, it was found by a left-wing newspaperman in Rosenberg's mother's home. If the defense knew where the table was, why didn't it bring it in and prove that it indeed had come from Macy's? Concerning the table's use for photography, the Rosenbergs' maid testified that, though it was the best piece of furniture the Rosenbergs had, they habitually kept it in a dark closet. The FBI visited an apartment at 65 Morton Street in New York City, which they knew Rosenberg had frequented. The apartment, they discovered, contained very little furniture. It was filled, instead, with workbenches. In the kitchen, the FBI found a reflector-type flood lamp, the kind used in photography. The apartment had been rented by Alfred Sarant, who fled the country with the wife of his best friend when the case broke.

Communist charge: The FBI must have concocted David Greenglass' story, because Greenglass told many more details in court than he did when he was first arrested by the FBI. The Government's answer: This brings up a fascinating development. Shortly after the trial, someone broke into the office of O. John Rogge, Greenglass' lawyer, and stole all his files pertaining to the case. Copies of the files turned up later in Paris, in the office of a French lawyer, and were to become the basis of defense motions before the U. S. Supreme Court to set aside the convictions. They are also relied upon heavily in Wexley's book. Unhappily for Wexley, the stolen files contained data only about Greenglass' first interviews with the FBI. In subsequent interviews, he revealed much more information.

Communist charge: There was absolutely no corroborating evidence to substantiate the Gold-Greenglass story. The Government's answer: This is a lie. There was corroborating circumstantial evidence at almost every turn. The day after Gold said he gave the Greenglasses \$500 in Albuquerque, for example, Ruth Greenglass deposited \$100 in the Albuquerque National Trust and Savings Bank. On the same day, she bought a \$50 war bond at the First National Bank of Albuquerque. Similarly, Rosenberg's last payment to Greenglass ended up in Greenglass'

lawyer's office. The Rosenbergs' maid corroborated the testimony about the console table, a physician, Dr. George Bertholdt, confirmed that Rosenberg asked him about a vaccination certificate for "a friend going to Mexico"; Mr. and Mrs. Finsolin testified that they met Greenglass and Rosenberg on the day that Greenglass said he and his brother-in-law took a walk to discuss their escape plans; a photographer named Ben Schneider, who made passport photos of the Rosenberg family, confirmed Greenglass' statement that Rosenberg himself was planning to leave the country. Ex-Communist spy courier Elizabeth Bentley testified that she often received espionage information over the phone from a man named "Julius" and that "Julius" was later identified to her by her Communist spy boss, Jacob Golos, as "an engineer who lives in Knickerbocker Village," Rosenberg's address.

Communist charge: Morton Sobell was convicted only on the testimony of Max Elitcher, who was induced by the FBI to testify falsely in order to save himself from a perjury indictment (for having sworn, in an application for a Government job, that he was not a Communist). The Government's answer: Elitcher was in no jeopardy whatever on this charge. The statute of limitations had long since run out, and he could not be prosecuted even if the Government wanted to. His attorney certainly must have informed him of this. Besides, Sobell's own actions contributed to his conviction more than anything else. He left his job the day after the arrest of David Greenglass, a man he didn't even know. He then fled with his family to Mexico. Six Mexican witnesses testified that he used aliases such as Marvin Salt and M. Sand as he attempted to arrange passage to Europe, and that he said he was in Mexico to avoid going back into the U. S. Army, though he never had been in the Army. An American witness, William Danziger, testified that he received letters from Sobell from Mexico (with an alias in the return address), asking him to forward enclosed letters to Sobell's sister-in-law. And, finally, Sobell refused to take the stand in his own defense.

Communist charge: Morton Sobell was beaten and kidnapped by the Mexican police and turned over to the FBI, in violation of international law. The Government's answer: There is no proof of this beating and mistreatment, except for Sobell's say-so. He didn't even mention it until after the trial. If such deplorable treatment actually occurred, why didn't he or his wife take the stand to tell the story? It almost certainly would have evoked sympathy from the jury. Only last year, in denying a motion for a new trial based on this charge, Judge Irving Kaufman said, "I find it difficult to believe that a man who was seized and blackjacked, as he claimed, would not have immedi-

continued



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6

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Disposition in Rosenberg 65-58236-2335

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65-59028-NR 11-1-57

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: 11-23-57

FROM : Mr. W. A. Branigan

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Branigan

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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"Washington Post and Times Herald" carried International News Service article dated 11-22-57 that Robert Morris, Counsel, Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, stated that David Greenglass was interviewed in prison on 11-21-57 and told of an American paymaster who carried Russian funds from abroad to Julius Rosenberg, executed Soviet agent. The paymaster was described as a \$200 per day engineering consultant connected with the Aswan Dam project in Egypt. Greenglass also said Rosenberg was hard-pressed for cash for two months in 1948 and explained he was awaiting the arrival of the regular payoff man from the Middle East and gave him a brief description of this agent as set forth above.

This appears to be garbled version of information which Greenglass previously furnished the Bureau about a man who he said was one of Rosenberg's contacts. He stated this man was employed as a consultant on the Aswan Dam project and was paid \$200 per day and this man made a trip to Egypt between 1946 and 1949. Extensive investigation was conducted and it was learned that Dr. Theodore von Karman had performed some consulting work for the Chemical Construction Company and Hugh L. Cooper Company in connection with the work of these companies on the Aswan Dam project. Von Karman hired William Perl, a member of Rosenberg Espionage network, to work for him during 1947 and Perl was paid at the rate of \$4 per hour for his work. At that time Perl was working for National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics and was on annual leave. It is noted that Greenglass also stated this man had a Government job and was on leave to do consulting work.

Due to the lack of information that Greenglass had, it was impossible to positively identify Perl as being this unknown man. It is noted Greenglass told us nothing about this consultant acting as a paymaster or that Rosenberg was hard-pressed for cash in 1948.

ACTION:

There is attached an airtel to Philadelphia instructing that Greenglass be reinterviewed about this article and that complete details be obtained concerning the information he furnished the Subcommittee.

Enclosure Sent 11/23/57
65-59028

NOV 26 1957

- 1 - 65-59341 (Unsub: Unknown Consultant at Aswan Dam - Egypt in 1946-1949, Espionage - R)

JPL:ssh

(5)

246

November 23, 1957

AIRTEL

RECORDED-18 65-59028-456
SAC, Philadelphia (65-4391)

DAVID GREENGLASS, ESPIONAGE - R

International News Service story dated 11-22-57 states David Greenglass told Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on 11-21-57 that an American paymaster carried Russian funds from abroad to Rosenberg. This man is described as having been a \$200 a day engineering consultant connected with the Aswan Dam project. Greenglass allegedly stated Rosenberg was hard-pressed for cash for a two months' period in 1948 and could not pay his agents for their services and explained he was awaiting arrival of regular payoff man from Middle East.

This appears to be garbled version of information previously furnished by Greenglass concerning unknown subject in case captioned "Unknown Subject: Unknown Consultant at Aswan Dam in Egypt, 1946-1949, Espionage - R." Information concerning details of this case set forth in report of John A. Harrington dated 1-13-59 at New York, a copy of which was furnished to your office. It is noted Greenglass never advised the Bureau that this unknown subject was a paymaster for the Rosenberg ring and that Greenglass never stated Rosenberg was short of money.

Greenglass should be reinterviewed thoroughly concerning this information and you should determine exactly what he told members of the Subcommittee in this interview. Results of this interview should be furnished to the Bureau promptly.

Hoover

1 - New York (Information) (65-15366)

1 - 65-59341 (Unsub: Unknown Consultant at Aswan Dam - Egypt 1946-1949, Espionage - R)

NOTE: See memo Branigan to Belmont same dated captioned as above, JPL:ssh.

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JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL.

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SUBJECT DAVID GREENGLASS

FILE NO. 65-59028

VOLUME NO. 10

SERIALS

457 out

NOTICE

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File No: 65-59028
SECT. 10

Re: DAVID GREENGLASS
MEEROPOL V. MEESE

Date: 10/86
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
457	11/23/57	HQ AT TO PH	1	1	
458	11/25/57	W/ENC BELMONT MEMO TO BOARDMAN	3	3	
459	12/2/57	PH AT TO HQ	6	6	
460	12/5/57	BRANIGAN MEMO TO BELMONT	2	2	
N/R	12/9/57	ROACH MEMO TO BELMONT	2	2	
461	12/30/57	BELMONT MEMO TO BOARDMAN	2	2	
462	1/10/58	NEASE MEMO TO TOLSON	1	1	
N/R	2/24/58	LEE MEMO TO BRANIGAN	1	1	
N/R	2/24/58	LEE MEMO TO BRANIGAN	1	1	
463	4/2/58	NY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	
464	4/29/58	NY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	
465	6/6/58	NY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	b7C b7D

23
w'd rel'd deny ref presumed proper

File No: 65-59028
SECT. 10

Re: DAVID GREENGLASS
MEEROPOL V. MEESE

Date: 10/86
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
466	8/27/58	MOORE MEMO TO BELMONT	1	1	
467	8/28/58	BELMONT MEMO TO DIRECTOR	2	2	
468	7/23/59	PAROLE BOARD LETTER TO HQ	1	1	
469	7/28/59	HQ LETTER TO PAROLE BOARD	1	1	
469	7/27/59	BRANIGAN MEMO TO BELMONT	1	1	
470	8/11/59	PAROLE BD LETTER TO HQ	1	1	
N/R	10/15/59	LEE MEMO TO BRANIGAN	1	1	
471	11/13/60	PA TT TO HQ, NY	1	1	
472	11/22/60	NY AT to HQ w/ INF. ^{NOK}	1/2	1/2	b7C
N/R	12/7/60	ROUTING SLIP	2	2	
473	11/23/60	ROUTING SLIP & NEWSPAPER	1/3	1/3	
474	Rec'd 12/13/60	TRANSLATION	1	1	

19 19 0 0 0 0
rev'd rel'd deny ref. pres. unrel. pres. unrel.
FBI/DOJ

File No: 65-59028
SECT. 10Re: DAVID GREENGLASS
MEEROPOL V. MEESEDate: 10/86
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
475	1/31/61	NY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	b7C
476	2/3/61	SA LETTER TO HQ	2	2	
N/R	2/20/61	HQ LETTER TO SA	1	1	b1 b7C
N/R	4/28/61	HQ LETTER TO SA	2	2	b1 b7D
477	5/25/61	NY LETTER TO HQ	2	2	b7C
478	5/29/61	NY AT TO HQ	2	2	b7C
479	6/29/61	HQ LETTER TO NY	1	1	b7C
N/R	10/23/61	LEE MEMO TO BRANIGAN	1	1	
480	5/22/64	NY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	b7C
481	9/28/65	NY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	b7C
N/R	2/2/68	HQ LETTER TO AL	21	—	Disposition of document in Harry Gold 65-57449- 13th NR after 893
482	12/5/69	NY AT TO HQ	1	1	b7C

36 15 0 0 21 0
rev'd rel'd deny ref. presumed preproc FBI/DOJ

File No: 65-59028
SECT. 10

Re: DAVID GREENGLASS
MEEROPOL V. MEESE

Date: 10/86
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
483	1/15/70	NY AT TO HQ	2	2	b7c
483	1/21/70	HQ AT TO NY	1	1	b7c
484	4/10/70	NY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	b7c
485	6/27/73	NY AT TO HQ	1	1	
486	10/12/73	NY AT TO HQ	3	3	
487	10/12/73	NY TT TO HQ W/ENC	3/1	3/1	
487	10/25/73	HQ LETTER TO 3 rd PARTY	1	1	
488	10/1/73	W/ENC 3 rd PARTY LETTER TO HQ	1/4	1/4	
N/R	10/25/73	MALMPELOT MEMO TO FRANK	2	—	Disposition of document in J. Rosenberg 65-58236 - 2442
N/R	11/10/73	MALMPELOT MEMO TO FRANK	1	—	Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg 65-58236 - 2445
N/R	11/23/73	HQ LETTER TO AAG	3	—	Disposition of document in J. Rosenberg 65-58236 - 2445
N/R	11/23/73	HQ LETTER TO AAG	2	—	Disposition of document in J. Rosenberg 65-58236 - 2446

32 24 0 0 0
rev'd rel'd deny ref. presumed preproc FBI/DOJ

File No: 65-59028
SECT. 10

Re: DAVID GREENGLASS
MEERAPOL V. MEERSE

Date: 10/86
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
489	12/14/73	MALMFELDT MEMO TO FRANK	1	1	
489	12/14/73	HQ LETTER TO AAG	2	2	
490	12/17/73	HQ LETTER TO AAG ^{ENC} 4	2/4	2/4	b5
491	12/17/73	MALMFELDT MEMO TO FRANK	1	1	
492	12/16/73	DOJ LETTER TO 3 rd PARTY	1	1	
493	12/26/73	DOJ LETTER TO 3 rd PARTY	3	3	
494	1/31/74	NY AT TO HQ	1	1	b7D
495	1/29/74	NY TT TO HQ	2	2	
N/R	2/18/74	3 rd PARTY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	
496	1/18/73	NY AT TO HQ ^{And ENC} W/ENC	1/3	1/3	b7C
N/R	9/12/74	HQ LETTER TO 3 rd PARTY	2	—	Disposition of document in J. Rosenberg 65-58236-2484
N/R	9/10/74	DOJ LETTER TO HQ	1	—	Disposition of document in J. Rosenberg 65-58236-2484

25
rev'd 22
rel'd deny ref presumed pregrv

File No: 65-59028
SECT. 10

Re: DAVID GREENGLASS
MEEROPOL V. MEESE

Date: 10/86
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
N/R	3/12/75	HQ LETTER TO 3 rd PARTY	2	—	Disposition of document in J. Rosenberg 65-58236-2496
N/R	2/24/75	DOJ LETTER TO HQ	1/3	7-	Disposition of document in J. Rosenberg 65-58236-2496
N/R	3/13/75	W/ENC HQ LETTER TO PERLIN	4/1	—	Disposition of document in J. Rosenberg 65-58236-2497
N/R	5/30/75	W/ENC & ENC ERDA LETTER TO HQ	1/4/38	1/4/11	3 pgs refer to REC 34 pgs Presumed
497	9/10/75	NY AT TO HQ	1	1	
497	10/20/75	HQ LETTER TO NY	1	1	
498	Rec'd 2/22/85	DOE LETTER TO PERLIN	1/2	1/2	

62
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presumed
FBI/DOJ

- Mr. Lee
- Mr. Belmont
- Mr. Brantigan

GIR 16
November 16 1957

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3012 RUC

SAC, Philadelphia (65-4391)

DAVID GREENGLASS, ESPIONAGE - R

International News Service story dated 11-22-57 states David Greenglass told Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on 11-21-57 that an American paymaster carried Russian funds from abroad to Rosenberg. This man is described as having been a \$200 a day engineering consultant connected with the Aswan Dam project. Greenglass allegedly stated Rosenberg was hard pressed for cash for a two months' period in 1946 and could not pay his agents for their services and explained he was awaiting arrival of regular payoff man from Middle East.

This appears to be garbled version of information previously furnished by Greenglass concerning unknown subject in case captioned "Unknown Subject; Unknown Consultant at Aswan Dam in Egypt, 1946-1949, Espionage - R." Information concerning details of this case set forth in report of John Harrington dated 1-13-58 at New York, a copy of which was furnished to your office. It is noted Greenglass never advised the Bureau that this unknown subject was a paymaster for the Rosenberg ring and that Greenglass never stated Rosenberg was short of money.

Corrected
on 457

Greenglass should be reinterviewed thoroughly concerning this information and you should determine exactly what he told members of the Subcommittee in this interview. Results of this interview should be furnished to the Bureau promptly.

717701
1 - New York (Information) (65-15906)

Hoover

MAILED
NOV 28 1957
COMM-FB

1 - 65-5941 (Unsub; Unknown Consultant at Aswan Dam - Egypt 1946-1949, Espionage - R)

- Tolson _____
- Nichols _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Trotter _____
- Nease _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

JPL:ssh
(8)

NOTE: See memo Brantigan to Belmont same date, captioned as above.
JPL:ssh.

2 DEC 2 1957

717702

65-59028-457

EL-132

RECORDED - 39

NOV 26 1957

MAIL ROOM

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman 1 - Boardman
1 - Belmont
1 - Branigan
FROM : A. H. Belmont 1 - Lee

DATE: November 25, 1957

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R
(Bufile 65-59028)

HARRY GOLD
ESPIONAGE - R
(Bufile 65-57449)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-86 BY 3042/POT/DC

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Nease _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

In accordance with the Director's request that he be furnished with the pros and cons concerning the possible release of David Greenglass and Harry Gold from prison, the following information is set forth:

The "Washington Star" for 11-24-57 carried an article with a dateline of Point Pleasant, New Jersey, 11-23 and stated that Robert Morris, counsel, Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, called for the creation of a committee to seek the release from prison of convicted atom spies David Greenglass and Harry Gold. The article continued that Morris pointed out that both have been cooperating with intelligence agencies for 8 years and their release should prompt others to step forward and cooperate with the Government.

David Greenglass was sentenced on 4-6-51 to a term of 15 years. He became eligible for parole in February, 1956, at which time he was not granted parole. Again in 1957, his application for parole was turned down.

In favor of granting Greenglass parole, it should be noted that he was cooperative with the Bureau in furnishing details of the Rosenberg espionage operation and his involvement therein. He appeared as the main Government witness during the trial of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and Morton Sobell. His wife, Ruth Greenglass, was named as a coconspirator but not a codefendant, and she also appeared as a Government witness in the Rosenberg-Sobell trial. Since his sentence, Greenglass has continued to be cooperative in furnishing any information he has relating to the operation of the Rosenberg network. His wife, Ruth, has also furnished information to the Bureau. Greenglass has furnished information to Senate committees and in 1956 he appeared before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee in Washington, D. C.

In opposition to granting the parole to Greenglass, it must be noted that Greenglass committed a particularly heinous crime when he betrayed his trust as a sergeant in the United States Army and, with full knowledge of his actions, turned information over to Rosenberg concerning the atomic bomb which information he knew would be given to the Soviet Union.

JPL:jdb
(6) 63 DEC 4 1957

ENCLOSURE

RECORDED 53
65-59028-458
ESP/SEC

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 65-57449

Memorandum to Mr. Boardman
Re: David Greenglass; Harry Gold
Bufiles 65-59028; 65-57449

On 6-5-57 Mr. O. John Rogge, former Assistant Attorney General and attorney for Greenglass, wrote the Director, requesting an appointment with him for the purpose of having the Director write a letter to the parole board pointing out the cooperation given by Greenglass in the Rosenberg case. This matter was referred to Deputy Attorney General Rogers and Rogge was advised that he might desire to consult with the Department relative to this matter. Our files also reflect that on 4-17-51 former Assistant Attorney General McInerney advised the Bureau that O. John Rogge was alleged to have told the mother of David Greenglass that he had a deal with McInerney whereby Greenglass would be sentenced to 3 years. McInerney advised that there was no such deal with Rogge and that he had told Rogge he would see to it that any cooperation furnished by Greenglass to the Government would be called to the attention of the court in connection with the sentence of Greenglass and that this was done. McInerney stated however he was writing a letter recommending that Greenglass be granted parole when eligible and that he was writing this letter since he did not know whether he would be around when Greenglass came up for parole. At that time the Director commented: "We will be no party to any 'deals' or recommendations entered into by McInerney."

Concerning Harry Gold, he was sentenced on 12-9-50 to 30 years imprisonment by Judge McGranery on 12-14-50 issued an order amending this sentence from 30 years to 29 years and 223 days in order to credit Gold with the time served since his guilty plea on 7-20-50.

In favor of releasing Gold, it should be noted that he has been cooperative with the Bureau since he first admitted his identity as the courier for Klaus Fuchs. He has furnished complete information concerning the details of his espionage operations. He appeared as a witness in the trial of Abraham Brothman and in the trial of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and Morton Sobell. Since his incarceration he has continued to cooperate and has also cooperated with various Senate committees.

In opposition to releasing Gold, it should be noted that he played an important part in the stealing of the secret of the atomic bomb and turning the same over to the Russians inasmuch as he was the courier between Klaus Fuchs and Anatoli Yakovlev, Soviet Vice Consul. It should also be noted that in the normal course of events, a person is eligible for parole after he has served approximately one third of his sentence and Gold has not served one third of his sentence as yet. Therefore, in order to obtain a release for Gold it would be necessary to obtain a pardon for him or to change his original sentence.

Memorandum to Mr. Boardman
Re: David Greenglass; Harry Gold
Bufiles 65-59028; 65-57449

OBSERVATIONS:

It should be noted that the Bureau's position concerning Greenglass has been stated previously that the matter of his parole is one for the Department to handle. The question of the parole of Harry Gold has not arisen before; however, it is believed that the Bureau's position would be the same concerning parole for Gold. The sentence which Greenglass received was 15 years and the maximum which he could have received was 30 years or death. It is noted that Judge Kaufman in sentencing Greenglass to 15 years took into consideration his cooperation with the Government when he gave him the lesser sentence. It is felt that the continued cooperation of Greenglass should be a mitigating circumstance considered in connection with his parole.

ACTION:

In the event the Attorney General requests the Director's opinion on this matter, it is believed the Attorney General should be informed that this is a question for the Department to consider. However, it is felt that the continued cooperation of both Greenglass and Gold should be given consideration in connection with any application for parole made on their behalf inasmuch as the seriousness of their crimes was considered by the judges when their sentences were imposed.

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V

Morris Asks Drive To Release Gold And Greenglass

POINT PLEASANT, N. J., Nov. 23 (AP).—Robert Morris, Senate internal security subcommittee counsel, today called for the creation of a committee to seek the release from prison of convicted atom spies David Greenglass and Harry Gold.

Both have been cooperating with intelligence agencies for eight years, he said, and their release should prompt others to step forward and co-operate with the government.

"If even one important Com-

munist had defected from Moscow in the last three years and authoritatively informed us of the tremendous Soviet scientific gains, we would not today be in such dire peril," Mr. Morris said in a statement. Both Greenglass and Gold are at the Lewisburg, Pa., Federal prison.

Tolson _____
Nichols _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Nease _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

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DATE 11-19-86 BY 3042/PW/CS

Wash. Post and Times Herald _____
Wash. News _____
Wash. Star A22
N. Y. Herald Tribune _____
N. Y. Journal-American _____
N. Y. Mirror _____
N. Y. Daily News _____
N. Y. Times _____
Daily Worker _____
The Worker _____
New Leader _____

*memo Belmont to Boardman
11-25-57
JPL:zlh*

65-59028-458

Date NOV 24 1957

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 12/2/57

Transmit the following message via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

To : Director, FBI (65-59028)
 From: SAC, Philadelphia (65-4331)

DAVID GREENGLASS
 ESPIONAGE - R

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. Clayton	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

ReBuairtel 11/23/57 in captioned matter; Buairtel 10/21/57 and PHlet 11/1/57, captioned "JULIUS ROSENBERG, WAS., ET AL; ESPIONAGE - R."

On 11/27/57 DAVID GREENGLASS, inmate, U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., was interviewed by SA THOMAS E. SAUNDERS regarding information which he told the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on 11/21/57. GREENGLASS stated that on 11/21/57 at the very outset of the interview conducted by Mr. ROBERT MORRIS, Chief Counsel, he complained to him that BENJAMIN MANDEL, who had previously interviewed him, had distorted the facts and furnished a press release that was in some parts entirely different from statements actually made to MANDEL. GREENGLASS stated that MORRIS seemed to ignore GREENGLASS' objections in this regard.

GREENGLASS stated that he never made any statements to MORRIS to the effect that an American paymaster carried Russian funds from abroad to ROSENBERG. GREENGLASS further stated that he did not make the statement, "ROSENBERG was hard pressed for cash for a two-month period in 1948 and could not pay his agents for their services and explained that he was awaiting arrival of regular payoff man from Middle East."

- ③ - Bureau (RM)
 (2 - 65-59028)
 (1 - 65-58236) (JULIUS ROSENBERG)
 2 - New York (Info.) (RM)
 (1 - 65-15366)
 (1 - 65-15348) (JULIUS ROSENBERG)
 2 - Philadelphia
 (1 - 65-4331)
 (1 - 65-4350) (JULIUS ROSENBERG)

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TES:bao/JMB
 (7)

148 NOV 18 1960

68 DEC 12 1957

Approved: C. S. H. [Signature]
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

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DATE 7-28-80 BY 3042/RS/DC

65-59028-459

DEC 10 1957

RECORDED

cc - Lee

Released per Bureau of Dissem. 10-8-75 vsp

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

12

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Date:

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(Priority or Method of Mailing)

PH 65-4331

Regarding the above, GREENGLASS stated, this conversation came about when MORRIS asked GREENGLASS if there was anything else which he could think of that he had not previously mentioned to the Committee. GREENGLASS said that it was at this time that he volunteered the information to MORRIS that during the period 1947-1949, ROSENBERG had given money to one of his contacts in upper New York State, never identified to GREENGLASS, and had lost contact with the Soviet due to the COPLON situation. GREENGLASS stated that, as previously related to the FBI, he personally had many financial obligations to meet at this time and had asked ROSENBERG for money to meet them. He then reiterated that it was at this time that ROSENBERG informed him that he would be able to obtain the money and give GREENGLASS some when a consultant on the Aswan Dam project in Egypt flew in to the United States, as this man would give ROSENBERG the necessary funds. GREENGLASS stated that never at any time did ROSENBERG say that this consultant was carrying Russian funds, but rather ROSENBERG left GREENGLASS with the impression that it would be the consultant's personal funds that he would give to ROSENBERG. GREENGLASS stated that, as previously related to the Bureau, ROSENBERG did say that this consultant was a Government employee who was allegedly receiving \$200 per day as a consultant on the Aswan Dam project, while on leave from his Government job.

Regarding matters discussed with him by MORRIS, GREENGLASS advised that with the exception of the matter mentioned above, it was a review of the information that he had previously furnished to Mr. MANDEL. He said that after the initial introduction, they engaged in similar conversation to that between him and MANDEL concerning the sky platform and the atomic airplane. He said that absolutely nothing he said to MORRIS regarding these matters varied at all from the information he had furnished MANDEL. He said that he again told Mr. MORRIS that MANDEL had distorted this information, however, MORRIS did not appear to him to be interested in GREENGLASS' objection in this regard. He said that he then informed MORRIS that ROSENBERG had informed him that he had

- 2 -

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

13

FBI

Date:

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(Priority or Method of Mailing)

PH 65-4331

supplied the Russians with all types of technical manuals available to him, ROSENBERG, in his official capacity at the Signal Corps during World War II.

GREENGLASS related that Mr. MORRIS brought up the fact that in 1953 before the McCARTHY Committee, he, GREENGLASS, had testified that JOEL BARR was working on an antimissile program. Mr. MORRIS wanted GREENGLASS to elaborate on this statement. GREENGLASS advised that he informed Mr. MORRIS that he did not recall having testified to such a statement and, in fact, at this time cannot recall whether JOEL BARR was doing such a thing or what the situation was at that time. He said he informed MORRIS that JULIUS ROSENBERG had been successful in obtaining an entire proximity fuse and it was his opinion that Mr. MORRIS had this confused with the anti-missile information.

On 11/27/57 Associate Warden HERBERT COX advised SA SAUNDERS that he had monitored the meeting between Mr. MORRIS and GREENGLASS, had made notes of the conversation, and had dictated a memorandum from his notes. Mr. COX made available a copy of this memorandum for review which reads as follows:

"The first phase of the interview concerned space platform. GREENGLASS stated that in 1947 ROSENBERG, GREENGLASS, and GREENGLASS' brother were talking, and ROSENBERG mentioned space platforms, a closed vessel which would rotate around the earth and space. He stated that later JULIUS ROSENBERG told him that the information on the space platform had been received from one of ROSENBERG's contacts and he passed it on to the Russians. He told Mr. MORRIS that a Dr. BARR was one of the espionage agents who worked as a project engineer for Sperry Gyroscope, was later fired by the Army, worked in the private shop with GREENGLASS and ROSENBERG, and later went to Europe. ROSENBERG asked him, GREENGLASS, to leave the country, as a man connected to him was

- 3 -

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

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Per _____

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FBI

Date:

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(Priority or Method of Mailing)

PH 65-4331

"being questioned by the British and on the basis of this he should leave. He couldn't go because at the time he was connected with Los Alamos.

"The next subject discussed was the atom powered airplane. GREENGLASS stated that in 1947 or 1948 while they were thinking in terms of atom powered submarines, ROSENBERG told him that they had solved the problem of the atom powered airplane. ROSENBERG stated he received the information from 'one of the boys' and gave it to the Russians. The next subject discussed was the anti-missile missile. GREENGLASS advised that ROSENBERG said JOEL BARR worked on the anti-missile missile and he secured information; in fact, BARR stole a complete proximity fuse while in the Signal Corps employ from Emerson Radio and Television Company, brought it out of the plant in a briefcase, and gave it to ROSENBERG, who passed it on to the Russians.

"GREENGLASS stated that he did not know much about the anti-missile missile because he was out of spying from 1945-1950 when arrested. He and Mr. MORRIS had some discussion about a \$200.00 a day consultant flying back and forth from Egypt and was one of ROSENBERG's agents. GREENGLASS was told that in 1945 ROSENBERG secured every electronic catalogue and transmitted to the Russians because of the lack of electronic program in Russia. These electronics catalogues contained descriptions and data which would be valuable to them.

"The entire interview was merely a rehash of previous interview with Mr. MANDEL. It ended when GREENGLASS could think of nothing else which he considered significant which might show that the information he and others passed through ROSENBERG to the Russians would have been instrumental in expediting or accelerating those subjects discussed. As Mr. MORRIS was leaving,

- 4 -

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

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Date:

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(Priority or Method of Mailing)

PH 65-4331

"he told GREENGLASS that he was aware of the fact that they were trying to help him and GREENGLASS said yes."

Re PHlet 11/1/57, captioned "JULIUS ROSENBERG, WAS., ET AL; ESPIONAGE - R." set forth DAVID GREENGLASS would be questioned again to clarify whether ROSENBERG had contacts in Air Force Electric Procurement, Philadelphia, or Philadelphia Signal Corps.

In an effort to clarify whether ROSENBERG had any contacts in Philadelphia in either the Signal Corps or in Air Force Electric Procurement, the entire situation was reviewed with GREENGLASS again, and there appears to be great confusion on his part as to just what the true situation was. GREENGLASS relates that he, his brother BERNIE GREENGLASS, and ROSENBERG were, during the period of late 1947 until early 1949, engaged as partners in the operation of Pitt Machine Products, Inc., 370 East Houston Street, New York City. The following GREENGLASS states he can say with certainty: that during the time that they were operating the Pitt Machine Products, Inc., ROSENBERG did make two or maybe more trips to Philadelphia, ostensibly to contact people in an effort to obtain Government contracts for Pitt Machine Products. He can further say with certainty that ROSENBERG had become acquainted with various members of the Signal Corps while they were assigned in New York. He can further say with certainty that he definitely recalls ROSENBERG mentioning the words "Air Force" in connection with Philadelphia; hence, he now assumes that a former associate of ROSENBERG in the Signal Corps in New York City had been transferred to Philadelphia and was now associated with Air Force Procurement. GREENGLASS stated he cannot recall where he picked up the term "Air Force Electric Procurement, Philadelphia," but thinks that he recalled ROSENBERG having made that statement in connection with his trips to Philadelphia.

GREENGLASS further pointed out that ROSENBERG never did discuss his trips to Philadelphia with him, nor did he

- 5 -

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

16

FBI

Date:

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(Priority or Method of Mailing)

PH 65-4331

intimate that they were anything other than legitimate business trips. GREENGLASS said he was always a little suspicious, inasmuch as ROSENBERG had never been successful in obtaining any business for the plant, and pointed out that it is entirely possible that ROSENBERG never went to Philadelphia at all; however, this is conjecture on his part.

GREENGLASS further pointed out that in view of the alleged number of people that ROSENBERG became acquainted with in the Signal Corps in New York City, it is entirely possible that he would have known these same people after their transfer to Philadelphia in either the Signal Corps or Air Force Electric Procurement if, in fact, some Signal Corps people formerly assigned with the Signal Corps at New York City during World War II had been transferred to the Air Force Electric Procurement in Philadelphia.

GREENGLASS then recalled that only once ROSENBERG brought back anything from Philadelphia in the way of a possible subcontract, and from this fact he assumes that ROSENBERG did contact someone in the Signal Corps in Philadelphia. As to whether ROSENBERG ever actually made any contact with Air Force Electric Procurement, GREENGLASS states he has no actual knowledge such a contact was ever made.

HENNRICH

- 6 -

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

17

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : A. H. Belmont ^{Belmont}
 1 - Branigan
 1 - Nease
 1 - Lee

DATE: December 5, 1957

FROM : W. A. Brown

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - RALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3012 PWT/KS

Tolson ☒
 Nichols ☒
 Boardman ☒
 Belmont ☒
 Mason ☒
 Mohr ☒
 Parsons ☒
 Rosen ☒
 Tamm ☒
 Nease ☒
 Winterrowd ☒
 Tele. Room ☒
 Holloman ☒
 Gandy ☒

The "Washington Post and Times Herald" for 11-22-57 carried an International News Service article stating that Robert Morris, counsel, Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, stated David Greenglass, convicted espionage agent, was interviewed in person on 11-21-57 and told of an American paymaster who carried Russian funds from abroad to Julius Rosenberg, executed Soviet agent. The article described the paymaster as a \$200 per day engineering consultant for the Aswan Dam in Egypt. Greenglass allegedly stated Rosenberg was hard pressed for cash for 8 months in 1948 and stated he was awaiting the arrival of the regular pay-off man from the East and gave a brief description of this agent as is set forth above. By memo dated 11-23-57 it was pointed out that this appeared to be a garbled version of information Greenglass previously furnished the Bureau about one of Rosenberg's contacts who was employed as a consultant on the Aswan Dam Project, was allegedly paid \$200 and made a trip to Egypt. Between 1946 to 1949 investigation developed that this man was possibly William Perl, a member of the Rosenberg espionage ring who worked for Dr. Theodore Von Karman in connection with some work Von Karman did for private companies in connection with this project.

Greenglass was reinterviewed on 11-27-57 and he advised he never made any statements to Morris to the effect that an American paymaster carried American funds from abroad to Rosenberg. He also denied that he made a statement that Rosenberg was hard pressed for cash in 1948 and was awaiting the arrival of the regular pay-off man from the Middle East. Greenglass stated that he related to Morris the story as previously told to the FBI that he had asked Rosenberg for money sometime during the period of 1947 - 1949 and Rosenberg told him he would be able to obtain the money when a consultant on the Aswan Dam Project in Egypt flew back to the United States as this man would give Rosenberg some money. Greenglass stated that Rosenberg never said this consultant was carrying Russian funds but rather Rosenberg gave Greenglass the impression it would be this man's personal funds which he, Rosenberg, would borrow.

Greenglass stated that at the interview of 11-21-57 he complained to Mr. Morris that Benjamin Mandel, investigator for the Committee who had previously interviewed him, had distorted the facts.

65-59028

JPL:jdb

(5)

68 DEC 12 1957

Released per Bureau
 of Prisoners memo
 10-1-55 Sup

INDEXED - 66
 RECORDED - 66

65-59028-460
 12 DEC 1957
 JPL

18

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
Re: David Greenglass
65-59028

of the interview and gave a press release that in some parts was entirely different from statements made by Greenglass. Greenglass said Morris seemed to ignore his objections in this regard.

^{Penn}
Associate Warden Herbert Col advised that he had monitored the conversation between Mr. Morris and Greenglass and made notes from which he had dictated a memo. A review of this memo reflects that it contains a statement that Greenglass and Morris had a discussion about a \$200 a day consultant flying back and forth from Egypt and was one of Rosenberg's agents. No mention was made of a paymaster.

ACTION:

For your information.

WAS
per
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own
JH
ans
SP
✓

MR. J. H. BELMONT

December 9, 1957

R. B. ROACH

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12-4-80 BY 61202 PWT/LS

UNKNOWN SUBJECT, (AGENT OF
JULIUS ROSENBERG, EMPLOYED
ASWAN DAM, EGYPT, 1948)
ESPIONAGE - R

In public proceedings before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee (SISS) at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on November 21, 1957, Robert Morris, chief counsel, informed the Subcommittee that he had that morning interviewed David Greenglass at the Lewisburg Penitentiary.

He stated that Greenglass had informed him, among other things, that in 1948 Julius Rosenberg had told Greenglass that he had an agent who was then working on the Aswan Dam in Egypt as a \$200-a-day engineering consultant for the United States Government. This agent, according to Rosenberg, was at that time flying back from Egypt to the United States and was carrying funds to be delivered to Rosenberg for use in the latter's espionage operations.

Morris further informed the Subcommittee: "As far as we know, this man has never been exposed, and if we can follow out these leads, if we have further testimony, we may know the identity of this man who apparently occupied an important place, at least in 1948, as a \$200-a-day consultant. The only lead we have is that he was working on the Aswan Dam."

Morris' statement indicated that Greenglass had told him that he had recently been trying to assist the FBI in connection with the above matter.

The foregoing information appears in Volume 144 (pages 6872-3) of public proceedings before the SISS on "Scope of Soviet Activity in the United States." A stenographic transcript of these proceedings was temporarily furnished the Bureau on December 5, 1957 (see memorandum Mr. Nease to Mr. Tolson, that date). A Photostat of this transcript has been prepared and will be filed for future reference in Bureau file 62-88217. The original transcript has been returned to the Subcommittee.

Tolson _____
Nichols _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Nease _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Brannigan
1 - Liaison Section
1 - Mr. Short

1 - File 65-59028 (Greenglass)
1 - 65-59028 (SISS)

JOS:ncg (7)
MAIL ROOM ☐

NOT RECORDED
149 DEC 11 1957

Memorandum Recd to Belmont
RE: UNKNOWN SUBJECT; (AGENT OF
JULIUS ROSENBERG, EMPLOYED
AMMAN DAN, EGYPT, 1946)

ACTION:

It is recommended that this information be forwarded
to the Espionage Section for its information and such action as may
be warranted in connection with matters being supervised in that
section.

Office N

UNIT

GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman - Boardman
 1 - Belmont
 1 - Lee
 FROM : A. H. Belmont 1 - Short

DATE: December 30, 1957

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
 ESPIONAGE - R
 Bufile 65-59028

HARRY GOLD
 ESPIONAGE - R
 Bufile 65-57449

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11-19-86 BY 3042/ADP/STP

Tolson _____
 Nichols _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mason _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Nease _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

The public hearing held by the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on 11-21-57 has been reviewed. Most of the transcript of this hearing is made up of statements by Robert Morris, counsel for the Subcommittee, concerning his conversations with David Greenglass and Harry Gold prior to the hearing. Morris complains to Senator Butler about the refusal of the Department of Justice to allow Greenglass and Gold to leave prison to testify publicly before the Committee. Morris tells of the interview of Gold which reveals no information not previously furnished to the Bureau by Gold. Morris mentions one of Gold's agents who furnished information to Gold about the process for making nylon and Morris states that this agent's name is new to him. Morris did not put the name of this agent in the record. This undoubtedly refers to William Webb Stapler who furnished information to Gold in return for money. Stapler died in 1947 and attempts to prove his participation in espionage activities with Gold have been negative.

Morris also tells of his conversation with David Greenglass and rehashes information which Greenglass has given on previous occasions relating to Rosenberg's knowledge of the space platform and the nuclear energy for propulsion of aircraft program. Morris also refers to testimony given by Greenglass to this Committee in 1953 about the "think machine," an antimissile missile, which information was obtained by Rosenberg. Morris also states that Greenglass told him that Joel Barr had worked on the antimissile missile and that Greenglass had also furnished a great deal of information about Barr and this is one of the items which the investigators for the Committee are trying to determine. Morris also related that Greenglass had told him on one occasion in 1948 Rosenberg was short of money and Rosenberg told him he was waiting for one of his agents who was flying back from Egypt and described this agent as a \$200 a day consultant and that this agent was bringing money back for Rosenberg's espionage operations. It is noted that Greenglass originally furnished information to the Bureau about one of Rosenberg's contacts who was employed as a consultant on the Aswan Dam Project who allegedly was paid \$200 a day and had made a trip to Egypt. Greenglass was

JPL:jdb

(5) 6 JAN 10 1958

RECORDED - 9

24 JAN 7 1958

ESP. SEC.

Memorandum to Mr. Boardman
Re: David Greenglass; Harry Gold
65-59028; 65-57449

reinterviewed on 11-27-57 and advised that he never made any statements to Morris to the effect that an American paymaster carried funds from abroad to Rosenberg. He restated his original information and stated this was what he had furnished to Morris. Greenglass also stated at that time that he had complained to Morris that Benjamin Mandel, investigator for the Committee, who had previously interviewed him, had distorted the facts of the interview and had given a press release which was in some parts entirely different from Greenglass' statements. Greenglass said Morris ignored his protests.

Joel Barr has been identified as a member of the Rosenberg espionage network who left the United States in 1948 and lived in France until the date of Greenglass' arrest in June, 1950, at which time he disappeared. Barr was employed by Sperry Gyroscope for approximately 1 year between 1946 and 1947 but was discharged as a security risk in that he could not be granted a clearance for handling classified material. While at Sperry he worked on unclassified work.

The hearing also included testimony by Vladimir Shabinsky, a former lieutenant colonel in the Soviet army who defected in 1947. Shabinsky's testimony concerned operations of the Soviet Secret Police in Germany at the close of WW II and did not include any information concerning espionage in the United States.

ACTION:

For your information. The transcript contains no information requiring additional action by Bureau.

*WAS
for
JFK*
*WAS
for
JFK*
*WAS
for
JFK*
*WAS
for
JFK*

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: 1/10/58

FROM : G. A. Nease

SUBJECT:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042 PWT/PLS

Washington Star, Wash, D.C.

Rex Collier called. He stated that there has been considerable agitation, as we know, to release David Greenglass from prison. He stated that the Star is inclined to write a brief editorial expressing sympathy to this move and he pointed out that he believed the Saturday Evening Post which recently carried an article giving Greenglass a great deal of credit for breaking the atom spy case and for his cooperation with the FBI. Collier would like a little personal guidance as to what we think of the idea.

There is attached hereto a background memorandum concerning Greenglass and Gold.

It is recommended that I call Mr. Collier back and tell him that as he knows, we cannot express an opinion on parole matters, but that for his information it is true that Greenglass did cooperate with the Bureau in furnishing details of the Rosenberg espionage operation and his involvement therein; that since his confinement to prison he has continued to be cooperative with the Government; and that we feel his cooperation has been wholehearted. I will also tell him that he might want to take into consideration that Greenglass did commit a particularly heinous crime when he betrayed his trust as a sergeant in the U. S. Army and that his cooperation was considered by Judge Kaufman when he gave him a 15-year sentence and the maximum he could have received was 30 years or death.

RECORDED - 20

GAN:hpf

(5)

Enclosure

cc - Mr. Boardman

cc - Mr. Belmont

cc - Mr. Jones

ADDENDUM, GAN:hpf, 1/10/58

I called Rex Collier and advised him as indicated above. He remarked that he thought Bob Morris had a good idea that Greenglass was entitled to as much consideration as the several communists who have been convicted and turned loose by the Supreme Court. He stated that he thought the Star would run a favorable editorial in behalf of Greenglass.

63 JAN 20 1958 33
65-59028

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Clayton _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

JAN 16 1958

CRIME REC

2-24-58

TO: W. A. Branigan
FROM: J. P. LEE

Re: DAVID GREENGLASS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-80 BY 3042/PWT/CIS

Captioned case has been reviewed and careful consideration given to the advisability of any reinterviews, interviews or other action which may now appear warranted. In the event such now appears desirable, necessary action is being initiated.

Bureau file: 65-59028

65-59028

NOT RECORDED
23 FEB 25 1958

FBI-DEALG

57 FEB 25 1958

TO: W. A. Branigan

FROM: J. P. Lee

2-27-58

Re: RUTH CREINGLASS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042/rw/cbs

Captioned case has been reviewed and careful consideration given to the advisability of any reinterviews, interviews or other action which may now appear warranted. In the event such now appears desirable, necessary action is being initiated.

Bureau file: 65-59028

65-59028-
NOT RECORDED
23 FEB 25 1958

F.I. ⑤ E76

207
76 FEB 26 1958

26

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Trotter	
Mr. Clayton	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

DATE: 4/2/58

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE-RALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 2062/pw/ck

On 3/28/58, Mrs. RUTH GREENGLASS, wife of DAVID GREENGLASS, telephonically advised SA WILLIAM D. DONOHUE that "we got the business again" referring to the US Parole Board's recent refusal to grant GREENGLASS parole.

She said she may be speaking in the heat of the moment, but she sees no point in his talking to anyone in the future. When she visited him after the death of his mother on 1/31/58, RUTH requested DAVID not to talk to anyone because it all has been so fruitless.

When asked whether she preferred not to be contacted by agents of the FBI, should occasion demand, she hesitated and then stated that if it were necessary, call her and she would decide then.

She said she was not engaging in a game of "Tit for Tat", and did not expect equal measure for measure, but the way is dark; hopes few and the burden heavy.

She expressed concern that the present call might adversely affect her husband should it be made a matter of record and hoped that it would not have such effect.

She excused herself for sounding bitter, but her hopes have been shattered.

2-Bureau (65-59028) (RM)
1-New York (65-15336)

WDD:wfw
(3)

61 APR 14 1958

E B I
333

EX-135

12 APR 8 1958

Litigation
EST. SEC.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: 4/29/58

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESP-R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042 BWT/CJS

Remylet dated 4/2/58. *su 463*

On 4/21/58, Mrs. DAVID GREENGLASS telephonically advised SA WILLIAM D. DONOHUE that she had been to visit DAVID on 4/20/58, and he had severely chastized her for making the call reported in relet.

She wished to advise that she regretted having made it and hoped that the present apology would neutralize whatever effect the prior call may have had.

② - Bureau (65-59028) (RM)
1 - New York (65-15336)

MDD:jmd
(3)

REC-74

65-59028-464

10 MAY 1 1958

REC'D

50 MAY 7 1958

1958

Office

dum .

UNITED STATES

GOVERNMENT

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

DATE

6/6/58

FROM

NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT:

DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE-R

On and after 3/23/58, RUTH GREENGLASS and her two children are to be known [redacted] respectively.

This change was ordered by the Honorable JOHN A. BYRNES, Justice, on application of RUTH GREENGLASS in Special Term, Part II, of the City Court of the City of New York.

O. JOHN ROGGE was attorney for the petitioner.

Papers disclose RUTH GREENGLASS born 4/30/24 Manhattan, New York, certificate # 17750.

STEVEN LAWRENCE GREENGLASS born 8/6/46, Manhattan, New York, certificate number 25463.

BARBARA HELEN GREENGLASS, born 5/18/50, Manhattan, New York, certificate number 15650-118719.

The above proceeding bears index # N-10017 1958.

This information was furnished to NANCY J. MARREN, Clerk, NYO by [redacted] (conceal).

[redacted] a typewritten copy of the order, which will be placed in the 1A Exhibit of this file in the NYO.

An extra copy of this letter is furnished the Bureau for its file "Proposed Book by JIM BISHOP 'The Time of the Atom Spies' Crime Records-Research".

- 3- Bureau (65-59028) (RM)
1- New York (62-11957) 1 BW 28
1- New York (65-15336)

WDD:ptp
(5)

No Reason to give return name
to Bishop - JH po

copy detailed
in Crime Records
no further action
necessary file #/gen

ESP. SEC.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042K-1/CL5

BEC-1

REC-21

65-59028-1165
JUN 10 1958

EX. 480 ONE

29

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: August 27, 1958

FROM :

MR. D. E. MOORE

SUBJECT:

DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - RALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-80 BY 3042/PWT/CIS

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Nease	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
W.C. Sullivan	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

At 3:06 p.m., 8/27/58, Mr. Tolson advised that Judge Irving Kaufman had received a request to write to the Parole Board on behalf of David Greenglass, and Judge Kaufman indicated that while he did not normally do such things, he was considering it with regard to Greenglass, in view of Greenglass' past cooperation with the Government. Mr. Tolson said he recalled that the matter of Greenglass' cooperation had previously come up and that it was his recollection we had written to the Department on this matter. I told Mr. Tolson that this was correct; that Greenglass had cooperated and that in connection with this matter we had written to the Department, setting forth details of his cooperation.

Mr. Tolson requested that a memorandum be prepared for the Director, setting forth the background of Greenglass' cooperation with the Government and also reflecting what we had advised the Department in this matter. Mr. Tolson also requested that a copy of the memorandum be furnished him. Mr. Tolson mentioned that the Director would probably be in touch with Judge Kaufman on September 2. I told Mr. Tolson that the memorandum would be prepared immediately. Mr. Branigan and Mr. Lee have been advised.

DEM:LL

(4)

- 1--Mr. Belmont
- 1--Mr. Branigan
- 1--Mr. J. P. Lee

REC-34

65-59028-466

SEP 9 1958

EX-135

59 SEP 12 1958

EST/SEC

30

Memo. Tolson to Director 8/28/58 (Encl. memo)
J.P.L. fw

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

JH : The Director

DATE: August 28, 1958

FROM : A. H. Belmont *ahb*

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042 / *WJ* / *CK*

Tolson ☒
Boardman ☐
Belmont ☐
Mohr ☐
Nease ☐
Parsons ☐
Rosen ☐
Tamm ☐
Trotter ☐
Cloyton ☐
Tele. Room ☐
Holloman ☐
Gandy ☐
W. G. Sullivan

Reference is made to memorandum from Mr. D. E. Moore to Mr. Belmont dated 8/27/58 advising that Judge Irving Kaufman received a request to write the U. S. Parole Board on behalf of David Greenglass and that he was considering doing this in view of the past cooperation of Greenglass. Mr. Tolson requested a memorandum be prepared for the Director setting forth the cooperation of Greenglass and reflecting we have advised the Department of his cooperation.

David Greenglass began cooperating with the Bureau during the interview conducted on 6/15/50. He continued to furnish information concerning the activities of the Rosenberg apparatus and both Greenglass and his wife, Ruth, appeared as Government witnesses at the trial of the Rosenbergs and Sobell. Without their testimony it would have been impossible to convict the Rosenbergs, since the Greenglasses were the only witnesses who could link the Rosenbergs with the espionage conspiracy. While Harry Gold could implicate the Greenglasses, he did not know the Rosenbergs and thus his testimony would not have been sufficient for conviction.

Following the incarceration of Greenglass, both he and his wife have continued to be cooperative on interviews and have furnished complete details of their knowledge of the Rosenberg ring. David Greenglass has testified before Congressional committees and his most recent appearance was in 1956 before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee. Greenglass originally became eligible for parole in February, 1956, but this request and successive requests have been turned down.

During the investigation prior to the trial and throughout the numerous appeals of the Rosenbergs, we furnished the Department all pertinent information given by the Greenglasses on interviews. We have also advised the Department of their continued cooperation and in a letter to the Attorney General dated 2/5/54 and in a letter to the Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division dated 4/6/55 we noted the fact that both Greenglasses were continuing to cooperate.

Enclosure
65-59028
JPL:jlw
(5)

Tic. - 1 - Mr. Tolson
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Lee

EX-135 REC-3A 65-59028-463
SEP 9 1958

61 SEP 12 1958

Returned to file
65-59028-458

31

Memorandum Belmont to the Director
Re: DAVID GREENGLASS
65-59028

There is attached a memorandum dated 11/25/57 which was prepared in accordance with the Director's request that he be furnished the pros and cons concerning the possible release of David Greenglass and Harry Gold from prison. In this memorandum it was pointed out that the position of the Bureau regarding parole for Greenglass has always been that this is a matter for the Department to handle. It was also noted that Judge Kaufman, when he sentenced Greenglass, took into consideration his cooperation when he imposed a sentence of fifteen years, rather than the maximum of thirty years or death. It was also pointed out that the continued cooperation of Greenglass should be considered a mitigating circumstance in connection with his requests for parole.

ACTION:

This information is prepared for the information of the Director in connection with any discussions he may have with Judge Kaufman relative to Judge Kaufman's contacting the U. S. Parole Board.

JB
Tuk
over
G

V. H. R. C.
8/28

Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. McGuire	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Trotter	
Mr. W.C. Sullivan	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

TO: Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: July 23, 1959

FROM: George J. Reed, Chairman
U.S. Board of Parole

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS, 19352-NE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The above named case was given a "review hearing" on this date by the U.S. Board of Parole at the request of Mrs. Ruth Greenglass and her attorney, O. John Rogge.

It has been suggested to the Board from various sources that David Greenglass has cooperated with the Government, at the time of his trial and since, and that the Parole Board should give him some consideration in recognition of his assistance given to the Government.

The Board must weigh many matters in reaching a decision to either grant or deny parole in any given case and no one factor can or would be in and of itself a deciding factor.

Members of the Board would welcome any observation or comment which you may care to make to me regarding the Greenglass matter.

per release 86-184001
CLASSIFIED BY 3042/pwt/kls
ON 11-25-86

EX-1100C
JUL 24 1959

REC-52 65-59028-468

33
AUG 4 1959
102

12 AUG 7 1959

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Lee

Mr. George J. Reed, Chairman
U. S. Board of Parole
Director, FBI

July 28, 1959

DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 5042 PWT/US

Reference is made to your letter of July 23, 1959, requesting any observation or comment concerning the granting or denial of parole to David Greenglass. Concerning the question of parole for David Greenglass, this Bureau defers to your judgment in this matter. However, the following facts are set forth for your information.

David Greenglass was first interviewed concerning his involvement in espionage on June 15, 1950. During that interview, he admitted his participation in the espionage conspiracy which included Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, Morton Sobell, Anatoli Yakovlev and Ruth Greenglass. Following that interview both Greenglass and his wife cooperated fully in revealing the details of their espionage activities to this Bureau. Both Greenglass and his wife appeared as witnesses for the Government in the trial of the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell. It should be noted that their testimony was extremely pertinent inasmuch as they were the witnesses who linked the Rosenbergs to the actual theft of atomic information.

Since the incarceration of Greenglass, both he and his wife have continued to cooperate during interviews and have furnished complete details of their knowledge of espionage operations. David Greenglass has testified before Congressional committees and his most recent public appearance was in 1956 before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee. He has also cooperated in interviews with representatives of various Congressional committees.

The above is furnished for your information.

NOTE: This is classified "Confidential" since it refers to information in the incoming letter so classified.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
DeLoach _____
McGuire _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

SENT DIRECTOR
FOR APPROVAL

7/27/59 TELETYPE UNIT

WAB/DVN 10-28-75

REC'D-READING ROOM

JUL 27 2 40 PM '59

EX-102

REC-5265-59028-468

AUG 12 1959

See memo Branigan to Belmont dated 7-27-59 captioned

JPL:bba

JPL:bba

xe

34

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: July 27, 1959

FROM : Mr. W. A. Branigan

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Branigan

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESPIONAGE - RALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042 PUF/03

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
DeLoach	_____
McGuire	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Trotter	_____
W.C. Sullivan	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

By letter dated July 23, 1959, George J. Reed, Chairman, U.S. Board of Parole, advised the case of Greenglass was given a "review hearing" on July 23, 1959, and it had been suggested to the Board from various sources that Greenglass had cooperated with the Government and the Parole Board should give him consideration because of this assistance. Reed stated that the Board of Parole would welcome any observation or comment which the Director may care to make regarding the Greenglass matter.

David Greenglass began cooperating with the Bureau during the interview conducted on June 15, 1950. He continued to furnish information concerning the activities of the Rosenberg apparatus and both he and his wife appeared as Government witnesses at the trial of the Rosenbergs and Sobell. Without their testimony, it would have been impossible to convict the Rosenbergs since the Greenglasses were the only witnesses who could link the Rosenbergs with the espionage conspiracy. While Harry Gold could implicate the Greenglasses, he did not know the Rosenbergs and his testimony would have not been enough for conviction. Since Greenglass was imprisoned in April, 1951, both he and his wife have continued to be cooperative on interviews. Greenglass has testified before Congressional committees and his most recent public appearance was before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee in 1956. He has also been cooperative on interviews conducted at the prison by investigators for Congressional committees.

Greenglass was sentenced in April, 1951, to 15 years imprisonment and thus he originally became eligible for parole in 1956 but he has not been granted parole. We have furnished the Department, prior to the trial and throughout the numerous appeals of the Rosenbergs, all pertinent information given by the Greenglasses. We have also advised the Department in 1954 and in 1955 of the continued cooperation of the Greenglasses with the Government. Our position concerning Greenglass has been that the matter of his parole is one for the Department to handle. Therefore, it is believed we should advise Mr. Reed that the Bureau defers to his judgment concerning Greenglass' parole but it is also believed that we should set forth for Mr. Reed the details of Greenglass' cooperation with the Government.

ACTION:

EX - 102

REC- 52 65-59028-469

There is attached for your approval a letter to Mr. Reed, Chairman, U.S. Board of Parole, furnishing him with the details of the cooperation of the Greenglasses and advising him that the Bureau defers to his judgment in this matter.

Enclosure
65-59028

JPL:bbg (4)

SENT DIRECTOR
FOR APPROVAL

7-27-59

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: August 11, 1959

FROM : George J. Read
Chairman, United States Board of Parole

SUBJECT: GREENGLASS, David
Reg. No. 19352-NH

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Parsons _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Mr. W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Miss Gandy _____

I am writing to express the Board's appreciation of your report of July 28, 1959 in which you provide pertinent information regarding the case of David Greenglass, as we had requested by letter of June 23.

The Board has now completed another Reconsideration Review of Greenglass' case but has concluded that favorable parole action should not be taken at this time.

Your report is being incorporated into the file record and will be referred to again on the occasion of the next review of Greenglass' case.

REC-77

EX-138

AUG 17 1959

AUG 13 1959

57 AUG 20 1959

DECLASSIFIED BY
ON 11-25-86
per release 86-1800

33 EXT-PROC
AUG 13 1959

12EM
L. H. [Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]
[Signature]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :

W. A. ^{AB}Wrightgan
_{ENG}

DATE:

10/5/59

FROM :

J. P. Leary

SUBJECT:

DAVID GREENGLASS

Esp. R

E. J. Gregg
Room 1501

Captioned case has been reviewed and careful consideration given to the advisability of any reinterviews, interviews or other action which may now appear warranted. In the event such now appears desirable, necessary action is being initiated.

Bureau file: 65-59028

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-82 BY 3042 PWT/CB

Espionage Section

65-59028-

NOT RECORDED

14 OCT 7 1959

50 OCT 8 1959 50

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 13 1960

TELETYPE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042/PW/CL

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Parsons ✓
Mr. Belmont ✓
Mr. Callahan ✓
Mr. DeLoach ✓
Mr. Malone ✓
Mr. McGuire ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tamm ✓
Mr. Trotter ✓
Mr. W.C. Sullivan ✓
Tele. Room ✓
Mr. Ingram ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

URGENT 11-13-60 2-35 PM EST JRJD

TO DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, NEW YORK

FROM SAC, PHILADELPHIA

DAVID GREENGLASS, ESPIONAGE DASH R. NEWSPAPER ARTICLE
APPEARING IN "SUNBURY DAILY ITEM", ELEVEN TWELVE SIXTY
CONTAINS CONJECTURE THAT GREENGLASS HAD BEEN RELEASED
FROM USP, LEWISBURG, WARDEN, JOHN C. WILLINGHAM, ADVISED
THAT GREENGLASS HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED BY US MARSHALS TO
FEDERAL DETENTION HEADQUARTERS, NEW YORK CITY, UNBEKNOWNST
TO ANYONE AND IS SCHEDULED FOR CONDITIONAL RELEASE ELEVEN
SIXTEEN SIXTY. USP, LEWISBURG HAS BEEN BESIEGED BY NEWS
MEDIA TO COVER GREENGLASS-S RELEASE. WARDEN IS REFUSING
COMMENT ON ALL INQUIRIES. ABOVE FOR INFO BUREAU AND NY
END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 2-37 PM OK FBI WA JSA

NY OK FBI NY MYN

TU DISCMV

REC-46

NOV 17 1960

EX-117

CC-MR. BELMONT

52 NOV 23 1960

FBI

Date:

11/22/60

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via **AIRTEL**

RM

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson ✓
 Mr. Mohr ✓
 Mr. Parsons ✓
 Mr. Belmont ✓
 Mr. Callahan ✓
 Mr. DeLoach ✓
 Mr. Malone ✓
 Mr. McGuire ✓
 Mr. Rosen ✓
 Mr. Tamm ✓
 Mr. Trotter ✓
 Mr. W.C. Sullivan ✓
 Tele. Room ✓
 Mr. Ingram ✓
 Miss Gandy ✓

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS
ESP. - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 1-25-86 BY 3012/pwt/jan/gm

Re NY letters 4/2/58, 6/6/58.

U.S. DISTRICT COURT

On 11/14/60 Judge IRVING KAUFMAN of USDC of Southern District of NY telephonically contacted SAC H. G. FOSTER and suggested that since DAVID GREENGLASS was to be released from prison on 11/16/60, "It might be helpful if he was kept in touch with to keep aware of his feelings and try to guide him if necessary." No commitments were made by SAC Foster.

On 11/18/60 former SA JOHN A. HARRINGTON telephonically contacted the NYO and advised that DAVID GREENGLASS had phoned him and told him that after his release from prison on 11/16/60 he, DAVID GREENGLASS, on arriving home found a 3 x 5 index card under his door. The card had the following message printed in red crayon or lipstick, "Welcome Home Mr. Greenglas" and underneath this the name DAVID was printed in pencil. The name DAVID also appears to be printed in ink under and partially obscured by the pencil printing. Mr. HARRINGTON advised GREENGLASS was forwarding the card to him and he would forward it to the NYO.

As the Bureau was advised in reference letters, the GREENGLASS family had their name legally changed [redacted] and are living under this name at their current address. Subject was concerned that his true identity had become known.

3 - Bureau (65-59028)(RM)
 1 - New York (65-15336)

JEF:DMCK
 (4)

REC-88

16 NOV 23 1960

50 NOV 30 1960

Approved: _____

Sent _____

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

NOV 28 1960

Airtel to Bureau
NY 65-15336

DAVID GREENGLASS mentioned to Mr. HARRINGTON that he and his family were going to vacation for a week and that upon his return he would welcome Mr. HARRINGTON'S introducing him to an Agent of the NYO whom he could contact in the event he had anything to report that might be of interest to the Bureau.

The index card mentioned above arrived at the NYO on 11/22/60 and has been placed in the exhibit section of instant file. Enclosing the card was a note from GREENGLASS to Mr. HARRINGTON which reads as follows:

"Dear John

"This is the note I was telling you about. I hope that this is not serious. My best regards to you and your family.

David G.

UNLESS ADVISED TO CONTRARY BY BUREAU

UACB, an Agent of the NYO will meet DAVID GREENGLASS after 12/12/60 in order that he will have a contact in the NYO to whom he can refer any information of interest to the Bureau.

Sup. Brandt, NYO, advised 11/25/60 to contact Judge Kaufman and tell him we are contacting Greenglass.
OSM

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 11/25/60

The New York Office is being instructed to advise Judge Kaufman that we are contacting Greenglass.

AHB *[initials]*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042/PWT/CLS
[initials]

EPC
11/25

7-14 (Re) 10-25-60

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
LABORATORY

12/7, 1960

BUREAU	IDENT
Mr. Tamm	Mr. Downing
Mr. Conrad	Mr. Boyle
Mr. Griffith	Mr. Herndon
Mr. Millen	Mr. Leonard
Mr. White	Mr. Michela
Miss Gray	Mr. Monticone
Miss Novotny	Mr. Napier
Mr. Branigan	Mr. Newpher
Mr. Donahoe	Mr. Paddock
FOREIGN LIAISON	Mr. Steinmeyer
LABORATORY FILES	
MAIL ROOM	
PERSONNEL RECORDS	
RECORDS BRANCH	
ROUTING UNIT	

Miss Fieseler
Mr. Hahn
Mr. Ho, I.C.K.
Mr. Ho, T.G.
Mr. Kung
Mr. Lalli
Mrs. McMahon
Mr. Miushkovich
Mr. Mychalus
Mr. Neuhauser
Mrs. Nikonishin
Mrs. Panchenko
Mr. Vaccari

Miss Becton
Miss Miller
Miss Skea
Miss Calderwood

Mr. Adams
Mr. Bogner
Mr. Click
Mr. Dennis
Mr. Gleason
Mr. Harper
Mr. Harrell
Mr. Hart
Mr. Havran
Mr. Hitt
Mr. Hopkins
Mr. Jones
Mr. Lee
Mr. Leffler
Mr. Markham
Mr. Morrill
Mr. Morse
Mr. Neelley
Mr. Ondrejko
Mr. Pilger
Mr. Reynoldson
Mr. Seefeldt
Mr. Thompson
Mr. Warwick
Mr. Wilkinson

✓ Mr. A.R. Jones
Rm. 1521

The newspapers which you submitted in connection

Status _____ with the
Handle _____ requested
See Me _____ translation
Phone Me _____ are:
Call File _____
Note & Route _____
Note & Return _____

Philadelphia Gazette-Democrat, issues of 11/12 + 19/60 and the

Staats-Zeitung und Herold, issue of 11/20/60

The article concerning the Director is begun in the 11/12/60 of the Phila. Gazette and finished in the 11/19/60 issue of the same paper.

The first part of the identical article appears in the 11/20/60 issue of Staats-Zeitung (presumably the concluding portion of the article appeared in a later issue of Staats-Zeitung).

Translator advises that this article concerning the Director was previously translated. The article is entitled "Spies in Every Corner of the Earth" by WERNER BARONI.

Michela 43

6228

00-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

November 23, 1960

The Philadelphia-Gazette-Democrat newspaper, Room 217, Reading Terminal Building, 12th and Market Street, Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania, has forwarded to the Director pages from their editions of November 12, 19 and 20, which contain two articles concerning the Director and one article concerning David Greenglass. The Philadelphia-Gazette-Democrat is printed in German.

These articles have been sent to Domestic Intelligence Division for handling.

hcw

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Parsons _____
Mr. Belmont ✓
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Malone _____
Mr. McGuire _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tamm _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Mr. Jones _____
Mr. W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Ingram _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 302/25/CIS

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

82 DEC 15 1960 394

REC-58
EX-105

65-59028-

473

DEC 13 1960

44

1100 Lexington Ave. 11th Fl.
OTTO ROSEN, Inc.
 General Advertising Agency
 1100 Lexington Ave. 11th Fl.
 New York 17, N.Y.

NASEN UMGESTALTUNG
 Dr. G. C. ROSEN, D.M.D.
 1100 Lexington Ave. 11th Fl.
 New York 17, N.Y.

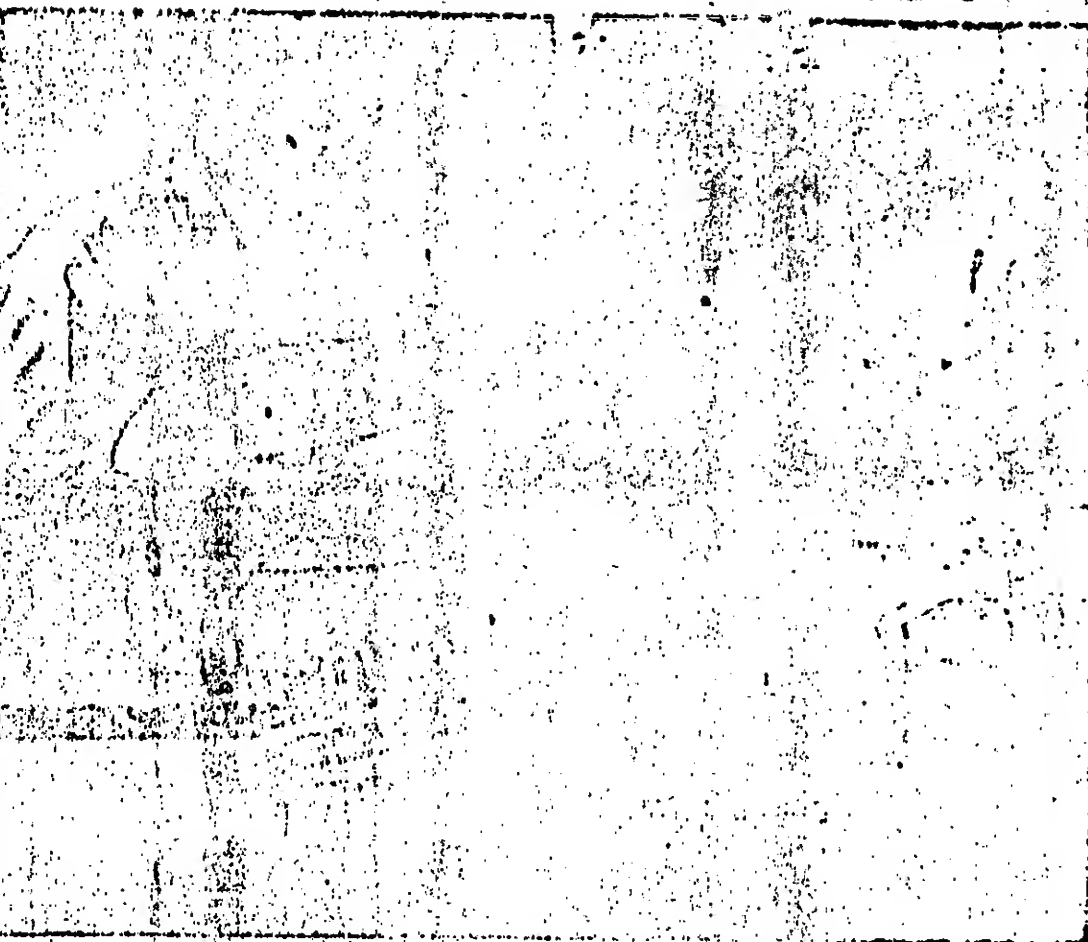
Die Welt ist ein Dorf geworden. Die Nachrichten kommen schneller als der Wind. Die Welt ist ein Dorf geworden. Die Nachrichten kommen schneller als der Wind. Die Welt ist ein Dorf geworden. Die Nachrichten kommen schneller als der Wind.

Die Welt ist ein Dorf geworden. Die Nachrichten kommen schneller als der Wind. Die Welt ist ein Dorf geworden. Die Nachrichten kommen schneller als der Wind. Die Welt ist ein Dorf geworden. Die Nachrichten kommen schneller als der Wind.

United States Lines
 1100 Lexington Ave. 11th Fl.
 New York 17, N.Y.

United States Lines
 1100 Lexington Ave. 11th Fl.
 New York 17, N.Y.

United States Lines
 1100 Lexington Ave. 11th Fl.
 New York 17, N.Y.



Vollmundig-Bekräftigende-Menschen leicht
-das kann nur Rheingold sein!



Städtische Gesundheits- und Wasserversorgungs- und Abwasserbeseitigungsbetriebe der Stadt Bonn

Druck: 1944. 1. Auflage. 100.000 Stück. Preis: 1.000 Mark. Vertrieb: 1.000 Mark.

Handwritten signature or note in the bottom right corner.

Hughes ging "gewählt" zu Bett, wachte ungewählt auf

Khrushchev sendet Kennedy Grüße

**Bundesverdienstkreuz
an W. Seuren verliehen**

Die Vereinfachung der Ausrichtung soll am Sonntag, 11. November, zwischen 11 und 12 Uhr durch die neuen Klaviere in Philadelphia erfolgen. Für dieses Ereignis wird 30 Jahre am deutsch-amerikanischen Bundestag in den USA.

Spione in jedem Winkel der Erde

[illegible]

Die amerikanische Person (links) hat posten in der Klinik und ist eine der besten in der Klinik. Die amerikanische Person (rechts) hat posten in der Klinik und ist eine der besten in der Klinik.

Kennedy erziele in China.
2030000000000000000000

Der Direktor war so
gütig, daß ihm ein
einfacher, schmaler
Holzstuhl überlassen wurde.
Der, der am 21. März
zusammenkam, hatte
dieses Stuhl
anderer Leute, die
auch, wenn sie

[illegible]

Die Wahlzeit hat sich nun
geöffnet. Die Wahlberechtigten
sind verpflichtet, an der Wahl
teilzunehmen. Die Wahl
findet am Sonntag, den 1. März
1936, von 8 bis 12 Uhr
in den Wahllokalen statt.
Die Wahllokale sind in der
Liste der Wahlberechtigten
angegeben. Die Wahlberechtigten
sind verpflichtet, an der Wahl
teilzunehmen. Die Wahl
findet am Sonntag, den 1. März
1936, von 8 bis 12 Uhr
in den Wahllokalen statt.
Die Wahllokale sind in der
Liste der Wahlberechtigten
angegeben.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Robert G. Smith

TRANSLATION FROM GERMAN

X SPIES IN EVERY CORNER OF THE EARTH

(From Philadelphia Gazette - Democrat, Saturday, November 19, 1960, No. 47)

ARTICLE

- X -

SPY RELEASED

DAVID GREENGLASS, 39, who had been sentenced to 15 years in prison for atomic espionage in favor of the Soviets, spent nine years and four months in the prison of Lewisburg and has now been released. His statements contributed to the death sentences for his sister, ETHEL ROSENBERG, and her husband, and to their execution.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042/PWT/CB

REC-58

EX-105

65-59028-474
NOT RECORDED
DEC 13 1960

File
65-59028
SP

151
62 DEC 15 1960

S.A.D.
17

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (67-59028)

DATE: 1/31/61

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

David Greenglass,
ESP - R

(OO: New York)

Re NY airtel, 11/22/60.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042/PWT/CB

On 1/12/61, former SA JOHN A. HARRINGTON introduced [REDACTED] to an Agent of the NYO at the Commodore Hotel in NYC. [REDACTED] advised his name had been legally changed and he was now known as [REDACTED]

Mr. (Mr. HARRINGTON had formerly furnished the spelling of his name as [REDACTED])

his wife, RUTH and two children reside with him. [REDACTED]

He explained that he does not need any security clearance for his employment there.

[REDACTED] was affable and apparently well disposed toward the Bureau. He made note of the NY Agent's name and the office telephone number and advised that in the event any information came to his attention in which he felt the Bureau would be interested, he would immediately communicate with the NYO.

SAC HARVEY G. FOSTER on 1/16/61, telephonically contacted Judge IRVING KAUFMAN and advised him that the above contact had been made.

2 - Bureau (67-59028)
1 - New York (65-15336)

JEF:mgm
(3)

REC-33

MCT 46

FEB 2 1961

ESP/SEC.

57 FEB 13 1961

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59192)

DATE: 2/3/61

FROM : SAC, SAN ANTONIO (65-1428)

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS, aka.
ESPIONAGE - R

OO: New York

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042/PWT/CB

Re report of SA WILLARD L. ROBERTS at San Antonio dated 6/19/50, captioned UNKNOWN AMERICAN NO. 5, Albuquerque, New Mexico; HARRY GOLD - INFORMANT, ESPIONAGE - R.

ROSALEA TERRELL, 130 W. Carson Street, CA 4-6005, San Antonio, telephonically advised SA BRUNO F. DREYER on 2/3/61 that she had received a long distance telephone call at 10 p.m., 2/2/61, from Albuquerque, New Mexico, from an individual who gave his name as WALTER SCHNIER. He stated he was a writer for M.D. News Magazine and also a freelance writer for other magazines, which TERRELL believes included Good Housekeeping and the Redbook.

She stated SCHNIER told her that he got her name from her former landlady, Mrs. W. B. FREEMAN, N. High Street, Albuquerque, New Mexico, and he desired some background information concerning DAVID and RUTH GREENGLASS, who formerly had an apartment in Mrs. FREEMAN's apartment house while TERRELL resided in an adjoining apartment in 1945. He told her he was writing story concerning the GREENGLASSES.

She advised SCHNIER then started asking her questions about the GREENGLASS case but she did not give him any information, merely telling him that she did not recall. He then asked her if anyone had questioned her about the GREENGLASSES at the time of an investigation concerning them. She stated she withheld her answer and he said "Well, the FBI talked to you". She stated she neither confirmed nor denied being interviewed by the FBI.

RUC

- ② - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - New York (65-15336) (RM)
- 2 - Albuquerque (65-39) (RM)
- 1 - San Antonio

BFD:cbl

52 FEB 23 1961

2-40-61 waa:bar/myp

REC-59

65-59028-476

FEB 6 1961

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

SA 65-1428

TERRELL stated she understands DAVID GREENGLASS was sentenced to serve 15 years for espionage and has been released by this time. TERRELL stated she does not know SCHNIER and does not know if he is a legitimate writer as claimed. She added that she was not called upon to testify in the trial of DAVID GREENGLASS.

For the information of the Bureau, referenced report reflects TERRELL was interviewed by SA WILLARD L. ROBERTS, San Antonio, in June, 1950, concerning the GREENGLASSES activities, contacts and associates while residing in an apartment adjoining that of TERRELL at 209 1/2 N. High Street, Albuquerque, New Mexico, from March to October, 1945.

It is suggested Albuquerque may desire to identify SCHNIER and advise the Bureau concerning his identity and furnish information concerning an article being prepared by him.

No further investigation is being conducted at San Antonio and no report being submitted.

SAC, San Antonio

February 20, 1961

Director, FBI (62-106323)

WALTER D. SCHNEIR

**MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING
(ESPIONAGE)**

Reference is made to San Antonio letter to the Bureau dated 2/3/61, captioned "David Greenglass, aka., Espionage - R," copies of which were designated for the New York and Albuquerque Offices.

Referenced letter referred to a contact by Walter Schnier with Rosales Ferrell for the purpose of obtaining background information concerning David and Ruth Greenglass. For the information of the San Antonio and Albuquerque Offices, it appears that Walter Schnier is identical with the subject of this communication who is presently engaged in contacting individuals connected with the Rosenberg case for the purpose of developing data to be incorporated in a book which Walter Schnier and his wife plan to write relative to Harry Gold and others involved in the Rosenberg case.

Schnier has been in contact with Isidore Gibbs Needleman, the subject of a pending investigation in the New York office, and it is anticipated that the book will be critical of the Bureau's handling of the Rosenberg investigation.

Any additional data which may come to the attention of the San Antonio and Albuquerque Offices regarding inquiries by Schnier should be promptly called to the attention of the Bureau and the New York Office under the caption of this communication.

- 1 - Albuquerque
- 1 - New York (100-135206)
- ① - 65-59028 (David Greenglass)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042 JMT/CJS

Tolson _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Malone _____
McGuire _____
Rosen _____
Trotter _____
Evans _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Ingram _____
Gandy _____

WAS:bar/mrp

(7)

YELLOW
DUPLICATE
FEB 17 1961
MAILED

65-59028-
NOT RECORDED
201 FEB 20 1961

52 FEB 23 1961

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, Albany

CONFIDENTIAL

DATE: 4/28/61

FROM : ✓ Director, FBI (66-18772)

CLASSIFIED BY: 3042/PWT/15
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR

12.3.86

SUBJECT:

ESPIONAGE AND INTERNAL SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS
(Full Utilization of Confidential Informants and
Sources of Information)ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

ReBulet 3/10/61.

The following changes should be made concerning
individuals previously included in this program:

[REDACTED] b7D
to in Bulet 3/10/61 and prior communications, should be deleted from
this program in view of his unavailability for extended periods of
time.

[REDACTED] referred to in Bulet 3/10/61 b7D
and prior communications, is in the Tampa, Florida, area and
requests for interview should now be addressed to that office.

David Greenglass, referred to in Bulet 3/10/61 and
prior communications, has been released from the Federal Penitentiary
and is currently residing in the area covered by the New York office
to which leads requesting interview should now be forwarded.

[REDACTED] b7D NIP for
referred to in Bulet 3/10/61 and prior
communications, should be deleted from this program in view of
their prolonged inactivity.

[REDACTED] b1
referred to in Bulet 3/10/61 and prior
communications, is now [REDACTED]

If prepared, index cards concerning the above-
mentioned individuals should be amended accordingly.

1 - All other Offices

Classified by 3356 WAB/AVN

Exempt from GDS, Category 2, 3, 4

Date of Declassification Indefinite

50 MAY 8 1961

CONFIDENTIAL

NOT RECORDED

78 MAY 3 1961

ORIGINAL FILED IN 66-18772-768

Letter to SAC, Albany

Re: **ESPIONAGE AND INTERNAL SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS**

66-18772

CONFIDENTIAL

The following additional source is set forth for
your information and use:

(c)

b1

b1

b1

CONFIDENTIAL

63

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

DATE: 5/25/61

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
ESPIONAGE - R
(OO:NY)ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3012/PWT/CB

ReNYairtel, 11/20/60; and NY letter, 1/31/61.

Subject forwarded to the NYO on 5/5/61, an application for a NY State driver's license. The application is complete, except for question number 24, which requires the applicant to advise whether he has "ever been guilty of any crime, fraud, or offense (except parking violation) or forfeited bail in any court, either in this state or elsewhere". The applicant is requested to list all convictions or forfeitures. [REDACTED] in his cover letter, advised that the reason he left number 24 blank was that he did not desire any investigation to be conducted into his background, inasmuch as his identity would be revealed. He felt that any disclosure of his true identity would result in both his wife and him losing their positions and it would be accompanied by harassment to his family by both Communist elements and the press. b7c

[REDACTED] on 5/10/61, telephonically advised that a telephone call had come to the subject's brother who resides in the same house as the [REDACTED]. She stated that the caller inquired after her husband, however, he received no satisfaction from the subject's brother. [REDACTED] advised that it was the intention of the [REDACTED] where they feel there was less likelihood of their former identity being discovered. She stated that it was for this purpose the subject required a driver's license since it would be almost impossible [REDACTED] without an automobile. [REDACTED] advised that the subject had previously had a driver's license which had never been revoked nor had he ever received any summons for an infraction of driving regulations. b7c

2 - Bureau (65-59028)(RM)
1 - New York (65-15336)

JEF:kgs
(3)

EX - 102

15 MAY 26 1961

1 copy des 265
62 JUN 2 1961

REC-37 65-59028-477
EX-102
15 MAY 26 1961
JEF:kgs
ESP. SEC.

54

NY 65-15336

An agent of the NYO contacted Commissioner VINCENT SULLIVAN of the Motor Vehicle Bureau, NYC, on 5/15/61. Commissioner SULLIVAN was apprised of the situation and advised that if [redacted] appeared at his office he would issue instructions that a driver's license be afforded the subject and that he, the Commissioner, would handle the issuance of the license without any disclosure being made of the subject's former name. He could do this by having his chauffeur who is also an examiner, give [redacted] a private test. He would handle all papers in the matter personally in the confines of his office. Commissioner SULLIVAN was aware the Bureau could not request any special favor for [redacted] and stated he can issue the license on his own in order to help [redacted] rehabilitate himself since subject's cause seems worthy. b7c

UACB, arrangements will be made for [redacted] to appear at Commissioner VINCENT SULLIVAN's office at the earliest appointment that can be afforded after 6/2/61. b7c
2c?

FBI

Date: 5/9/61

Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Belmont ☒
 Mr. Callahan _____
 Mr. Conrad _____
 Mr. DeLoach _____
 Mr. Evans _____
 Mr. Malone _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tavel _____
 Mr. Trotter _____
 Mr. W.C. Sullivan _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Mr. Ingram _____
 Miss Gandy _____

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

RM

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT:

David Greenglass
 ESPIONAGE - R
 OO: NY

Re NY let 1/31/61.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042/pw/cb

Re memo of 5/10/61 the NYO received a request from

INS, NY, re ARTHUR SPRIGMAN (Bufile 105-14551).

The communication referred to
 NY report dated 5/5/52, which reflected the following:

"On April 4, 1951, DAVID GREENGLASS, self-admitted and convicted espionage agent, advised SA JOHN W. LEWIS that he recognized a photograph of SPRIGMAN as an individual named ARTHUR, who had come to the apartment occupied by DAVID GREENGLASS and ETHEL GREENGLASS prior to her marriage to JULIUS ROSENBERG some time during the 1930s on or about five occasions. He recalled that SPRIGMAN was present with JULIUS ROSENBERG and that subject had played the piano and violin during these visits. He also recalled that on one occasion, SPRIGMAN had repaired a violin at the house.

"GREENGLASS stated that SPRIGMAN was either an associate or a partner in the Cuomo Aeronautical Company on 17th Street, New York City, which was started by an individual named WILLIAMS, an aviator, and that JULIUS ROSENBERG and one MARK PAGE were also

- 4 - Bureau (65-59028) (RM)
 (1 - 105-14551, SPRIGMAN)
 1 - New York (105-2514, SPRIGMAN)
 1 - New York (65-15336)

JEF:DMCK

(6)

58 JUN 7 1961

12 0 - WICK

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

Per

2 cc Crampton

REC-23

XEROX

JUN 2 1961

20 MAY 30 1961

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Airtel to Bureau
NY 65-15336

working in the Cuomo Aeronautical Company at this time.

"GREENGLASS recalled that JULIUS ROSENBERG became angry and had a falling out with both WILLIAMS and SPRIGMAN concerning the business.

"It was GREENGLASS' impression that ARTHUR SPRIGMAN was a Communist and thought that he had heard talk that SPRIGMAN was a Communist Party member. GREENGLASS, however, was unable to point out any specific statements or incidents to substantiate this recollection.

"GREENGLASS also stated that it was his recollection that all individuals connected with the Cuomo Aeronautical Company were Communists."

[redacted] requests, ~~if there is no objection to~~ DAVID GREENGLASS being interviewed, kindly furnish his current address."

[redacted] was advised by letter of 5/24/61 that it would be necessary for his office to direct their request to the Bureau.

The Bureau is aware that DAVID GREENGLASS has been the subject of considerable criticism by the Communist Party. Inquiries have been made of DAVID GREENGLASS' brother attempting to ascertain his present name and address. The Bureau is also aware that WALTER SCHNEIR (Bufile 62-106323) is preparing a book attempting to discredit GREENGLASS and the JULIUS ROSENBERG trial.

In view of GREENGLASS' statement he has no personal knowledge of SPRIGMAN'S affiliation with the Communist Party, the reason for INS' request for his current address is not understandable, however, if the Bureau desires that GREENGLASS be made available for interview by INS, the NYO can make the necessary arrangements for GREENGLASS to be interviewed at the NYO or at INS office.

The Bureau is aware that GREENGLASS has changed his name and has specifically requested that his name and address not be divulged.

- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Lee
- 1 - Liaison
- 4 - Mr. [unclear]

SAC, New York

June 29, 1961

Director, FBI (65-59028)

David Greenglass
ESPIONAGE - R

Reference is made to your airtel dated May 29, 1961. Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) headquarters, Washington, D. C., has inquired if that agency can interview C. Greenglass concerning his personal knowledge of the activities of Arthur Sprigman. You are instructed to contact INS, New York City, and make arrangements whereby Greenglass can be interviewed by an INS representative in your office.

1 - 105-14551 (Sprigman)

SJP:gp
(8)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-25-86 BY 3026 JUT/CB

NOTE:

[redacted] INS headquarters, advised Liaison Agent 6/26/61 that INS wanted to interview Greenglass concerning Sprigman. In 1951, Greenglass furnished information concerning Sprigman and this was set forth in a report disseminated to INS. New York has suggested that INS not be given subject's address and present name, [redacted] and that interview be conducted in our New York Office. Greenglass has been the subject of considerable criticism by the Communist Party and inquiries have been made in an attempt to ascertain his present name and address. Greenglass has specifically requested that his name and address not be divulged. The Liaison Agent is advising Morse that our New York Office will contact INS concerning interview of subject.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Malone _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Ingram _____

MAILED 4
JUN 29 1961
COMM-FBI

REC-51

65-59028-179

19 JUN 30 1961

68 JUL 6 1961

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

68

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

f
TO : W. A. Branigan *WAB*

DATE: 10-23-61

FROM : J. P. Lee *JPL*

E. M. Gegg
Room 1501

SUBJECT: David Greenglass
Esp-R

Captioned case has been reviewed and careful consideration given to the advisability of any reinterviews, interviews or other action which may now appear warranted. In the event such now appears desirable, necessary action is being initiated.

Bureau file: 65-59028

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3042/pwt/CB

[Signature]
Espionage Section

65-59028 -

NOT RECORDED

19 OCT 24 1961

[Signature]
64 OCT 25 1961

59

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

DATE: 5/22/64

FROM : *m/gib* SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: *eb*

b7c
[REDACTED]
David Greenglass
ESP - R

On 5/22/64, subject telephonically contacted
SA JAMES E. FREANEY and advised [REDACTED] *b7c*

[REDACTED] stated he has lost his job and is
now looking for work. He has reported this to his
parole officer. His parole ends 10/65 [REDACTED] advised
he has applied for [REDACTED] *b7c*

[REDACTED] this company occasionally
has classified contracts [REDACTED] desired the Bureau
be notified of his application. *K*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-80 BY 3042/pw/clb

- 2 - Bureau - 1 - Rev 447 *RP*
1 - New York

JEF:efk
(3)

REC-41

65-59028-480

18 MAY 25 1964

Don
SOVIET SECTION

290
53 JUN 1 1964

60

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59192)

DATE: 9/28/65

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] b7C
ESP-R

On 9/23/65, the US Parole Office for the SDNY, advised that subject is eligible for parole on 11/7/65. Since there is nothing adverse in his file his parole will be granted that day.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-25-86 BY 3012/pwt/pls

2- Bureau - 1-Enc 647 PB
1- New York

JEF:mvl
(3)

REC 33

65-59028-481

16 SEP 30 1965

EX-103

SOVIET SECTION



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

21

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document in Harry Gold
65-57449 13th NR after 893

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 Serial NR dated 2/2/68

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

FBI

12/5/69

Date:

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

Via _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] aka
ESP - R

On 12/5/69, [REDACTED] telephonically
contacted the NYO and advised that subject is presently

[REDACTED] The person
who is supervising the work [REDACTED]
She could not identify him further.

[REDACTED] stated she was calling at the
request of DAVID who said he has not been fingerprinted
as yet in connection [REDACTED]
felt the Bureau should be notified in the event he is
printed. It was requested subject contact the NYO on return
to New York to furnish more complete details.

Information.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3022 PWT/als

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York

JEF:dje
(4)

REC-71

EX-102

65-59028-4182

59 DEC 11 1969

DEC 5 1969

DEC 6 1969

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

SOVIET SECTION

FBI

Date: 1/15/70

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

ESP - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

ReNYlet, 12/5/69.

DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/pwt/clb

On 1/13/70, subject advised SA JAMES E.
FREANEY he is presently [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

installation, when a difficulty was encountered, because of his skill as a technician and his experience in constructing the room. He foresees a further problem, a similar room is to be constructed in England, sight-unknown. Although he is not scheduled for the installation, he is apprehensive that if difficulties are encountered he may be ordered to go to England and he has no passport. He asked whether the Bureau could be of assistance in helping him obtain one. His employer is unaware of his original identity and would question his inability to obtain a passport.

For [REDACTED] to obtain a passport through regular channels, it would be necessary, of course, for him to produce a birth certificate which discloses his identity. As the Bureau is aware, subject [REDACTED]

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York

JEF:dje

Approved: [REDACTED]

Special Agent in Charge

Sent [REDACTED]

M

Per [REDACTED]

SOVIET SECTION

EX-114

65-59028-483

1/21/70

1/21/70

NY 65-15336

changed his name officially for the protection of his wife and children.

The Bureau is requested to advise whether it is desirous to assist [redacted] in this instance, also whether the matter would be handled at the State Department in Washington, D.C. or if the Bureau desires New York to handle the matter on a local level. b7c

1/21/70

Airtel

1 - Mr. Lee

To: SAC, New York (65-15336)

From: Director, FBI (65-59028) 483

REC-94

ESP - R

aka

Reurairtel 1/15/70.

EX-110 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042 BWT/ds

In the event the subject is ordered by his employer to go to England, he should apply for his passport through the New York Office of the Department of State. He should present his birth certificate and the official document showing his change of name and request that his passport be issued in the new name. The New York Office of the Department of State will check the records of the Department of State, Washington, D. C., and, if a stop is currently outstanding, the Bureau will be contacted by the State Department and the appropriate reply will be made to that agency.

You should advise the Bureau in the event the subject does apply for a passport and advise if he encounters any difficulty.

JPL:ted (4) ted

NOTE:

Subject is David Greenglass, admitted Soviet agent who testified as a Government witness at the trial of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. He was sentenced to 15 years in prison and was released in 1960 and discharged from parole in 1963.

He may have to go to England to build a similar room and NY raised the question of problems that may arise when he applies for a passport and presents a birth certificate in his true name.

MAILED 4
JAN 21 1970
COMM-FBI

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Walters _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

144
JAN 29 1970

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECEIVED
FBI
JAN 29 1970

WAB

wob
BWT

JPL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

FROM : *gfm/Rus* SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336) (C)

DATE: 4/10/70

SUBJECT: *it* [REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12-3-80 BY 3042/PWT/CLS

ReBuairtel, 1/21/70; and NYairtel, 1/15/70.

Upon subject's return to NYC, he advised that he did not desire to apply for a passport unless it was absolutely necessary. In the event subject's employer requested him to go to England, he felt that he could then apply for the passport.

On 4/2/70, subject's wife called the NYO and advised that he had been ordered to travel to England. When he explained to his employer that he had no passport, his employer told him that the passport would be issued on an affidavit of anyone who knew him and could vouch for the fact that he was a native born American. [REDACTED] advised that subject's employer told him that the matter was arranged [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] of the State Department.

On 4/2/70 [REDACTED] advised that the subject's cousin, who resides in the Washington, D.C., area, had met the subject and signed the affidavit attesting to the fact that subject was a native born American.

On 4/9/70, [REDACTED] was contacted and advised that subject had departed for England on 4/8/70, and would be working there until 5/15/70.

[REDACTED] expressed her appreciation for the assistance the Bureau has rendered her and her husband.

② - Bureau
1 - New York

JEF:cd
(3)

REC-103

65-59028-484

APR 14 1970

SOVIET SECTION



APR 22 1970 269

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI

Date: 6/27/73

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via **AIRTEL**

(Priority)

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS aka
ESP - RALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12-3-86 BY 2061/PWT/US

"The New York Times" in its issues of 6/25, 26, 27/73,
under Public Notices, carried an item which is as follows:

"Information whereabouts of DAVID - RUTH
GREENGLASS or HARRY GOLD. Confidential.
A. GOLDSTEIN (202) 484-1500."

Investigation at WFO reveals that area code 202 is
for Washington, DC, and the number above is listed to National
Public Affairs Center for TV, 955 La Font Place, Washington, DC.

On 6/26/73, RUTH GREENGLASS contacted the NYO and
stated that she was concerned about the public notice, which
she had also read. When she was advised to whom the telephone
number of A. GOLDSTEIN was listed, she said that she was
relieved because it would appear that the request was made
by TV people, who tend to capitalize on the recent suit brought
by the JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG children against the author,
LOUIS NIZER.

No further action is contemplated by the NYO at
this time.

ST-102 REC-4 65-59028-485

- ② - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - Washington Field (INFO) (RM)
- 1 - New York

JEF:dpr
(5)

JUN 29 1973

INTELLIGENCE DIV

JUN 29 3 32 PM '73

58 JUL 1 1973

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

10/12/73

TELETYPE

IMMEDIATE

ROUTING UNIT

ERR: LETTER SENT
2/23/74

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)
(ATT: EXTERNAL AFFAIRS DIVISION)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

DAVID GREENGLASS AKA, ESP-R.

REFERENCE SAC RALPH J. HAMPTON PHONE CALL TO BUREAU
10/12/73.

ON 10/11/73, DAVID AND RUTH GREENGLASS TELEPHONICALLY
CONTACTED SA JAMES E. FREANEY AND ADVISED THAT THEY HAD
RECEIVED A LETTER FROM O. JOHN ROGGE WHO HAD ACTED AS THEIR
ATTORNEY DURING THE JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG AND DAVID
GREENGLASS TRIALS. THE LETTER STATED THAT CHANNEL 13 IN NEW
YORK WAS ENGAGED IN PREPARING A DOCUMENTARY ON THE TRIALS
AND THEY WERE INTERESTED IN CONTACTING THE PERSONS INVOLVED
IN THEM TO DETERMINE THEIR CURRENT FEELINGS ON THE SUBJECT.

AS THE BUREAU IS AWARE THE GREENGLASSES CHANGED THEIR
LAST NAME AND FOR THE LAST FIFTEEN YEARS HAVE ESTABLISHED
A NEW LIFE PRIMARILY IN THE INTEREST OF SECURITY AND PRIVACY
OF THEIR CHILDREN.

1-Bureau (65-58236 (ROSENBERG) (RM)
1-New York (65-15348 (ROSENBERG) (RM)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-5-86 BY 3042/PWJ/rus

1 581559 31 1973
OCT 26 1973 209

OCT 18 1973

RECEIVED
OCT 18 1973
RESEARCH DIVISION

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 65-58236-1

NY 65-15336

PAGE TWO

BOTH THE GREENGLASSES STATED EMPHATICALLY THEY WOULD NOT APPEAR ON THE PROGRAM OR COOPERATE IN ANY WAY WITH CHANNEL 13. MRS. GREENGLASS POINTED OUT HER DAUGHTER IS TO BE MARRIED IN NOVEMBER AND THE EXPOSURE RESULTANT FROM THE PROGRAM WOULD BE DISASTEROUS TO ALL THEIR PLANS.

THE GREENGLASSES WERE MUCH CONCERNED THAT MR. ROGGE WOULD REVEAL THEIR CURRENT NAMES AND ADDRESS. TO PREVENT THIS THEY TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED ROGGE WHO TOOK THE POSITION THEY SHOULD COOPERATE. ROGGE TOLD THEM THAT ALVIN GOLDSTEIN, THE PRODUCER, KNEW OF THEIR CURRENT SURNAME AND CHANNEL 13 HAD BEEN SECRETLY PHOTOGRAPHING THEM AT THEIR HOME. THE GREENGLASSES WERE SKEPTICAL OF THIS, FEELING THE INVESTIGATORS OF CHANNEL 13 WOULD HAVE CONTACTED THEM IF THEIR WHEREABOUTS WERE KNOWN.

GREENGLASSES REQUESTED ADVICE ON THE PROCEDURE TO PROTECT THEIR ANONYMITY. THEY STATED THEY HAVE NOT BEEN IN RECENT CONTACT WITH JUDGE IRVING KAUFMAN AND JUSTICE IRVING SAYPOL IN RECENT YEARS. NEITHER KNOW THEIR CURRENT NAME AND

NY 65-15336

PAGE THREE

CONSEQUENTLY THEY WERE TURNING TO THE BUREAU FOR ASSISTANCE. THEIR RESOLUTION TO NOT COOPERATE WITH CHANNEL 13 IS ABSOLUTE EVEN IF THEIR CURRENT IDENTITY BECOMES KNOWN. THE GREENGLASSES MENTIONED THEY HAVE A RELATIVE WHO IS AN ATTORNEY AND IT WAS SUGGESTED HE MIGHT BE ABLE TO ADVISE THEM AS TO THE BEST ACTION TO PURSUE. THEY WERE ALSO ADVISED THE BUREAU WOULD NOT REVEAL THEIR CURRENT NAME AND WHEREABOUTS AND THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WOULD BE NOTIFIED ABOUT THEIR UNWILLINGNESS TO PARTICIPATE IN THE BROADCAST OR HAVE THEIR IDENTITIES REVEALED. JUDGE KAUFMANN WAS APPRISED OF THIS INFORMATION AND HE INDICATED HE DID NOT WANT TO BE CONTACTED BY ANY OF THE FORMER WITNESSES IN THIS CASE. HE WAS AMENABLE TO THE BRIEFING, BUT REQUESTED THIS CONTACT NOT BE REVEALED OUTSIDE THE FBI NOR ANY RECORD BE MAINTAINED OF THIS CONTACT. NO OTHER RECORD OF THIS CONTACT OTHER THAN THIS TELETYPE AND LETTER COPIES HAS BEEN MADE.

91

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

OCT 12 1973

TELETYPE

Assoc. Dir.	
Asst. Dir.:	
Admin.	
Comp. Syst.	
Ext. Affairs	
Files & Com.	
Gen. Inv.	
Ident.	
Inspection	
Intell.	
Laboratory	
Plan. & Eval.	
Spec. Inv.	
Training	
Legal Coun.	
Telephone Rm.	
Director Sec'y	

NR007 NY CODE

355PM IMMEDIATE 10/12/73 GMD

TO DIRECTOR 65-59028

ATT EXTERNAL AFFAIRS DIVISION
FROM NEW YORK 65-15336

DAVID GREENGLASS AKA, ESP - R.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-80 BY 3021 BTJ/bks

REFERENCE SAC RALPH J. RAMPTON PHONE CALL TO BUREAU
10/12/73.

ON 10/11/73, DAVID AND RUTH GREENGLASS TELEPHONICALLY
CONTACTED SA JAMES E. FREANEY AND ADVISED THAT THEY HAD
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ATTORNEY DURING THE JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG AND DAVID
GREENGLASS TRIALS. THE LETTER STATED THAT CHANNEL 13 IN NEW
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AND THEY WERE INTERESTED IN CONTACTING THE PERSONS INVOLVED
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LAST NAME AND, FOR THE LAST FIFTEEN YEARS HAVE ESTABLISHED
A NEW LIFE PRIMARILY IN THE INTEREST OF SECURITY AND PRIVACY
OF THEIR CHILDREN.

END PAGE ONE

3 statements attached/Rd,

EX-112
REC-26
65-59028-487

mainfield to French memo 10/17/73
+ ack letter to Goldstein 10/24/73
RD: LHW 8-jef

PAGE TWO

BOTH THE GREENGLASSES STATED EMPHATICALLY THEY WOULD NOT APPEAR ON THE PROGRAM OR COOPERATE IN ANY WAY WITH CHANNEL 13. MRS. GREENGLASS POINTED OUT HER DAUGHTER IS TO BE MARRIED IN NOVEMBER AND THE EXPOSURE RESULTANT FROM THE PROGRAM WOULD BE DISASTEROUS TO ALL THEIR PLANS.

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END PAGE TWO

73

PAGE THREE

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END

*DOJ will be
advised at time
of Goldstein's
appeal of our
denial. RD, 1/14/73*

CC-MR. MILLER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/FWT/als

On the evening of June 15, 1950, DAVID GREENGLASS furnished the following signed statement:

"New York, New York
June 15, 1950

"I, David Greenglass, make the following statement to John W. Lewis and Leo H. Frutkin, who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I make this statement freely and voluntarily and have been advised of my right not to make a statement and that I have a right to an attorney. I understand that this statement may be used against me in a court of law.

"I was born March 3, 1922, at New York City and presently reside at 265 Rivington Street, New York City.

"On or about November 29, 1944, my wife, Ruth, arrived in New Mexico from New York City and told me that Julius Rosenberg, my brother-in-law, had asked if I would give information on the Atom Bomb and stated as a reason for that that we are at war with Germany and Japan and that they are the enemy and that Soviet Russia was fighting the enemy and was entitled to the information. On that basis, I agreed to give whatever information came to me in the course of my employment at Los Alamos, New Mexico, at the Los Alamos Atom Bomb Project. This message, which my wife conveyed to me, was not her own idea but was an idea given to her by Julius Rosenberg. She told me at the time that a man would contact me later for information about the Los Alamos Atom Bomb Project.

"About February, 1945, my wife moved to Albuquerque, New Mexico, from New York City. Three or four months later she had a miscarriage. Approximately a month after that time, a man came to the place where Ruth was living, 209 North High Street, Albuquerque, New Mexico. I did not know this man's name.

65-59028-487

ENCLOSURE

45

"at the time but recently recognized his pictures in various newspapers as being Harry Gold. He had with him a torn or cut piece of paper card which fitted a torn piece of paper card furnished me as a means of identifying this man. I cannot recall at this time whether this torn piece of card was given to me by my wife, Ruth, at the time she moved to Albuquerque, New Mexico, from New York about February, 1945, or whether I received it from Julius Rosenberg while I was in New York City on furlough between about December 20, 1944, and January 20, 1945. Gold gave me an envelope containing \$500. Gold said to me that I was living in a poor place at the time he gave me the \$500. I furnished him with information concerning the Los Alamos Project, although I did not do it for the promise of money. I gave him a list of names of persons who were working at Los Alamos who, I thought, could be approached for information. They were names of both soldiers and civilians, to the best of my recollection. I felt it was gross negligence on the part of the United States not to give Russia the information about the Atom Bomb because she was an ally.

"I think that I gave Gold a sketch of a high-explosive lens mold, or something of that type of thing, which was an experiment to study implosion effects on a steel tube to understand the effect it would have on uranium so it could be determined how they could arrive at a critical mass that would not explode before detonation.

"I have furnished a rough penciled sketch of a portion of the above-mentioned high-explosive implosion test to F.B.I. Agents.

"I also furnished Gold with information concerning the identity of a world-famous scientist, who was working at Los Alamos under an assumed name. I also furnished the information to Gold that Oppenheimer was working at Los Alamos and that Kistiakowsky was working at Los Alamos.

"Gold told me that he would come back to see me again and I agreed to see him; however, he never contacted me again.

"My wife was not in the room at the time I received the money from Gold and at the time I gave him information about the Los Alamos Atom Bomb Project. I gave Gold the information without expecting money for it.

76

"I was inducted into the Army April 12, 1943, and was given Army Serial Number 32882473. During the summer of 1944 I was assigned to Oak Ridge, Tennessee, where I remained for about two weeks. While at Oak Ridge, Tennessee, I was given a security pep talk by someone in Military Intelligence, and at Los Alamos was furnished with a security book. I understood that all of the work being done at Los Alamos, New Mexico, was top secret. I understand that under Army regulations 'top secret' means that such information is not to be discussed with anyone even with fellow employees, except when it is necessary for the work. I was assigned to the Los Alamos Atom Bomb Project from about August, 1944, until about February, 1946, and during all that time I was a non-commissioned officer in the United States Army, having first, Grade T-5, and later, Grade T-4. I was assigned to Theta Shop at Los Alamos where I worked on high-speed cameras, lucite parts, experimental equipment, and also made up parts that could not be bought on the outside. On one occasion that I recall I handled uranium. In general, the work was in regard to the Atom Bomb but I did not know this until about a month or two after I was assigned there. I heard it among the employees at the Los Alamos Project.

"I recall that I had a leave of five days in late November, 1944, and that my wife, who had arrived in Albuquerque for my wedding anniversary celebration, came on or about November 29, 1944. I also recall that I had a furlough from about December 30, 1944 to about January 20, 1945, and I spent my furlough time in New York City.

"I have read the above statement consisting of this page and three preceding pages and state it is the truth to the best of my knowledge. No promises or threats or coercion of any kind were used to obtain this statement.

/s/ "DAVID GREENGLASS

"Witnesses

/s/ "JOHN W. LEWIS, Special Agent
Federal Bureau of Investigation NYC
/s/ "LEO H. FRUTKIN, Special Agent
Federal Bureau of Investigation"

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042 RUT/CJS

INTERVIEW WITH MRS. DAVID (RUTH) GREENGLASS

On June 16, 1950, Mrs. DAVID (RUTH) GREENGLASS was interviewed by Special Agents RAYMOND P. WORTH and EDWIN R. TULLY at the Gouverneur Hospital New York City. The interview with Mrs. GREENGLASS began at 1:35 P.M. in the library at Gouverneur Hospital after Dr. H. E. BAUER, Superintendent of the hospital, advised that Mrs. GREENGLASS was well enough to be interviewed and was in fact being released from the hospital on that date. In the presence of the interviewing agents, Dr. BAUER asked Mrs. GREENGLASS if she was willing to be interviewed by the FBI and when she replied in the affirmative, Dr. BAUER made arrangements to have her transported from the ward to the library on the second floor in the hospital.

Mrs. GREENGLASS was advised that she did not have to talk to the interviewing agents if she did not so desire and that she had the right to consult with an attorney before answering any questions and further anything she said could be used against her in court. Mrs. GREENGLASS declared that she was perfectly willing to talk with the agents.

She advised that she will be married to DAVID GREENGLASS eight years this coming November. She said the first occasion she had to visit her husband in Albuquerque, New Mexico, was in November, 1944 when she and her husband celebrated their wedding anniversary, the date of the anniversary being November 29. Mrs. GREENGLASS stated that on the occasion of her visit to Albuquerque in November, 1944, she remained there around five days and then returned to New York City.

In about March, 1945, she moved to Albuquerque, New Mexico, to be near her husband who was stationed with the United States Army at Los Alamos. She said that while in Albuquerque she resided at approximately six different addresses. She recalled living at North Fifth Street, address unknown, and North Eighth Street, address unknown. However, she said that most of the time she lived at 209 North High Street in Albuquerque. She recalled that her husband was a T-4 in the Army at the time.

She recalled that a man named FREEMAN was the owner of 209 North High Street and described him as being about 50 or 60 years of age with a stocky build. She said that FREEMAN'S wife was a teacher. She described 209 North High Street as a two story house with a basement.

Mrs. GREENGLASS stated that she secured a job with the OPA in Albuquerque and worked for the OPA most of the time that she resided in Albuquerque. She recalled that she had worked for Soil Conservation for

65-59028-487

about two or three weeks. She said that the only money she received while in Albuquerque was that from her salary and from the allotment received from the government for being the wife of a soldier. She denied receiving money from any other source during her stay in Albuquerque.

Mrs. GREENGLASS denied that HARRY GOLD visited her or DAVID, her husband, in Albuquerque. She denied knowing HARRY GOLD or FRANK KESSLER or FRANK MARTIN. She said she never saw HARRY GOLD before his photograph appeared in the newspapers after his arrest. She said she never recognized HARRY GOLD as anyone she knew or met by any other name.

Mrs. GREENGLASS was confronted with the facts that her husband had admitted to the FBI that HARRY GOLD had visited the GREENGLASSES at 209 North High Street in Albuquerque. She stated that she would have to talk with her husband before she would believe that he furnished such information. She was confronted with the fact that HARRY GOLD and her husband, DAVID, had in separate interviews independently confirmed GOLD'S visit to the GREENGLASSES in Albuquerque in the spring of 1945. She then advised that she would not answer any further questions concerning her husband. She said she would not believe any such admissions by her husband unless he himself told her so.

The ambulance that was to take Mrs. GREENGLASS home was outside the hospital and subsequently the interview was terminated at approximately 3:05 P.M.

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DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/PWT/cl5

DAVID GREENGLASS, 265 Rivington Street, New York City, advised the writer that while he was a member of the United States Army he was assigned to the Los Alamos project in July or August, 1944, under Mr. FITZPATRICK, who was the section leader. He recalled that he worked in the machine shop at Los Alamos, and that on one occasion he had some work done on an uranium hemisphere in this shop, which work was performed by CHARLES SHROEDER. He stated that he looked and touched this piece of uranium hemisphere out of curiosity, but that he never had any in his possession, and he never removed any uranium hemispheres or normal uranium from the Los Alamos project.

He stated that he saw hemispheres of various sizes in the technical area and in the laboratories which he believes were probably referred to

65-59028-487

tuballoy hemispheres, but that he was never in the tuballoy shop at Los Alamos. He stated that he never removed any of the above mentioned materials and he had no knowledge of anyone else having done so.

October 27, 1973

REC-26

65-59028-487

EX-112

Mr. Alvin H. Goldstein
Producer
National Public Affairs Center
for Television

955 L'Enfant Plaza North, S. W.
Washington, D. C. 20024

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/PW/CL

Dear Mr. Goldstein:

Reference is made to your letter of October 1st, with enclosures, and telephone conversations on September 26th and October 15th with Special Agent Richard C. Dennis, Jr., of the Freedom of Information Act Unit.

Per your request, we are limiting our initial consideration in this matter to the January and June, 1950, interviews of David Greenglass and a June, 1950, interview of Ruth Greenglass.

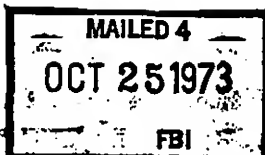
Based on our review of these statements within the guidelines of Attorney General Order 528-73, it is our opinion their release would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy of David and Ruth Greenglass. Consequently, we have decided not to make these documents available to you.

You may appeal my decision in this matter by writing the Attorney General, Attention: Office of Legal Counsel, Washington, D. C. 20530. Additionally, judicial review is thereafter available in the District of Columbia, the location of the records to which you seek access.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director



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Asst. Dir. _____
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Comp. Syst. _____
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Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

- 1 - Office of the Deputy Attorney General - Enclosures (3)
1 - Mr. E. S. Miller (detached)
1 - Bufile 62-115530 (FOI REPLIES) (detached)
NOTE: See G. E. Malmfeldt to Mr. Franck memorandum dated 10-25-73 captioned "Freedom of Information Act Request - Alvin H. Goldstein."
RD:law (9)

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CENTER
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Director Sec'y	_____

October 1, 1973

Mr. Clarence M. Kelley
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Kelley:

In response to your letter dated September 21, 1973, attached is a list of specific material requested for clearance.

I have been in contact with Mr. Dennis of your department and am encouraged with the cooperative attitude of your department pursuant to Attorney General Order 528-73.

Cordially yours,

Alvin H. Goldstein
Producer

D.C. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/PWT/pls

ENCLOSURE

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EX-112

21 DIRECTOR

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OCT 31 1973

CORRESPONDENCE

LEGAL COUNSEL

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Malmfeldt to French
memo 10/18/73
2D:lan

1945 card on Feb. 11, 1960.

DAVID GREENGLASS and RUTH GREENGLASS:

- *1 Report of FBI interrogation of David Greenglass at his home, 265 Rivington St., N.Y. City, in Feb. 1950.
- 2 Reports relating to the FBI surveillance of David Greenglass in spring 1950.
- *3 Reports on the FBI interrogation of David Greenglass at his home and at FBI offices on June 15-16, 1950, and on the search of his home with an inventory of material found. The statement of David Greenglass given to the FBI during the late evening of June 15 and the early morning of June 16, 1950.
- *4 Report on the FBI interrogation of Ruth Greenglass at hospital, June 16, 1950.
- 5 All other statements and FBI interrogation reports of David Greenglass from June 17, 1950 to March 5, 1951.
- 6 All other statements and FBI interrogation reports of Ruth Greenglass from June 17, 1950 to March 5, 1951--including Ruth's first statement given by her on July 16 or 17, 1950.
- 7 Investigative reports, documents, and records relating to any aspect of the Greenglasses' finances and sources of income, including ~~their~~ their accounts and transactions at the Albuquerque Trust and Savings Bank (obtain both signature card and ledger sheet), First National Bank of Albuquerque (2 accounts; April 30 an active one), Public National Bank, Delancey and Orchard St., N.Y., Manufacturers Trust Co., 376 Grand St., N.Y., Corn Exchange Bank and Trust Co., 453 East 86th St., N.Y. Also records and documents relating to the Greenglasses of the Division of Loans and Currency, Chicago Branch, U.S. Treasury Dept.
- 8 Reports relating to the obtaining of Greenglass negatives on Jan. 19,

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* Given to Mr. Dennis by phone.

ENCLOSURE

65-59028-488

MATERIAL TO BE REQUESTED FROM THE FBI

KLAUS FUCHS:

- 1 Report on the interrogation of Klaus Fuchs during the latter part of May 1950 by FBI agents at London's Wormwood Scrubs Prison.

HARRY GOLD:

- 1 Statements of Harry Gold and FBI reports and teletype messages regarding his interrogation from May 15, 1950 ~~to~~ through June 16, 1950. (If this material is too voluminous, we might ask for statements and reports relating to Klaus Fuchs, a G.I. or Greenglass, and any New Mexico trips, but if practicable it probably would be best to see everything from this period.)
- 2 Statements of Harry Gold and FBI reports on his interrogation from June 17, 1950 to July 17, 1950 relating to Fuchs, the Greenglasses, Julius Rosenberg, and any aspect of the 1945 trips to New Mexico.
- 3 Employment records of Gold from Pennsylvania Sugar Co., including records of absences and company travels.
- 4 Any records or documents whatsoever relating to trips made by Gold in 1945, including records of his stay at the Palmer House, Chicago, in Sept. 1945 and a telegram sent by him from Albuquerque or elsewhere to Philadelphia or elsewhere in Sept. 1945 requesting money.
- 5 All FBI reports and records relating to the obtaining by the FBI on May 23, 1950 of Harry Gold's registration card at the Hotel Hilton, Albuquerque, dated Sept. 19, 1945. All FBI reports and records relating to Gold's registration card at the Hotel Hilton, Albuquerque, dated June 3, 1945. Also, all memos, reports, records etc. relating to the return of the original of the June 3, 1945 registration card to the Hotel Hilton on Aug. 4, 1951 and its destruction in 1957. All memos, reports, records etc. relating to the FBI's destruction of the Sept. 19,

SECOND BATCH OF FBI MATERIAL

- 1 Statements and interrogation reports of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moscowitz in New York City, May 1950.
- 2 Statements by and reports on the interrogation of Elizabeth Bentley in 1950-51 relating to phone conversations with or any other reference to a "Julius."
 - a) Any statements by and interrogation reports of Bentley in or about fall 1945 in which she referred to a "Julius." If none exist, the any such statements or reports referring to a "Julius" made after fall 1945 but prior to 1950.
- 3 Statements by and reports on the interrogation of Max Elitcher in 1950-51, including July 20, 1950, July 21, 1950, Oct. 23, 1950.
- 4 Statements by and reports on the interrogation of Morrell Dougherty, Tom Black, Helene Elitcher, Mr. and Mrs. W.B. Freeman, Wendell Marshman, Vivian Glassman, Ann Sidorovich, Robert Heineman, Kristel Heineman, Constantine Themistocles (sp.), Alfred Sarant, Joel Barr, Ben Yelsey, Ben Abrams." Also, information on the whereabouts of Joel Barr and Alfred Sarant when last known.
- 5 FBI report and inventory regarding the search of Harry Gold's home in Philadelphia in May or June 1947.
- 6 FBI report and inventory regarding the search of Harry Gold's home in Philadelphia on June 3 and June 6, 1950.

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1951, from Irving Rose, Hollywood Photo Studio, 130 Clinton St., N.Y.
Reports relating to obtaining of Greenglass photos on Jan. 26, 1951.
Access to all such negatives and photos.

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2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236-2442

☐ For your information: _____

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65-59028 Serial NR dated 10/25/73

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236 - 2445

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3 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236 - 2445

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2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236 - 2446

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Franck

DATE: 12-14-73

FROM : G. E. Malmfeldt

SUBJECT: FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT REQUEST - ALVIN H. GOLDSTEIN

Assoc. Dir. _____
Asst. Dir. _____
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Director's Sec'y _____

On 12-12-73, Mrs. Doris Meissner, White House Fellow, Office of the Acting Attorney General, contacted SA Richard C. Dennis, Jr., Freedom of Information Act Unit, requesting information concerning the relationship between the Greenglasses and the FBI. Acting Attorney General Robert H. Bork is currently considering the appeal of Alvin Goldstein for three interviews of David and Ruth Greenglass. We have indicated our opposition to the release of these documents in memoranda to the Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, dated 11-20-73 and 12-7-73. Mrs. Meissner stated Mr. Bork wanted to know whether or not representations had been made by the FBI to the Greenglasses concerning their privacy. A file review of Bufile 65-59028 and a discussion with SA James E. Freaney of our New York Office were conducted pursuant to this inquiry and our relations with the Greenglasses are set forth in the attached letter.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached letter be approved and forwarded to the Acting Attorney General.

Enclosure - Sent 12-14-73 edm

- 1 - Mr. Franck - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Wannall - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Mintz - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Malmfeldt

RD:law (6)

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DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042 PWT/oks

Acting Attorney General

December 14, 1973

Director, FBI

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT REQUEST - ALVIN H. GOLDSTEIN

Reference is made to a telephone conversation between Mrs. Doris Meissner, White House Fellow, Office of the Acting Attorney General, and Special Agent Richard C. Dennis, Jr., Freedom of Information Act Unit, on December 12, 1973. Pursuant to the above, a file search was caused to be made in an effort to ascertain further details for the Acting Attorney General concerning the relationship between the FBI and the Greenglasses.

This review indicated the FBI did not participate in the actual setting up of the cover for David and Ruth Greenglass. Ruth Greenglass had her surname changed legally while her husband was still in prison and upon his release, David Greenglass likewise had his surname changed legally. However, Special Agent James E. Freaney of our New York Office advised on December 14, 1973, this procedure was suggested by the FBI at the approximate time of the Rosenberg trial in order to halt the harassment the Greenglass family was beginning to receive.

Special Agent Freaney is the current contact of the New York Office with the Greenglasses. He stated the FBI has assisted the Greenglasses on many occasions, including the obtaining of a passport and driver's license for David Greenglass under his new name. Further, Special Agent Freaney indicated he has represented to the Greenglasses in the past that the FBI would do all it could to aid in the maintaining of their privacy. He pointed out that in many recorded interviews, David Greenglass provided information about individuals and alleged espionage activities. Special Agent Freaney voiced his concern that it would be most difficult to delete such information from these interviews in a manner which would adequately insulate David Greenglass from civil suit.

- 1 - Mr. Franck (detached)
- 1 - Mr. Wannall (detached)
- 1 - Mr. Mintz (detached)

NOTE: See G-3. Malmfeldt to Mr. Franck memorandum dated 12-14-73 captioned, "Freedom of Information Act Request - Alvin H. Goldstein."

RD:law (8)

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The Acting Attorney General

In summary, the FBI has had a close relationship with the Greenglasses since the time of the Rosenberg trial. Consequently, we feel the release of these interviews would violate the trust which exists between them and the FBI and would place information in the public domain which might cause them further untold difficulties.

1 - Office of The Deputy Attorney General

Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel

Director, FBI

December 7, 1973

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/PWT/JS

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT REQUEST - ALVIN H. GOLDSTEIN

Reference is made to telephone conversations between Assistant Attorney General Robert G. Dixon and Inspector In Charge John A. Mintz, Office of Legal Counsel, and Mr. Dixon and Special Agent Richard C. Dennis, Jr., Freedom of Information Act Unit, on December 6, 1973.

We make the following observations concerning Mr. Goldstein's letter addressed to Mr. Robert Dixon dated December 5, 1973.

[REDACTED]

We must also point out Professor Allen Weinstein has requested these same interviews and has indicated the materials he receives from us would be made available to other researchers.

[REDACTED]

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- 1 - Mr. Franck (detached)
- 1 - Mr. Miller (detached)
- 2 - Mr. Mintz (detached)

DEC 7 - 1973

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NOTE: See G. E. Malmfeldt to Mr. Franck memorandum dated 12-7-73 captioned "Freedom of Information Act Request - Alvin H. Goldstein."

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FARRINGTON 4706

Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel

Due to the great amount of publicity this case is
currently receiving, [REDACTED]

Further, it is also noted that the Greenglasses testified at
the Rosenberg trial for the Government. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Further, it also should be
pointed out he described his appeal in terms of "files of
David and Ruth Greenglass." At this juncture, however, he
has been denied access to only three specific interviews
and his appeal concerns only those documents. In summary,
[REDACTED]

Mr. Goldstein.



NATIONAL
PUBLIC AFFAIRS
CENTER
FOR TELEVISION

955 L'ENFANT PLAZA NORTH, S.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 484-1500

~~November 6, 1973~~

December 5, 1973

We have reviewed
2089. pgs

OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL

RECEIVED
DEC 6 12 26 PM '73

Mr. Robert Dixon
Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Dixon:

Pursuant to our meeting today concerning our appeal on a ruling by the Federal Bureau of Investigation concerning the release of files of David and Ruth Greenglass.

This is to advise you that should the bureau files in question be made available to us we will not reveal, in our broadcast, the present names of the Greenglasses. We will further do everything possible to protect their privacy in the future. I might point out that the information concerning their present identity did not come from the bureau nor any government source, but from our own research. In the event our appeal is turned down, and we choose to make known our findings, we agree to clearly state our sources for these findings, namely records on public file in the city of New York. This should clearly protect the bureau from any unwarranted assumption that the bureau had any role in making known the Greenglasses whereabouts.

Thank you for your consideration.

Suggest we mention
our current position
of not making interview
available yet

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/PWT/CS

Cordially,

Alvin Goldstein
Alvin Goldstein
Producer

cc: Edmund D. Campbell

65-59028-490

ack letter to O.L.C.
12/7/73
RD: LAW

8- JCF

ENCLOSURE

Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel

November 20, 1973

Director, FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042 PWT/CK

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT REQUEST - ALVIN H. GOLDSTEIN

Reference is made to a discussion on November 8, 1973, between Departmental Attorney Savery Gradoville, Office of Legal Counsel, and a representative of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Unit of the FBI concerning captioned matter. Mr. Goldstein was denied access to three interviews of David and Ruth Greenglass by letter dated October 25, 1973, and has additional requests pending which we are currently processing.

For your information, David Greenglass testified for the Government at the Rosenberg trial, pleaded guilty to espionage charges, and received a 15 year sentence. His wife, Ruth Greenglass, was named a co-conspirator, testified at the trial, but was not indicted. Subsequent to David Greenglass' release from prison, the Greenglasses changed their name and have lived in anonymity since that time. The first interview Mr. Goldstein is seeking is of David Greenglass at 265 Livingston Street, New York City, and was conducted in January, 1950. It concerned a theft of Government property investigation, and has nothing to do with the Rosenberg case. It is our view at that point in time, David Greenglass was not a figure of historical interest and, therefore, this interview does not come within the purview of Attorney General Order 528-73. The other two interviews are the initial statements given us by David and Ruth Greenglass in connection with our investigation concerning the Rosenberg case.

David and Ruth Greenglass have been in contact with our New York Office indicating they are aware a television documentary about the Rosenberg case is being produced and that they are concerned their attorney, O. John Rogge, would reveal their current names and address. Rogge represented the Greenglasses at the Rosenberg trial.

- 1 - Mr. Franck (detached)
- 1 - Mr. Miller (detached)
- 1 - Mr. Mintz (detached)

NOTE: See G. E. Mainfeldt to Mr. Franck memorandum dated 11-20-73 captioned "Freedom of Information Act Request - Alvin H. Goldstein."
RD:law ((8))

65-59028-490

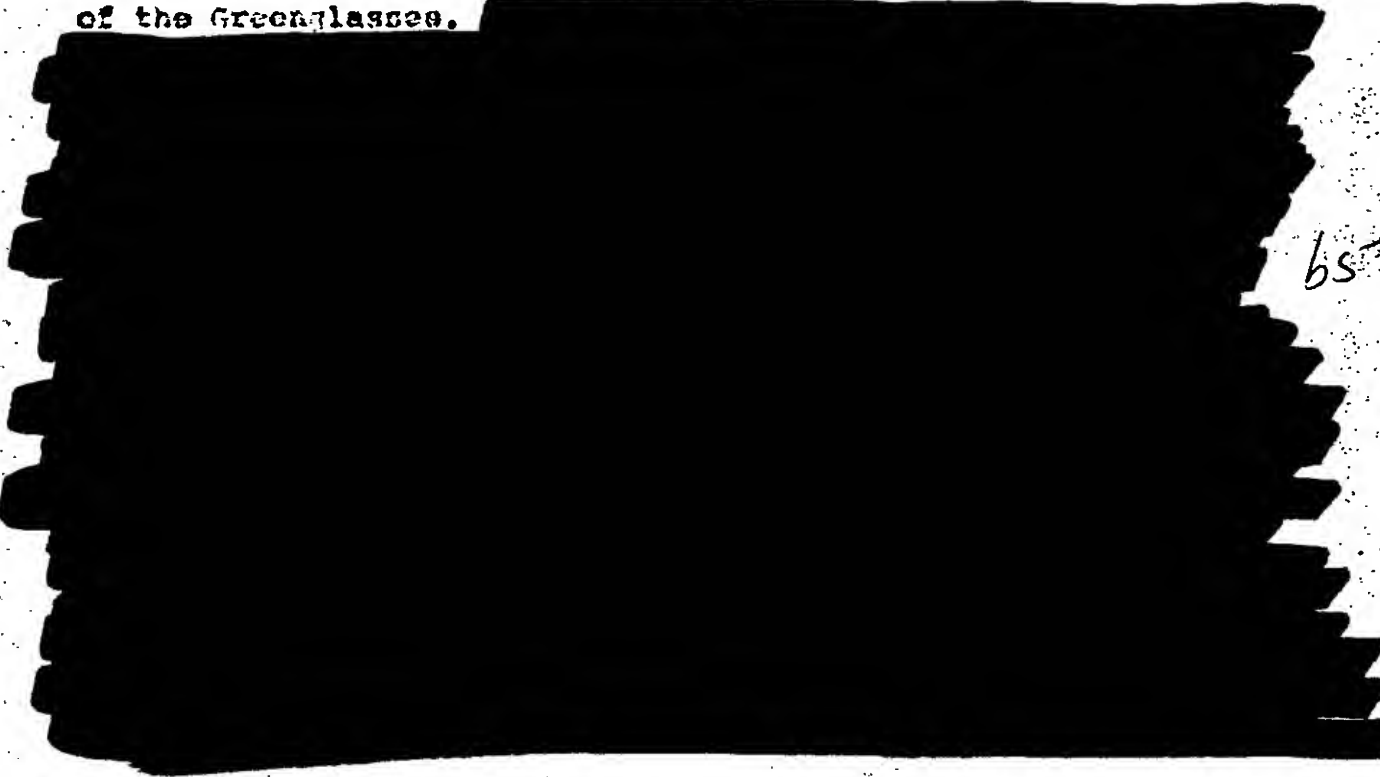
ENCLOSURE

**Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel**

They told our New York Office that Sonja had advised them to cooperate with the television people and that Goldstein knew their current surname. Sonja also told them they had been secretly photographed at their home by the Public Broadcasting Service affiliate in New York. The Greenglasses stated emphatically in their conversation with our New York Office that they would not appear on any television program and would not cooperate in any way. They pointed out that their daughter is to be married soon and any exposure from the program would be disastrous to their plans.

Ruth Greenglass advised our New York Office by letter dated November 3, 1973, that they had received a communication from Alvin Goldstein at their current address, revealing he was indeed cognizant of their new identity. She reiterated they had no interest in cooperating with him.

We realize that the release of these documents to Mr. Goldstein in itself would not jeopardize the new identity of the Greenglasses.



bs

**Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel**

Because the Greenglasses have attempted to lead their lives in anonymity, it is our view a release of these interviews to Mr. Goldstein would constitute an unwarranted invasion of their privacy should their identities become known. With regard to the Greenglasses' desire for anonymity, it should be noted Ethel Rosenberg was David Greenglass' sister and her conviction was the direct result of his testimony.

In view of the recent decision, Weisberg v. United States Department of Justice, there is no statutory mandate or case law which directs us to release these documents. The only directive lies in Attorney General Order 528-73 which places the release of FBI documents at the sole discretion of the Attorney General.

[REDACTED]

b5

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Franck *RRF/gre*

DATE: 12-7-73

FROM : G. E. Malmfeldt *gem*

SUBJECT: FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT REQUEST - ALVIN H. GOLDSTEIN

DAVID GREENGLASS

Reference is made to a memorandum from the Director to the Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, dated 11-20-73, captioned as above.

Mr. Robert G. Dixon, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, requested on 12-6-73 that he be furnished our comments concerning a letter directed to him dated 12-5-73 from Alvin H. Goldstein. He initially requested our views be furnished him by 6 p.m. on 12-6-73. However, pursuant to a telephone call from Inspector In Charge John A. Mintz, he extended this deadline until 12-7-73.

It is the opinion of the Freedom of Information Act Unit that we should continue to oppose the release of the documents to Mr. Goldstein for the reasons set forth in attached memorandum.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached memorandum be approved and forwarded to the Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel.

Enclosure - sent 12-7-73 *gem*

- 1 - Mr. Franck - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Miller - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Mintz - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Malmfeldt

RD:law (6)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2-3-80 BY 6022 PWT/015

58 JAN 8 1974

REC-87

65-59028-491

5 DEC 13 1973

XEROX
JAN 7 1974

CORRESPONDENCE

DEC 13 1973

Assoc. Dir. _____
Asst. Dir. _____
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Lab. _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

91-44974-1
-5281-99
-7225

RECORDED AND INDEXED IN 66-7225

LU:SMG:ch

DEC 6 1973

Assoc. Dir.	
Asst. Dir.:	
Admin.	
Comp. Syst.	
Ext. Affairs	
Files & Com.	
Gen. Inv.	
Ident.	
Inspection	
Intell.	
Laboratory	
Plan. & Eval.	
Spec. Inv.	
Training	
Legal Coun.	
Telephone Rm.	
Director Sec'y	

cc: Files
Mrs. Gauf
Mr. Lindenbaum
Miss Gradoville
Mr. Saloschin
Mrs. Hauser

Mr. Alvin H. Goldstein
Producer
National Public Affairs Center
for Television
955 L'Enfant Plaza North, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20024

Dear Mr. Goldstein:

David Greenglass

This refers to your letter dated November 7, 1973 appealing to the Attorney General from a denial of access to Justice Department records.

We had hoped that the Attorney General would be able to act upon your appeal within 20 working days, which would expire on December 6, 1973, or more rapidly if practicable. However, it appears from our preliminary study of your appeal that novel and difficult questions are involved. Because our practice in processing appeals is to give them careful consideration and not merely perfunctory review, it seems unlikely that the Attorney General will be able to act on your appeal by the expiration date mentioned above. Accordingly, we are notifying you on behalf of the Attorney General that, pursuant to section 16.7 of the Department's Freedom of Information Regulations, as revised (38 F.R. 4391 of Feb. 14, 1973), the time for his final action on your appeal is hereby extended, and that you may expect a final response to be dispatched to you on or before December 31, 1973.

We regret the necessity for this extension, and hope that you will accept our assurance that your appeal will receive as prompt and careful attention as circumstances and our available resources permit.

Sincerely,

EX-110

Leon Ulman

Deputy Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legal Counsel

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/207-105

XEROX

JAN 8 1974

CC made for FOIA Unit
12/11/73
JEF
36
60 JAN 12 1974

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN
94-44974-118-53
cc: 9/11/73
5-11-73

RB:RGD:RLS:SMG:rmd

DEC 26 1973

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/PWT/CLS

Edmund D. Campbell, Esquire
322 Southern Building
Washington, D. C. 20005

Dear Mr. Campbell:

This letter responds to your November 7, 1973 appeal from Director Kelley's denial of your request for the FBI records of three interviews and a signed statement of David and Ruth Greenglass dating from February and June of 1950. The denial was based on exemption 7 of the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)), protecting investigatory files compiled for law enforcement purposes. These records are portions of the FBI's investigation of the espionage activities of the Greenglasses and the Rosenbergs.

After very careful consideration I have concluded that your request for access to these records should be denied at this time.

The records in question are clearly exempted by the statute from compulsory disclosure because they comprise investigatory files compiled for law enforcement purposes. The question, therefore, is one of administrative discretion, as outlined in the Department's "Policy Regarding Criteria for Discretionary Access to Investigatory Records of Historical Interest", 28 C.F.R. 50.8, 38 Fed. Reg. 19029, July 17, 1973.

EX-111
RECEIVED
FBI
RECORDED

EX-111

REC-8

65-59028-493

18 JAN 18 1974

38 JAN 22 1974

perox copy made for TOTA Unit
1/9/74
OK to file 1/17/74

cc: Mr. Bo
Mr. Di
Mr. UL
Ms. La
Mr. Sa
Ms. Gr
Ms. Ga
File

Assoc. Dir.
Asst. Dir.:
Admin.
Comp. Syst.
Ext. Affairs
Files & Com.
Gen. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell. W.
Laboratory
Plan. & Eval.
Spec. Inv.
Training
Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

out
12/27/73

Branson
JF

gh

The criteria in the Policy Statement provide for the deletion of ". . . matter involving an unwarranted invasion of privacy, or other matter which may be used adversely to affect private persons". 28 C.F.R. 50.8(c)(3). This language, while in part similar to that in exemption 6 of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552(b)(6), refers only to material which is independently exempted from compulsory disclosure under exemption 7 of that Act.

The situation of the Greenglasses raises the problem of privacy and related interests in very serious form. The present Policy Statement does not contain criteria for balancing these interests against the interest in disclosure. Until such criteria are developed it would be wrong to make a final decision in favor of releasing documents. An improper release might do damage that could never be repaired. Should disclosure be the proper course, however, that could be accomplished later. I have directed our Freedom of Information Committee to begin work on the development of the necessary additional criteria immediately.

The decision not to release at this time is also influenced by considerations relating to preservation of the effectiveness of the Department's law enforcement functions, a concern mentioned several times in the Statement. Release at this time and under these circumstances might have a serious chilling effect on the willingness of potential informants to confide in the FBI.

Problems of this kind involve the reconciliation of several important but competing values. That reconciliation may be accomplished more satisfactorily perhaps after the additional criteria that should guide the Department in cases of discretionary release have been examined and articulated. There have been and will be cases where release can go forward without awaiting that clarification, but the present case is peculiarly difficult.

That being so I have, as already noted, given some weight to the fact that a possible error in withholding can be remedied in the future while an erroneous release would have effects beyond the power of recall.

Sincerely,

Robert H. Bork

Robert H. Bork
Acting Attorney General

FBI

Date: 1/31/74

W. R. Miller

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)
(ATT: EXTERNAL AFFAIRS DIVISION, FOIA UNIT)
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)
SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS aka
ESP-R
(OO:New York)

Bratton

4

Re NY teletype 1/29/74.

On 1/31/74.

[REDACTED]

b7D

The Bureau's attention is drawn to the fact

[REDACTED]

b7D

EX-104

REC-24

65-59028-494

2 Bureau (RM)
1-New York

JEF:ms
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2-3-86 BY 3042/PWT/CLB

21 FEB 2 1974

CORRESPONDENCE
FEB 5 1974

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

54 FEB 20 1974

106

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Assoc. Dir.	
Asst. Dir.:	
Admin.	
Comp. Syst.	
Ext. Affairs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Files & Com.	
Gen. Inv.	
Ident.	
Inspection	
Laboratory	
Plan. & Eval.	
Spec. Inv.	
Training	
Legal Coun.	
Telephone Rm.	
Director Sec'y	

NR26 NY CODE

JAN 29 1974

1030 PM NITEL 1/29/74 CJC

TELETYPE

TO DIRECTOR (65-59028)

(ATTN: EXTERNAL AFFAIRS DIVISION)

FROM NEW YORK (65-15336)

DAVID GREENGLASS AKA: ESP-R (OO: NY)

RE NY AIRTEL, NOVEMBER 8, 1973.

ON JANUARY 29, 1974, RUTH GREENGLASS TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED THE NYO AND ADVISED SHE AND DAVID GREENGLASS, HER HUSBAND, HAD WATCHED THE ABC TELEVISION SPECIAL ON THE TRIAL OF JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG ON JANUARY 28, 1974. AFTER THE PROGRAM, THEY WERE DEPRESSED BECAUSE IT WAS A PERIOD IN THEIR LIVES THEY WERE ATTEMPTING TO FORGET.

MRS. GREENGLASS STATED THE PURPOSE OF HER CALL WAS TO INDICATE THAT DAVID AND SHE WERE MORE CONCERNED ABOUT THE FORTHCOMING CHANNEL 13 TV SPECIAL WHICH IS SCHEDULED FOR FEBRUARY 25 OR 27TH NEXT. AS REPORTED, THE PRODUCER OF THIS SHOW, ALVIN GOLDSTEIN, KNOWS BOTH THEIR CURRENT NAME AND ADDRESS. DAVID IS CONCERNED THAT ANY EXPOSURE OF THEIR CURRENT LOCATION AND IDENTITY MIGHT ENDANGER RUTH AND HIM.

END PAGE ONE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12-3-80 BY 3012 PWT/CSJ

50 MAR 4 1974

Handwritten: Attached
Div. 8
TJH

Handwritten: OK to file
8. FAD/BGTON

Handwritten: DFE
Henson
ref

REC-15

65-59028-495

FEB 27 1974

EX-110

PAGE TWO

HE REMINDED HER THE SOVIET INTELLIGENCE AGENCIES HAVE LONG MEMORIES AND FOR THEM TO TAKE RETRIBUTIVE ACTION WAS NOT BEYOND THE REALM OF POSSIBILITY. DAVID HAS SUGGESTED THAT FOR THE EVENING OF THE SHOW AND PERHAPS THE NEXT DAY OR TWO THEY SHOULD MOVE TO A MOTEL.

MRS. GREENGLASS INQUIRED WHETHER THE BUREAU HAD ANY KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE FORMAT OF THE PROGRAM AND WHETHER THEIR CURRENT NAME OR RESIDENCE WOULD BE DISCLOSED. SHE POINTED OUT THEY CANNOT GO TO THE NEW YORK POLICE IN THIS MATTER AS THIS WOULD ONLY FURTHER RISK EXPOSURE.

MRS. GREENGLASS WAS ADVISED THAT THE NYO, WHEN IT LEARNED THE EXACT DATE OF THE PROGRAM, WOULD INFORM HER. FURTHER IF IT CAME TO OUR ATTENTION THAT THEY ARE BEING IDENTIFIED, WE WILL ALSO LET HER KNOW.

NEW YORK WILL ATTEMPT TO LEARN THE EXACT DATE OF THE PROGRAM.

END

FBIHQ FLC ACK FR FOUR TELS TU AND CLR

~~HOLD~~

cc. Intell div

108

February 18, 1974

Director Clarence M. Kelley
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042 PWT/AS

Dear Mr. Kelley:

I hereby formally request that the Bureau furnish me materials related to the case of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. This would include papers relating to the Rosenbergs, to David and Ruth Greenglass, to Max Elitcher, Harry Gold, Klaus Fuchs, and Anatoli A. Yakovlev. In addition, I am requesting papers relating to Abraham Brothman and Oscar Vago; these would, I believe, provide background information and may relate directly to the Rosenberg Case.

I am presently engaged in a historical and sociological study of the Rosenberg Case, and of the social and legal climate within which it took place. I am an associate professor of Sociology at Douglass College, Rutgers University, presently on a one year leave for the purpose of pursuing this research effort. I expect my work to result in the publication of scientific papers for sociological journals and a book.

I have already requested and received cooperation from the Eisenhower Library, Department of Justice, and the State Department. I look forward to receiving the cooperation of your department.

Sincerely yours,

Emily Alma
Emily Alma, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
Rutgers University

EA:aa

65-59028-

NOT RECORDED
191 MAR 15 1974

MAR 13 1974

3/5 MAR 19 1974

CORRESPONDENCE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-338696-36

109

FBI

Date: 11/8/73

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59028)
 (ATT: EXTERNAL AFFAIRS DIVISION)
 FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)
 SUBJECT: DAVID GREENGLASS aka
 ESP-R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 12-3-80 BY 3012/201/101

Re NY airtel 10/12/73.

There are enclosed for the Bureau three letters sent to the NYO by [redacted] relating to the television program contemplated by Channel 13. As can be seen, ALVIN GOLDSTEIN has learned subject's current name. [redacted] telephonically advised JOHN ROGGE affirms he did not reveal it to Mr. GOLDSTEIN. GOLDSTEIN'S letter was addressed to the [redacted] at their current residence. For information.

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED
 ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

REC-47

EX-101

3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
 (1-External Affairs Division)
 1-New York

JEF:ms

(5) 11-32

NOV 10 1973

RECEIVED

JUL 25 1974

NOV 15

EX-101
 EX-101
 RECEIVED

Approved: [Signature]

58 JUL 25 1974

Special Agent in Charge

M Per

[REDACTED]
November 3, 1973 b7c

Federal Bureau of
Investigation
201 East 69th Street
New York, N. Y. 10021

PERSONAL ATTENTION: James E. Freaney, Esq. l

Dear Mr. Freaney:

In response to a letter from O. John Rogge I called him on October 11, 1973, which conversation I relayed to you that evening. I again called Mr. Rogge on October 12th to inform him that our position was unchanged and we were not at all interested.

Enclosed is a copy of a letter which I received from Mr. Goldstein which indicates there has been no communication between us, nor will there be.

I am also enclosing a copy of the letter sent to us by Mr. Rogge.

Sincerely
[REDACTED]
b7c

Enclosures

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/PWT/O/S

MILTON C. WEISMAN
EMANUEL CELLER
MURRAY C. SPETT
HOWARD S. MODLIN
SYDNEY S. WERTHEIMER
ADOLPH KAUFMAN
O. JOHN ROGGE
GEORGE M. LEHR
STANLEY SCHLESINGER
SAMUEL R. RUDEY
MILTON WAKENFELD
IRVING ROZEN
HERBERT S. KELLER
HERBERT R. BERK
ABRAHAM SHAPIRO
EMANUEL HABER
GEORGE R. RUDITZ
STEVEN A. CHERNIS
GERALD LEVINE
STEVEN P. RAYMOND

LAW OFFICES OF
WEISMAN, CELLER, SPETT, MODLIN & WERTHEIMER
425 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10022

(212) 371-5400
CABLE WEISCEL

WASHINGTON OFFICE
1025 CONNECTICUT AVE., N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20036
(202) 293-6191-2-3

October 5, 1973

[REDACTED]

b7c

Dear Ruth and David:

Please telephone me, for I want you to
come and have a visit with me.

With warm regards.

Very sincerely,

O. John Rogge

O. John Rogge

OJR:em

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/pwt/pls

112



NATIONAL
PUBLIC AFFAIRS
CENTER
FOR TELEVISION

955 L'ENFANT PLAZA NORTH, S.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 484-1500

Dear [REDACTED] b7c

I would like very much to have an opportunity to talk with you personally.

I am sensitive to your concerns and am of the belief that a personal meeting may be helpful.

I plan to be in New York next week and would like to stop by at your convenience.

I can be reached either at 202 484 1500 or at 202 333 0071. I would appreciate hearing from you.

Cordially,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'Alvin H. Goldstein'.

/Alvin H. Goldstein

October 16, 1973

cc: ojroggs

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/POT/MS

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236-2484

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 serial NR dated 9/12/74

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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
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Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236 - 2484

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 NR dated 9/20/74

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X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

_____ Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236 - 2496

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 Serial NR dated 3/12/75

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

4

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236-2496

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 serial NR dated 2/24/75

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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
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XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

_____ Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.
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8 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document in Julius Rosenberg
65-58236-2497

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
65-59028 Serial NK dated 3/13/75

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MAY 30 1975

Honorable Clarence M. Kelley, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Kelley:

We have been advised that you are in receipt of a Freedom of Information Act request identical to one received by this agency concerning files and records relating to Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, et al.

An inventory of those FBI referrals to this agency relating to Ethel Rosenberg, Julius Rosenberg, Morton Sobell, Klaus Fuchs, Harry Gold, Ruth Greenglass, David Greenglass, Max Elitcher, and Abraham Brothman is enclosed. The requestor is being advised that action taken to furnish any of these documents will rest with the FBI.

For reference purposes the initial page of these documents is also enclosed.

Sincerely,

Robert E. Tharp
Robert E. Tharp, Acting Director
Division of Safeguards and Security

Enclosures:
As stated

ENCLOSURE

65-59028-✓

NOT RECORDED

46 JUN 24 1975 4
13 JUN 3 1975

43- ENCLOSURE
ENCLOSURE ATTACHED



56 SEP 17 1975

F.O.I.A.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-2-86 BY 3042/pwt/sic

ORIGINAL FILED IN

65-59028-2515

LISTING OF FBI MATERIAL

MORTON SOBELL

- ✓ Letter to Chairman, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated August 21, 1950, re Morton Sobell
- ✓ New York report dated June 16, 1966, re Doctor Henry Linschitz
- ✓ Boston report dated August 16, 1966, re Philip Morrison

ABRAHAM BROTHMAN

- ✓ Letter to Chairman, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated August 2, 1950, re Abraham Brothman
- ✓ Letter to Director of Security, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated March 18, 1952, re Abraham Brothman

HARRY GOLD

- ✓ Letter to Chairman, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated December 19, 1950, re Harry Gold

MAX ELITCHER

- ✓ Letter to Director of Security, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated November 6, 1953, re Max Elitcher

DAVID GREENGLASS

- ✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated June 27, 1950, re David Greenglass
- ✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated June 28, 1950, re David Greenglass
- ✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated June 30, 1950, re David Greenglass
- ✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated July 6, 1950, re David Greenglass

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director; Security) from Director, FBI, dated July 12, 1950, re David Greenglass

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated July 17, 1950, re David Greenglass

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated August 25, 1950, re David Greenglass

✗ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated October 12, 1950, re David Greenglass

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated January 24, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg; Ethel Rosenberg, was.; Morton Sobell, was.; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated February 27, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg, et al; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated March 1, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg, was., et al; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated March 9, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg, et al; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated March 10, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg, was., Et Al; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated March 20, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg, et al; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated March 20, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg, was.; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated March 30, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg, et al; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to U. S. Attorney from Percy Wiley, undated, re David Greenglass

✓ Report. dated April 6, 1951, re: Julius Rosenberg; Ethel Rosenberg; Morton Sobell; David Greenglass

*Contains restricted data
per ERDA letter 7/29/75*

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated April 17, 1951, re David Greenglass, was.; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated August 2, 1951, re Thomas Feinberg; Internal Security - R

✓ Letter to Director, Security, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated March 31, 1953, re David Greenglass; Atomic Energy Act; Theft of Government Property

✓ Letter to Director, Security, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated May 19, 1953, re David Greenglass; Atomic Energy Act; Theft of Government Property

JULIUS ROSENBERG

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated November 1, 1950, re David Greenglass; Julius Rosenberg; Morton Sobell; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated January 27, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg; Et Al; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated February 19, 1951, re Julius Rosenberg; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to Director, Security, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated November 13, 1952, re Julius Rosenberg, et al.; Espionage - R

✓ Letter to Director, Security, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated December 23, 1952, re Julius Rosenberg, et al; Espionage - R

EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Intelligence and Security Office) from Director, FBI, dated October 21, 1949, re Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs, aka, Dr. Karl Fuchs

✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated February 1, 1950, re Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs

✓ Letter to Chairman, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated February 6, 1950, re Dr. Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs

127

- ✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated March 9, 1950, re Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs, was.
- ✓ Letter to Chairman, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated May 24, 1950, re Dr. Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs
- * ✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated June 2, 1950, re Dr. Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs
- * ✓ Letter to AEC (Attn: Acting Director, Security) from Director, FBI, dated June 15, 1950, re Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs
- ✓ Letter to Director, Security, AEC, from Director, FBI, dated July 27, 1962, re Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs

*Contains restricted data
per ERDA letter 7/29/75*

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3

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of Document #1 in David Greenglass
65-59028-191

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 serial NR dated 5/30/75 enclosure

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2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of Document # 2 in David Greenglass
65-59028 serial 93

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- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of Document # 3 in David Greenham
65-59028-223

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 4 in David Greenglass
65-59028 - 226

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2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 5 in Daniel Greenglass
65-59028-269

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☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
65-59028 - undated 5/30/75 enclosure

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3 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document #6 in David Greenglass
65-59028-268

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028-NR dated 5/30/75 enclosure

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document # 7 in David greenhaus
65-59028 - 313

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 8 in David Greenglass
65-59028 - 338

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 9 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236 - 664

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document #10 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236-646

☐ For your information: _____

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 11 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236-769

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document #12 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236 — 789

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 - PR dated 5/20/75 enclosure

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 13 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236-814

☐ For your information: _____

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document #14 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236-740

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of Document # 15 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236 - 819

☐ For your information: _____

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of Document # 16 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236-886

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document #17 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236-820

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of Document # 18 in T. Rosenberg
65-58236 - 847

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 - NR dated 5/30/75 enclosure

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document #19 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236-878

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-58228-NR dated 5/30/75 enclosure

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document # 20 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236 — 878

☐ For your information: _____

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Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document #21 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236 - 910

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document #22 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236-910

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document #23 in J. Rosenberg
65-58236 - 909

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
65-59022 NR dated 5/30/75 enclosure

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document #24

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

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- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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Wats
5/
April 6, 1951

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG ✓
ETHEL ROSENBERG ✓
MORTON SOBELL ✓
DAVID GREENGLASS

The above-named individuals were indicted by a Grand Jury in the Southern District of New York on January 31, 1951, for conspiracy to violate Subsection (a) of Section 32, Title 50, United States Code, in violation of Section 34, Title 50, United States Code (1946 Ed.). On February 2, 1951, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and Morton Sobell entered pleas of not guilty and David Greenglass entered a plea of guilty.

Trial of these defendants commenced on March 6, 1951, before United States District Judge Irving R. Kaufman in New York, and on March 29, 1951, the jury returned a verdict of guilty as to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and Morton Sobell. David Greenglass testified as a witness for the prosecution, and disclosed details of conspiratorial efforts to transmit atomic energy data to the USSR.

The offense of which these defendants were convicted was committed during time of war, and the maximum applicable penalty accordingly was death or imprisonment for not more than 30 years.

On April 5, 1951, Judge Kaufman imposed the following sentences:

Julius Rosenberg - death, such sentence to be carried out during the week of May 21, 1951.

Ethel Rosenberg - death, such sentence to be carried out during the week of May 21, 1951.

Morton Sobell - imprisonment for a term of 30 years.

On April 6, 1951, Judge Kaufman imposed the following sentence:

David Greenglass - imprisonment for a term of 15 years.

#25

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 26 in D. Greenglass
65-59028 — 370

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 NR dated 5/30/75 enclosure

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 27 in D. Greenglass
65-59028 - 364

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
65-59028 re dated 5/30/75 enclosure

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2 Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
document # 28

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65- 59028 NR dated 5/30/88 enclosure

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2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
Disposition of document # 29 in D. Greenglass
65-59028 — 396

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 NR dated 5/30/55 enclosure

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Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of Document # 80 in J. Grayson
65-59028 - 398

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-59028 - NR dated 5/30/75 enclosure

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FBI

Date: 9/10/75

Transmit the following in Plaintext
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59192)

ATTENTION: FOI

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (65-15336)

DAVID GREENGLASS
ESP - RALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042 PWT/CJS

ReBu phone call to NYO from Supv.
THOMAS LENAHA, FOI.Re report of SA JOHN W. LEWIS, dated
6/26/50 at New York in captioned case.Enclosed herewith for the information of
the Bureau are the stenographic notes of Steno FRANCES
DEVLIN, pertaining to the interview of GREENGLASS
on 6/15/50.The above was filed as exhibit 1B38
in the NYO file re captioned matter.

REC-20 EX 103

65-59078-497

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9/20/75
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FBI - NEW YORKApproved: Red/10
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

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SAC, New York (65-15336)

October 20, 1975

REC-20 EX 109

59028

497

Director, FBI (65-59192)

DAVID GREENGLASS

ESP - R

Re New York airtel dated 9/10/75.

Enclosures received with referenced communication were reviewed and being returned herewith for retention in New York file.

Enclosure

TWL:ms (5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-3-86 BY 3042/PWT/CLS

MAILED 9

OCT 20 1975

FBI

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Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
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Files & Com. _____
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Spec. Inv. _____
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GPO : 1975 O - 540-020



Department of Energy
Washington, D.C. 20545

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Marshall Perlin, Esq.
Attorney at Law
36 West 44th Street
New York, New York 10036

Dear Mr. Perlin:

While performing historical research not related to Meeropol vs. Levi, the U. S. Department of Energy's History Division located a folder of documents entitled "Greenglass, David" in the records of the Albuquerque Operations Office. Because I am sure you want a copy of the folder, I am sending you a duplicate copy along with our inventory. (OC)

The duplicate folder preserves the order of documents of the original folder with blue slips inserted to mark beginning and end of individual documents.

The original folder contains nine FBI documents. We have removed the FBI documents noting their appearance in the duplicate folder with cross reference sheets. We have forwarded the documents to the FBI for direct reply to you.

Sincerely,

Jack M. Holl

Enclosure
As Stated

cc: J. DiStefano, GC-23
D. Glass, DOJ

DOE
DOC

65-59028-498

FEB 22 1985

G-Thompson

AUG 14 1985 wch

INVENTORY OF GREENGLASS, DAVID FOLDER

ITEM #	DATE	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER OF PAGES
1	2/21/51	G. Dean to J. H. McGrath re Julius Rosenberg	2
2	10/11/50	D. A. Metzger to J. A. Waters re David Greenglass	3
3	9/25/50	F. Hammack to J. E. Hoover re David Greenglass	1
4	8/25/50	J. E. Hoover to J. A. Waters re David Greenglass	1
5	3/8/51	S. Newburger to J. A. Waters re Niels Bohr	1
6	2/24/51	N. Bradbury to J. Beckerley re David Greenglass	1
7	8/24/50	W. J. McElwreath to R. C. Smith re Niels Bohr	1
8	8/17/50	J. A. Waters to J. E. Hoover re David Greenglass	1
9	8/2/50	F. Hammack to J. E. Hoover re David Greenglass	6
10	2/4/44	H. K. Calvert to Area Officers re Niels Bohr	1
11	6/27/45	W. B. Parsons to Officers re Code Words and Names	3
12	8/2/50	W. J. McElwreath to F. Hammack re Greenglass Case	1
13	8/1/50	P. F. Belcher to W. J. McElwreath re Niels Bohr	2
14	7/24/50	Classified Material Receipt	1
15	7/24/50	F. Hammack to C. L. Tyler re David Greenglass	2

ENCLOSURE

65-59028-498

16	6/27/50	J. E. Hoover to F. R. Hammack re David Greenglass*	3
17	6/28/50	J. E. Hoover to F. R. Hammack re David Greenglass*	2
18	6/30/50	J. E. Hoover to F. R. Hammack re David Greenglass*	1
19	7/6/50	J. E. Hoover to F. R. Hammack re David Greenglass*	1
20	7/12/50	J. E. Hoover to F. R. Hammack re David Greenglass*	2
21	7/17/50	J. E. Hoover to F. R. Hammack re David Greenglass*	3
22	7/21/50	F. Hammack to J. E. Hoover re David Greenglass	11
23	8/23/50	Santa Fe <u>New Mexican</u> article re Julius Rosenberg	1
24	7/31/50	W. J. McElwreath to F. Hammack re Greenglass Case	1
25	7/10/50	W. J. McElwreath to F. Hammack re Greenglass Case	2
26	7/20/50	W. J. McElwreath to F. Hammack re David Greenglass	1
27	7/18/50	P. Wyly to E. M. Grantham re David Greenglass*	1
28	7/20/50	W. J. McElwreath to F. Hammack re David Greenglass	1
29	7/11/50	F. Hammack to C. L. Tyler re David Greenglass	1
30	7/11/50	F. Hammack to C. L. Tyler re David Greenglass	1
31	6/23/50	Report by L. K. Frutkin re David Greenglass*	38

*FBI Document

158